

THE NAPANEE

Vol. LIII] No 46 - E. J. POLLARD, Editor and Proprietor.

NAPANEE, ONT., CANADA—FRIDAY

THE DOMINION BANK

SIR EDMUND B. OSLER, M.P., PRESIDENT. W. D. MATTHEWS, VICE-PRESIDENT.
C. A. BOGERT, General Manager.

Trust Funds Should Be Deposited

In a Savings Account in The Dominion Bank. Such funds are safely protected, and earn interest at highest current rates. When payments are made, particulars of each transaction may be noted on the cheque issued, which in turn becomes a receipt or voucher when canceled by the bank.

NAPANEE BRANCH: G. P. REIFFENSTEIN, Manager.

MERCHANTS' BANK OF CANADA.

ESTABLISHED 1864.

Capital Paid up.....\$7,000,000
Rest and Undivided Profits... 7,248,134
Total Deposits.....50,256,044
Total Assets.....83,120,741

Savings Bank Department.

Deposits of \$1.00 and upwards received and interest at best current rate paid.
Farmers' Business Solicited and General Banking Business transacted.

Napanee Branch, E. R. CHECKLEY Mgr.

Yarker Branch, L. B. SHOREY, Mgr.

Court of Revision

A Court of Revision of the Town of Napanee will be held in the Council Chamber on THURSDAY, OCT. 29th, 1914, at 7.30 o'clock p.m., for hearing complaints against the Assessment Roll for the year 1914. All parties interested are hereby notified to attend.

W. A. GRANGE,

Clerk.

45a
Dated October 14th, 1914.

EXECUTOR'S NOTICE TO CREDITORS.

In the estate of Richard Young, deceased.

Notice is hereby given pursuant to Chapter 121, of the Statutes of Ontario, 1914, Section 56, and Amending Acts, that all persons having any claims or demands against the estate of Richard Young, late of the City of Watertown, in the State of New York, deceased, who died on or about the 26th day of January, A. D. 1913, are required to deliver or send by post prepaid to John English, Napanee, Ontario, Canada, solicitor for Charles E. Kinnutt, executor of the last will and testament of the said Richard Young, deceased, on or before the 9th day of November, A. D. 1914, their christian and surnames, addresses and descriptions, with full particulars of their claims or demands duly verified, and the nature of the security (if any) held by them. And further take notice that after the said 9th day of November, A. D. 1914, the said executor may proceed to distribute the assets of the said estate amongst the parties entitled thereto, having regard only to the claims or demands of which he shall then have received notice, and will not be responsible for the said assets, or any part thereof, to any person or persons of whose claims or demands he has not received notice at the time of the distribution thereof.

Sgd. JOHN ENGLISH,

Solicitor for the said Executor.

Sgd. J. H. MADDEN, Judge.

Dated this 14th day of October, 1914.

45-1

NEW TELEPHONE DIRECTORY

A new issue of our Official Telephone Directory is now being prepared and the Copy will close within the next few days.

Orders for new connections, changes of name or address, should be reported to us at once.

The Bell Telephone Company of Canada.

Latest Summary of the War

(Additional War News on Pages 2 and 5.)

The Russians have gained what looks like a decisive victory in the centre of the long battle line from the East Prussian frontier to the Carpathians. Around Warsaw they held the west bank of the Vistula, because the capital of Poland is on that bank. The Germans came against them there in great force, hoping to drive them across the river and occupy Warsaw. A week ago the Germans were checked. Now they are in full retreat, leaving their wounded in the hands of the Russians, who are pursuing the foe with vigor.

Official and unofficial despatches bear witness that the Allies are more than holding their own in France and Belgium. The official report of the day's operations in Belgium indicates that everywhere the Allies are resisting successfully a furious attempt to break their lines. An unofficial report asserts that the British fleet is bombarding Ostend, but that is scarcely credible. The British warships that have been supporting the Belgians in the action at Newport, at the mouth of the Yser, ten miles along the coast from Ostend, may have shelled the German reinforcements advancing along the shore road to the support of their hard-pressed comrades, but a deliberate bombardment of a city containing a large friendly population is most improbable.

Several special cables Thursday morning, giving details of recent fighting around Lille, indicate conclusively that the Germans are tired out, and that their horses are not in a condition to be used for offensive warfare. Man for man now the Allies seem to be better fitted for the winter in the open than seems inevitable. There is also the advantage that the French, Belgians and British are fighting in a friendly country, and will be able to obtain information and supplies that will not be available for the enemy. The German incursion into West Flanders has been far from the triumphant sequel to the capture of Antwerp that Berlin expected it to be.

One of the important bits of Wednesday's news was contained in a despatch from Petrograd stating that "attempts of the Germans to reconstruct the railroads east of Lodz and Skierniewice have failed. Cossacks operating in force in this territory have destroyed the tracks fast as they have been relaid." The Cossack raids on the railways west of the Vistula may prove fatal to many's campaign in Poland. On the east bank of the river Russia has railways centring at Warsaw and Lvangelord, by which her fighting line are receiving reinforcements continually from all parts of the Empire. The west bank the German legions are more than 150 miles away from their own territory, in a region clothed with forests wherein lurk thousands of the enemy prepared to tear railways, ambush convoys and raid Cain generally whenever opportunity offers. The invasion of Poland does not look like good business.

The Emden has been at it again. Another list of British ships sunk off the coast of British India has been posted by the Admiralty. One of them is the Clangrant, a liner which probably carried a valuable cargo. There were three other merchantmen sunk, together with a dredge en route to Tasmania, and one vessel captured. The Emden is now accounted for no less than fifteen British merchant ships, and has probably cost the underwriters Lloyd's losses aggregating from three to four million dollars. She is a fast cruiser, has had no occasion to spend much ammunition, and must be getting plenty of food and coal from the vessels she captures. Unless overtaken on the high seas by a fast British cruiser she may continue her career of depredation for months. Had war broken out less suddenly there might have been many more German commerce-destroyers lying wait on the ocean routes. The blockade of the Elbe may be costing Britain an occasional cruiser, but it is safeguarding thousands of British ships on every sea.

LETTER TO THE EDITOR.

Bath, Oct. 20th, 1914.

Editor Express:—

Sir:—In speaking with a prominent gentleman of Napanee, he told me that people were talking concerning the patrons of Bath factory, not complying with the plan propounded by the Montreal cheesemen, and advised me to write to the papers to avert any wrong impressions.

Now as there seems to the minds of some, objections to the original plan, and as I believe that they are all both willing and probably anxious to do what is requisite, allow me to suggest the following: Let a sub-

MORVEN.

The weather continues fine and summerlike and farmers are very busy with their fall work.

Last Sabbath services were conducted by Rev. Mr. Pierce, Kingston, to the satisfaction of all.

Manson Smith and family, of Floating Bridge, autoed up on Saturday and spent the day with his mother Mrs. D. R. Hicks.

BELL ROCK.

The Dwyer Bros. have finished the sawing contract here for the season. Their patrons are well pleased with the lumber they turned out.

IMPORTED GARDEN SEEDS

At Wholesale Prices.

Also Poultry Supplies

Raw Furs

Always Wanted at

SYMINGTON'S

Ideal Oil Heaters

Just the thing for these chilly evenings. They are strong and durable and will not trouble you.

Ideal Oil Heaters

Just the thing for these chilly evenings. They are strong and durable and will not topple over.

No Odor
Brass Fount
Bail Handles
And will not smoke.

2 Sizes
\$4.00 and \$5.00

M. S. MADOLE,

Napanee's Leading Hardware Store.
Phone, 13

Fred A. Perry

All accounts now due must be settled by cash or note within Thirty days, if not will be placed in other hands for collection. One per cent. interest per month added to all past due accounts.

The very best Flours all guaranteed at the same old low prices.
No order too small or too large to receive our prompt and careful attention.

Frost Fencing and Gates.—Coiled and Baling Wire on hand and guaranteed the best.

I want your Oats, Barley, Buckwheat, Wheat, Peas, Rye, Potatoes, Hay and Straw.

Be sure you see me before you buy or sell and profit thereby.

A couple of choice farms for sale.

Also pleasant, cosy rooms and apartments with steam heat, hot and cold water. Electric light and gas for cooking, to rent cheap.

Write or Phone, using Bell or Ernestown Rural Lines.

FRED. A. PERRY,
DUNDAS STREET.
Opposite Campbell House.

The best stove-pipe varnish in both black and aluminum finish at Hooper's. It gives the least smoke and smell, and stands most heat. Ask for Sherwin-William's.

A new issue of our Official Telephone Directory is now being prepared and the Copy will close within the next few days.

Orders for new connections, changes of name or address, should be reported to us at once.

The Bell Telephone Company
of Canada.

INSURANCE

A certain insurance agent in town is industriously circulating the report that anyone insured in the EQUITY Fire Insurance Co., is very likely to lose his insurance in event of a loss. He does not say that EVERY POLICY OF THE EQUITY IS GUARANTEED BY THE NATIONAL BEN FRANKLIN. But this is the case, I have only this to say. An agent that will try to deceive you about another Company will deceive you about his own.

To show how willing the Ben Franklin is to settle the losses of the Equity, I will refer you to the following letter:—

A. E. PAUL,
Agent Equity Fire Insurance Co.

DEAR SIR:—

Allow me to thank your Company for the prompt and satisfactory settlement of my claim resulting from fire. The fire occurred on Friday, 9th October. On Monday the claim was settled by the National Ben Franklin to my satisfaction.


Yours truly,
(Signed) W. M. CAMBRIDGE.

While I do not devote my whole time to Insurance I am in a position to give you practically any kind of insurance you want.

A. E. PAUL,

—AT—

Paul's Bookstore.



READ, READ, READ.

Read all about the war. Papers are full of war news.

Good eyesight is a blessing now. Reading will be a pleasure with Smith's High Grade Spectacles.

If you are not enjoying every comfort with your eyes, have them tested and fitted this week.

H. E. SMITH,
Optician.

Smith's Jewelry Store

Lax-ets 5 C Sweet to Eat
A Candy Bowl Laxative.

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Now as there seems to the minds of some, objections to the original plan, and as I believe that they are all both willing and probably anxious to do what is requisite, allow me to suggest the following: Let a subscription paper be opened and placed in the Bank beginning somewhat as follows:

"Considering that Britain is our great market for cheese, and that the British navy has been, and is, doing its best to keep that trade route open; and that if that market or trade route should be closed the price of cheese would fall flat, therefore, we, the patrons of Bath factory, contribute the amounts placed after our names, and desire the whole amount be forwarded for the help of the British navy in this time of its dire necessity."

And let each patron call at the Bank as soon as conveniently possible and put down his name and the amount and hand the same (approximately about as much as the value of one day's milk) to Mr. Cuppage, the manager, and let a committee of three be designated, say Mr. Charles Forward, Mr. Cuppage and if necessary, myself, to make certain that the whole amount reaches its proper destination. And let all the papers and transactions be submitted to the inspection of the auditors, when at the close of the season they audit the cheese and milk accounts. No words are strong enough to express the awful and terrible calamities that are, and will be, the effects of the war scourge, and the time to help the Motherland in her terrific struggle against overwhelming odds, is undoubtedly now, at once.

Yours in hope,

MARK R. ROWSE.

Hanging lamps, hall lamps, stand lamps, fancy lamp chimneys. The new Radiote burners at The Medical Hall—Fred L. Hooper.

MORVEN.

The weather continues fine summerlike and farmers are busy with their fall work.

Last Sabbath services were conducted by Rev. Mr. Pierce, Kingston, the satisfaction of all.

Manson Smith and family, of Fleming Bridge, autoed up on Saturday and spent the day with his mother Mrs. D. R. Hicks.

BELL ROCK.

The Dwyer Bros. have finished their sawing contract here for the season. Their patrons are well pleased—the lumber they turned out.

The farmers report a bumper crop of potatoes this year.

The two rural mail routes, from Verona, via Bell Rock, are highly appreciated by those living there or four miles from the post office. W. F. Pomeroy is seriously ill in his home here.

Mrs. Simmons and son, Charles, left on Saturday for their home Henderson, N. Y., after spending few weeks with friends here.

Mr. and Mrs. J. Timmons at Centerville on Sunday; Mrs. Bert Mar (nee Miss May Yorke), Kingston, D. A. Yorke's; Mr. and Mrs. R. Reid, Moscow, at Frank Clark's. Mr. and Mrs. F. L. Amey, Selwyn friends here Saturday and Sunday.

STELLA.

Threshing is about completed. Apples are not a very good crop on the island this year.

George Beggs has rented the Glen farm on the front road.

C. A. Gibson has rented Geo. Brown's farm on the south shore; will move to it about November 1.

A large bale donated by the residents of Amherst Island to the L. Cross Society, was packed here Saturday. A quantity of money was also collected.

W. Montgomery has been laid for the past few days with a hand.

Mrs. J. Smith and C. Smith turned to Cleveland, Ohio, on Wednesday.

Mrs. R. P. Sanders is spending few days in the city.

Miss F. Tugwell went to Montreal on Friday, to meet her sister, N. Sadie Tugwell, who is coming from Boston to visit her parents.

Lennox and Addington Branch of Ontario Plowmen's Association

THIRD ANNUAL

PLOWING MATCH

To be held on the Farm of Mr. Harry Hunter, Napanee,

WEDNESDAY, OCTOBER 28th, 1914

Plowing begins at 10 a.m. sharp.

CLASSES

	1st	2nd	3rd	4th	5th	6th	7th
MEN'S SOD.....	\$25.00	\$15.35	\$8.75	\$6.25	\$4.50	\$3.00	
MEN'S STUBBLE.....	17.90	11.75	7.50	5.50	5.00	2.00	\$2.
BOYS' SOD.....	14.00	10.50	7.00	6.00	4.00		
BOYS' STUBBLE.....	11.75	8.50	7.00	4.50	3.00		

For list of specials and rules see large bills. In case of rain Plowing Match will be held on Friday, October 30th.

Entries must be in the Secretary's hands by 12 o'clock noon, Tuesday, Oct. 27th. This rule will positively be enforced. Make your entries early.

J. KENT, C. C. McKIM, R. H. HAWLEY, T. CRAVEN, G. B. CURR,
President. 1st Vice-Pres. 2nd Vice-Pres. 3rd Vice-Pres. Sec.-Treas.

ANEE EXPRESS

\$1 per Year in advance: \$1.50 if not so paid.
CANADA—FRIDAY, OCTOBER 23rd. 1914

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BELL ROCK.

The Dwyer Bros. have finished their wing contract here for the season. Their patrons are well pleased with the lumber they turned out.

The Red Cross Society



All interested in the work of the Red Cross Society are invited to attend a meeting in the Town Hall, Saturday, Oct. 24th, at 3 p.m., when reports of the work accomplished, up to the present time, will be given and future plans discussed. The Society feels under deep obligation to all who have so cheerfully and generously contributed the time, skill and money that has made it possible to send such a valuable consignment to headquarters in Toronto. The Secretary would be glad to have published the name and gift of each individual contributor, but knowing that our local papers are already pressed for the space necessary to publish the war news for which the general public is so eagerly looking, we have refrained from asking them to give us the privilege of acknowledging the many individual donations that are recorded on the books of the society. We trust that all who have aided us in any way to accomplish valuable work that has been done will accept our most sincere thanks for their assistance.

Under the supervision of a few ladies of the society sixteen cases of clothing and bedding have been packed at the residence of Mrs. F. F. Miller and sent to the Belgians. Several donations of money have already been received for this fund.

The work rooms in the Town Hall will be open every Saturday from 10 to 12 a.m., and 2 to 5 p.m.

A sale of food will be held Saturday, Oct. 31st, of which further notice will be given later.

The following letters explain themselves:

The Canadian Red Cross Society.
 Head Office, 77 King St. E.
 Toronto, Oct. 20, 1914.

Miss A. Thompson,
 Secretary Napanee Branch,
 Napanee.

Dear Madam—I have very much pleasure in acknowledging receipt of your favor of the 19th inst., enclosing a cheque for \$1,000, being a contribution from your branch to the central committee. Will you kindly convey to your members our appreciation of this handsome donation. Enclosed you will find an official receipt.

Yours very truly,
 NOEL MARSHALL,
 Chairman Executive Committee.
 The Canadian Red Cross Society.
 Head Office 77 King St., E.
 Toronto, Oct. 13, 1914.

Miss A. Thompson,
 Secretary,
 Napanee.

Dear Madam—The box that you sent from Napanee has reached us safely, but owing to large quantities of goods that have to be unpacked, yours was not reached until to-day, which accounts for the delay in ac-

AUTO AND MOTOR BOAT SUPPLIES

We carry a complete line of all Motor supplies including:

**Gasoline,
 Polarine Oil,
 Mobiloil Oil,
 Autolene Oil,
 Packard Oil,
 Neatsfoot Oil,
 Goodrich Tires,**

**Independent Tires,
 Pullman Tires,
 Simplex Tubes,
 All types Spark Plugs,
 Batteries,
 Pumps,
 Electrical Supplies.**

Fairbanks Morse Marine and Stationary Engines and Pumping Outfits.

Lennox Automobile & Motor Boat Co.,

Agents for "OVERLAND" Cars.
 GARAGE—Mill street, old Rock Drill Building.

DR. C. E. WILSON
 PHYSICIAN.

Hours of Consultation:

11 a. m. to 1 p. m.; 3 p. m. to 5 p. m.;
 7 p. m. to 8 p. m.

G. F. RUTTAN, K. C.

BAFFRISTER, SOLICITOR, ETC.
 Office—Merchants Bank Chambers, Napanee.
 Money to loan.
 Telephones—Office 93, Residence 132.

Dr. J. P. Campbell

Graduate with honor standing Toronto University.

Physician, Surgeon and Accracheur.
 (Successor to late Dr. Ward.)
 East St., Napanee. Phone 60. 40

Ray F. English Fannie G. English

Drs. English & English

OSTEOPATHIC
 PHYSICIANS.

Offices: West St. Phone 227
 34-1-v

H. W. SMITH

(Successor to W. D. MacCormack)
 Graduate of Ontario Veterinary College,
 B. V. Sc., of Toronto University.
 OFFICE—Centre Street.
 Phone 61.

A. S. ASHLEY,

DENTIST

Rooms over Northern Crown Bank.
 29-2m

FOR SALE—An extra good square Piano. Got on a deal. For sale cheap, or rent. VAN LUYVEN BROS.

FOR SALE—Seed Store, on Dundas Street, also Store House and Fruit Evaporator.

DOXSEE & CO.

We are receiving weekly shipments of new Fall and Winter Millinery

in all the newest shapes. Small close fitting sailors, both large and small. Children's hats in plush, felt and velvet. All prices. Maribou and Ostrich ruffs in black, white and natural.

New Neckwear

Fresh dainty neckwear, is the finishing touch to either a simple or dressy gown, and the kinds we mention above are strictly up-to-date.

The above is merely a hint of the styles to know what is the height of fashion in Fall Millinery. It is advisable to see them.

Blouses

See our Blouses at \$1.00 to clear—Regular \$2.00 to \$3.00.

The Leading Millinery House

ICE

The season for Ice is now here. We are prepared to supply all demands. Private house rates are:—

\$1.75 and \$2.00 per month

For 15 lbs. of Ice Daily.

MURVEN.
 The weather continues fine and merlike and farmers are very y with their fall work.
 1st Sabbath services were conducted by Rev. Mr. Pierce, Kingston, to satisfaction of all.
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BELL ROCK.
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 The farmers report a bumper crop potatoes this year.
 The two rural mail routes, one n Verona, via Bell Rock, are high-appreciated by those living three four miles from the post office.
 F. Pomeroy is seriously ill at home here.
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Branch of Men's Association MATCH

of Mr. Harry Hunter,
 3e,
NOVEMBER 28th, 1914
10 a.m. sharp.

ES

3rd	4th	5th	6th	7th
\$8.75	\$6.25	\$4.50	\$3.00	
7.50	5.50	5.00	2.00	\$2.00
7.00	6.00	4.00		
7.00	4.50	3.00		

ge bills. In case of rain Plowing
 inds by 12 o'clock noon, Tuesday,
 rced. Make your entries early.

BY, T. CRAVEN. G. B. CURRAN
 s. 3rd Vice-Pres. Sec.-Treas.

receipt.
 Yours very truly,
NOEL MARSHALL,
 Chairman Executive Committee.
 The Canadian Red Cross Society.
 Head Office 77 King St., E.
 Toronto, Oct. 13, 1914.
 Miss A. Thompson,
 Secretary,
 Napanee.

Dear Madam—The box that you sent from Napanee has reached us safely, but owing to large quantities of goods that have to be unpacked, yours was not reached until to-day, which accounts for the delay in acknowledgement of same. Please accept our best thanks.
 Yours very Truly,
R. C. F. DALTON,
 Stock Keeper.

Women's Patriotic Service and Red Cross Work

Through the Daughters of the Empire.

BELGIAN RELIEF WORK.
 Continue to send in your donations for the Belgians, for the Supply Ship soon to leave Canada.
 Children's clothing is particularly desired, though clothing of all kinds will be most acceptable, also footwear and portable foods.
 It should hardly be necessary to state that all clothing sent in must be cleaned and in good condition.
 The above committee are pleased to announce that a fine consignment of hospital supplies and soldiers' comforts was shipped to the Head Office, of the Canadian Red Cross Society, early this week. Acknowledgement of this and previous shipments has been received from Mrs. Plumpre, Superintendent of Supplies, who says: that all the articles sent are particularly well made and useful; and expresses the gratitude of the Red Cross Society for donations sent in.
 The Committee also wishes to state that cases of clothing for the distressed Belgians, donated by the members of the committee and their friends have been forwarded to Montreal—others will follow shortly to go in the ship which will sail as soon as supplies and financial assistance in sufficient quantities is received.

Notwithstanding the gloomy and rainy afternoon of Thursday last, a large gathering attended our weekly general work meeting, and appeared to thoroughly enjoy the tea-hour and attendant sociability. These meetings will continue indefinitely. Every Tuesday and Friday afternoons cutters will be at the committee-room, and will distribute garments to those wishing to make them up at home. Distribution of work will also continue as usual on Thursdays, and the room will be open as previously announced.

ODESSA.
 Well Clark is fishing at Hay Bay.
 Mr. Woolard spent Thanksgiving at J. Jones'.
 Mrs. Oscar Mabey has returned home after spending two months visiting here.
 Mrs. Mark Fraser is visiting her son in Madoc.
 B. G. Ham spent the week-end in Kingston.
 Mrs. John Graham entertained some friends on Friday evening.
 We are sorry to say George Ferguson is very ill.

For long standing coughs and colds get a bottle of Howard's Emulsion with hypophosphites, made up fresh every week in 25, 50 and 75c bottles at Wallace's Drug Store, Limited.

(Successor to W. D. MacCormack)
 Graduate of Ontario Veterinary College,
 B. V. Sc., of Toronto University.
OFFICE—Centre Street.
 Phone 61. 31

A. S. ASHLEY,
 DENTIST
 Rooms over Northern Crown Bank.
 20-21

FOR SALE—An extra good square
 Piano. Got on a deal. For sale cheap, or rent. **VAN LUYEN BROS.** 41-47

FOR SALE—Seed Store, on Dundas
 Street, also Store House and Fruit Evaporator, foot of West Street, apply to **THOS. SYMINGTON,** Owner, Napanee, Ont. 421f

TEACHER WANTED—With Normal Certificate for S. S. No. 18, North Frederickburgh. Apply to J. W. UNGER, Secy., R. R. No. 1, Napanee. 351f

TO RENT—Rooms in the Blewitt
 Block. Electric Light and all modern improvements. Immediate possession. Apply to Miss Blewitt, over Dominion Bank, John St., Napanee. 44-45

FARM FOR SALE—75 or 80 acres,
 pt. lot 33, 3rd concession Township of Camden. All good land, seed to hay and pasture. 2 wells, good fences. Apply to **R. A. BEARD,** Napanee, or **S. W. SWITZER,** Desmond. 311f

FOR SALE—The residence of Mr. F.
 and Mrs. C. M. Weese, Homewood Cottage, Fairview. A little over a mile out of town. The property contains one acre with new frame two-story cottage with large kitchen, drivehouse, hen house and pigpen. A nice orchard and nearly all kinds of small fruit. This would be a nice home for a farmer wishing to retire. Would sell more land to younger person wishing to take up gardening. Might trade for suitable town property. For further particulars apply on the premises or address Napanee, R. M. D. No. 1. 451p

WORKMEN'S COMPENSATION ACT

NOTICE TO EMPLOYERS.
 Employers throughout the Province are hereby notified that 1st January, 1915, has been fixed by official proclamation as the date on and after which workmen will be entitled to compensation under the new Workmen's Compensation Act (Chap. 25, 1914, Ontario) and that under section 78 of the said Act every employer in the industries included in Schedule I or mentioned in Sec. 73 of the Act is required (without notice and subject to penalty in case of default) to transmit to The Workmen's Compensation Board, not later than 31st October, 1914, a statement of his pay-roll for the year ending September 30th, 1914, and an estimate of his pay roll for the calendar year 1915.
 Forms for making the required report and circulars showing what employers come under the Act, or copies of the Act itself, will be supplied on application to

The Workmen's Compensation Board
 Parliament Buildings, Toronto
 October 15, 1914. 15-a

NORTHERN CROWN BANK

Head Office, - Winnipeg.
Capital, (Authorized) \$6,000,000. Capital, (Paid Up) \$2,860,000

DIRECTORS:
 President - Sir D. H. McMillan, K.C.M.G.
 Vice-President - Capt. Wm. Robinson
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ICE
 The season for Ice is now here. We are prepared to supply all demands. Private house rates are :-

\$1.75 and \$2.00 per month
For 15 lbs. of Ice Daily.

Please do all your ordering through the office.
 Ice is not sold off the wagon.

S. CASEY DENISON.
 Centre Street, North. Phone 101

Butter Paper

Wrap your Butter in Vegetable Parchment Paper, and keep it clean and sanitary.

10c per Package
3 Packages for 25c.

At This Office.

WE WANT NOW

A GOOD SALESMAN

For every town and district where we are not represented.
 Fruits are bringing higher prices, and nursery stock is in demand.
MAKE BIG MONEY NOW by taking an agency. **BEST TIME** for canvassing is during the summer months.
 Experience not necessary.
 Free equipment. Exclusive territory.
 Highest commissions paid.
 Write for full particulars.

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The Napanee Express

E. J. POLLARD.

EDITOR and PROPRIETOR.

PUBLISHED EVERY FRIDAY.

All local reading notices or notices announcing entertainments at which a fee is charged or admission, will be charged 5c. per line for insertion, if in ordinary type. In black type the price will be 10c. per line each insertion.

E. & J. HARDY & CO.

Advertising Contractors and
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Fleet Street, London, E. C., England.

A file of this paper can be seen free of charge by visitors to London, to whom advice gratis will be given, if required.

Cambridge's Bakery and Confectionery Store

ICE CREAM

Toronto CITY DAIRY Ice
Cream.

We are again sole agents for Napanee and under contract for year 1914 with this firm, the largest and best Ice Cream manufacturers in the Dominion

If It's City Dairy it's
Good, it's Pure
That's Sure

We have a tasty assortment of all
Flavors now on hand, delivered daily.
Special attention to receptions and
parties. Prompt delivery.

W. M. CAMBRIDGE,

Phone 96. Sole Agent, Napanee

15 Cases of Granite Just in from Scotland.

MORE TO FOLLOW.

New and Elegant Designs
Some plain, all polished.
Few are beautifully carved

I have the largest stock ever shown in
Napanee.
Will save you travelling expenses and
commission.

Our patrons have confidence and look
as.

V. KOUBER, Napanee

NEWS TOPICS OF WEEK

Important Events Which Have
Occurred During the Week.

The Busy World's Happenings Care-
fully Compiled and Put Into
Handy and Attractive Shape for
the Readers of Our Paper—A
Solid Hour's Enjoyment.

WEDNESDAY.

Miss Mary Ann Cienahan, 54, a former resident of Kingston for many years, while visiting Kingston from Burlington, Vermont, was stricken with paralysis.

Ontario's new Lieutenant-Governor, Hon. J. S. Hendrie, will within a few days take up his abode in Government House, Toronto, Sir John Gibson vacating the premises within a week.

The arts faculty of Queen's University has a scheme to raise a regiment of students from the colleges of Canada for service abroad. The senate will take up the matter with other colleges.

Pat Burns of Calgary, the "Cattle King," has given \$10,000 to the Canadian Patriotic Fund, the money being divided among 26 cities and towns in the west in which the company have branches.

The Kaiser Wilhelm Canal, telegraphs the Amsterdam correspondent of the Reuter Telegram Co., between the Baltic and the North Sea, has been closed to ordinary traffic for the duration of the war.

Married in Tweed in 1896 and again in Grand Rapids, Mich., in August last, Louis Roberts, a tailor, is on trial at St. Catharines, on a bigamy charge. He claims that he secured a divorce in Grand Rapids, Mich.

THURSDAY.

The Paris Figaro announces that the harvest has been completed in the Champagne district despite the German gun fire, that the vines suffered very little.

Cases of cholera are multiplying rapidly in Galicia, Transylvania and North and East Hungary. The fear is expressed that the disease will prove a serious menace to military operations.

The Haytian Government forces were defeated by the rebels in a battle in the vicinity of Limonade, on the northern side of the island. The President of Hayti is reported to be retreating.

Despatches received here from Sofia, Bulgaria, and other points, report the appearance of the former German cruisers Breslau and Goeben, which fly the Turkish flag, in the Black Sea.

Advices from Berlin state that the German Emperor has approved the suggestion of the Archbishop of Cologne, to treat all captured French priests as officers, though they be serving as privates.

Details of the seizure by British cruisers of the American steamship Rio Pasig, and her detention at Hong Kong as a prize, show that the vessel was charged with endeavoring to supply German cruisers.

The Jones Philippine Bill, which declares the purpose of the United States to recognize the independence of the islands "as soon as a stable government can be established there," passed the House of Representatives yesterday by a vote of 211 to 59.

FRIDAY.

William Abbott, aged 82, one of the pioneers of North Dorchester Township, was fatally injured yesterday in a fall from a wagon.

Athens newspapers assert that the



the campaign against German-owned business, Saturday seized six concerns. One was a department store and the others wine establishments.

The British steamer Kwara, from Montreal, before reported as arrived at Sierra Leone with bunker coal on fire, and was beached, has been floated. Cargo in No. 2 hold is destroyed.

Sixty-four Germans, between the ages of 18 and 25 years, were arrested in Paris Saturday. Two more groups of Germans, Austrians and Hungarians were sent to the provinces.

An amendment to the proclamation prohibiting trade with the enemy forbids doing any insurance business with the enemy through a branch established in British, allied or neutral territory.

Murray Hendrie, of Valley Ranch, near High River, Alta., brother of Lieut.-Governor Hendrie of Ontario, is dead, following fatal injuries sustained in a runaway accident near his home Thursday evening.

In one of the most daring outbreaks ever attempted at California state penitentiary, Capt. J. B. Drury of the night watch, and George Phelps, a convict, were killed, two guards wounded, and a life term escaped.

TUESDAY.

In view of the situation resulting from the war King Victor Emmanuel has signed a decree reducing Italy's import duties on cereals during the period from Oct. 20 to March 31, 1915.

Cecil Burtch, aged seven, son of Burton Burtch, Seeley's Bay, near Kingston, was killed by the accidental discharge of a shotgun. He received the entire charge in his face and chest.

The number of prisoners of war at Fort Henry has now reached 260. One German started a small sized riot when he tried to line for dinner a second time, but the cook was able to handle him.

Brockville's new theatre was partially swept by fire which broke out in the basement and enveloped the dressing-rooms and stage, with a loss of \$10,000. An asbestos curtain saved the auditorium.

The negotiations between the Canadian and British Governments in reference to the prohibition of the exportation of raw wool from the United Kingdom have resulted in a satisfactory arrangement.

A privileged character at the provincial asylum, Elijah Hamilton, was found dead on the property of W. J. Lord on the top of Hamilton's mountain Sunday. The unfortunate man had hanged himself to a tree.

BUYING IN CANADA.

Harness Firms Get Big Contracts For
Saddles and Bridles.

OTTAWA, Oct. 20.—Further orders were received yesterday from the British and French Governments for saddles and bridles, and the orders which are now being divided among all the saddlery and harness firms of the Dominion, call for a total of 50,000 saddles. Of these 15,000 are for the French Government, 10,000 for the British, 20,000 for the Russian and 5,000 or 6,000 for the Canadian troops. The contracts were awarded by the sub-committee of the Cabinet, the only requirement from any firm being that it could fill the order.

GERMANS DRIVEN BACK

Allies Have Effectively Checked
Advance Along Coast.

Lille Has Been Recaptured, an Attack of the German Right Wing: Chaulnes Has Been Repulsed; the Germans Forced to Retreat Panic, and Near Roulers Trenches Evacuated.

LONDON, Oct. 20. — With Lille again in the hands of the allies, situation on the French fighting line has assumed a distinctly favorable aspect. At Chaulnes a counter-attack by the German right wing was thrown back decisively, and the Kaiser's forces fled in a state bordering on panic. The Belgians have also driven the Germans to a point east of I. mude. West of Roulers the Germans were compelled to evacuate their lines of trenches, and the town now occupied by Franco-British troops.

Unless all indications prove favorable the German advance along the coast to Dunkirk is effectively checked. Reports from Dunkirk early yesterday morning stated that the sound of heavy fighting from the sea was plainly audible. It is believed certain that British naval forces are operating in the movement to stop the Kaiser's forward movement in this zone. Later in the day a despatch from northern France said that British torpedo-boat destroyers had penetrated the canals commanding the district in which the most serious engagement was being fought and the British cruisers were also engaged on the invaders from the coast.

The official communique of the French War Office yesterday afternoon said: "In Belgium the heavy artillery of the enemy has cannonaded but without result, the front from Nieuport to Vladslo, to the east of Dixmude.

"The forces of the allies, and notably the Belgian army, have not only repulsed further attacks on the part of the Germans, but have advanced as far as Roulers.

"On our left wing, between the River Lys and the canal of La Bassée, we have advanced in the direction of Lille. There has been very stubborn fighting on the front from La Bassée to Albain and St. Nazaire. We are advancing from house to house in these localities.

"To the north and to the south of Arras our troops have been fighting without respite for more than ten days, and with a perseverance and spirit which never for a moment has been relaxed.

"In the region of Chaulnes we have repulsed a strong counter-attack delivered by the enemy and have won some ground.

"On the centre there is nothing to report.

"On our right wing, in Alsace, the west of Colmar, our advance position are on the line between Bonhomme, Paris and Sulzern. To the south we still occupy Thann."

German reinforcements have been brought up at all points along the right wing of the invaders' army which now stretches from the Belgian coast to the elbow at Roy where the line turns directly eastward and runs in the general direction of Metz. These reinforcements are variously estimated at 300,000, 400,000 men. Some reports even place the number of fresh troops at 1,000,000 men of all arms, but the latter figures are believed exorbitant. It is known that they are drawn from

Few are beautifully carved

I have the largest stock ever shown in Napanee.
Will save you travelling expenses and commission.
Our patrons have confidence and look us.

V. KOUBER, - Napanee

Who is Your Druggist?

Is quality taken in consideration when making your choice?

It Should Be.

There is nothing quality counts for more than in Drugs.

It Often Means a Life.

At Wallace's Drug Store the equipment is second to none in Ontario. Graduates in attendance. Bring your prescriptions here. We can guarantee you purity of Drugs, accurate dispensing, and reasonable prices.

WALLACES'

Napanee's Leading Drug Store.

60 YEARS' EXPERIENCE

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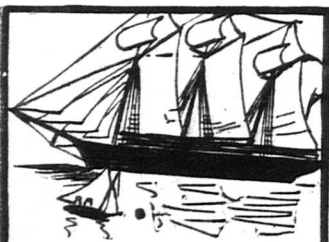
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Scientific American.

A handsomely illustrated weekly. Largest circulation of any scientific journal. Terms for Canada, \$3.75 a year, postage prepaid. Sold by all newsdealers.

MUNN & Co. 361 Broadway, New York
Branch Office, 535 F St., Washington, D. C.



'Vessels Large May Venture More, but Little Ships Must Stay Near Shore.'

The large display ads. are good for the large business and the Classified Want Ads. are proportionately good for the small firm. In fact many large firms became such by the diligent use of the Classified Columns. There's example is good—start now.

ssel charged with endeavoring to supply German cruisers.

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FRIDAY.

William Abbott, aged 82, one of the pioneers of North Dorchester Township, was fatally injured yesterday in a fall from a wagon.

Athens newspaperers assert that the Russian fleet in the Black Sea has seized two German steamers loaded with cereals bound from Galatz for Kustendje, Roumania.

A despatch to London from Gibraltar says that the Hamburg-American Line steamer Graecia, New York for Cadiz, was brought into Gibraltar yesterday as a prize.

Four carloads of grain, produce, clothing and supplies are being forwarded to the Belgians from Hastings County. The first carload was shipped yesterday from Stirling Village.

Russia has more than ten million men less than 45 years old who have served under the colors, and who are available for military service, according to the Berliner Taegliche Rundschau.

The newspaper France du Nord declares that when the Germans were defeated at Arras they lost from 12,000 to 15,000 men, who were surrounded by the French in some marshes.

SATURDAY.

The C. P. R. is applying to the Dominion Railway Commission to sanction a 999 lease of the Lake Erie & Northern Railway.

Some advices say that Prince William of Wied, former ruler of Albania, has joined the German army, and is on his way to the French frontier.

It was learned yesterday that an arrangement has been made by the Canadian Government for advances by the Bank of England of all war funds needed this year.

The Austrian Government is imposing serious penalties for overcharging of foodstuffs. Fines of \$1,000 and sentences of six months will be imposed for violations of the decree.

The Provincial License Department have effected another round-up in Porcupine, and batches of cases are being run off daily before the local magistrate. Sixty charges have been laid.

It was announced yesterday that the Bank of England on Oct. 21 would receive tenders for treasury bills amounting to \$75,000,000. This will be the fifth loan for a similar amount.

President Poincare has accepted an invitation extended by the students of Glasgow University to be their next lord rector. This is the first time this honor has been conferred upon a foreign statesman.

The executive committee of the French Society of Authors and Dramatists has decided to recommend to the general meeting the expulsion of the German members Humperdinck, Hauptman, Sudermann, Siegfried and Wagner.

MONDAY.

The steam trawler Ajax, out of Grimsby, has been blown up in the North Sea by a German mine. Nine members of the crew lost their lives.

The Westmount Rifles, a new regiment for Montreal, was authorized by the Militia Department Saturday. It will have eight companies of 57 men.

Five men—a civilian and four soldiers of the United States cavalry—were wounded yesterday at Naco, Ariz., by Mexican bullets that flew far over the International boundary.

The French Government, pursuing

Saddles and Bridles.

OTTAWA, Oct. 20.—Further orders were received yesterday from the British and French Governments for saddles and bridles, and the orders which are now being divided among all the saddlery and harness firms of the Dominion, call for a total of 50,000 saddles. Of these 15,000 are for the French Government, 10,000 for the British, 20,000 for the Russian and 5,000 or 6,000 for the Canadian troops. The contracts were awarded by the sub-committee of the Cabinet, the only requirement from any firm being that it could fill the order.

Fred Stobart, purchasing agent for the British Government, who is here to see what can be supplied most economically in Canada, is interested in such articles as sweaters, shirts, socks, gloves, etc., but he says that no boots will be required as England and France can supply their own boots, the standard of quality and price being much higher here than over there.

SHAFFER CASE THURSDAY.

Montreal Man Charged With Treason Is Refused Bail.

MONTREAL, Oct. 20.—Israel Shafer, ticket agent, charged with high treason against the King in connection with the sale of steamship transportation to Austrian reservists, who tried to pass themselves off as Roumanians, was yesterday morning ordered to be held without bail by Judge St. Cyr. He will come up for examination on Thursday.

The charge was laid by Maj. Date on behalf of the military authorities. Should Shafer be found guilty of this offence, there will be no alternative for the court but to condemn him to death, just as in a murder conviction according to legal experts here. It will then remain for the crown to exercise its clemency in such manner as may be thought fit if clemency is considered at all.

Many Austrians Arrested.

SAULT STE. MARIE, Oct. 20.—Two hundred and eighty-six Austrians, who have not signed naturalization papers, were rounded up here by the local militia.

Most of these have come to the Soo within the past few weeks. Of this number twelve men emphatically expressed their intentions of going back to Austria to fight for their country. They are now being held prisoners at the canal camp.

Will Lose Russian Titles.

LONDON, Oct. 20.—The Petrograd correspondent of Reuter's Telegram Co. says that Emperor Nicholas has ordered that German and Austrian subjects who have been granted the honorary rank of councillor of commerce be deprived of the title.

CLARK'S

CORNER BEEF

"Boeuf salé 'Clark'"

Economique et délicieux
Prêt à servir
Pas d'os ni de croquant
Demandez le "Clark"

W. CLARK Limited, Montreal

Paris and Sulzern. To the south still occupy Thann."

German reinforcements have brought up at all points along right wing of the invaders' army which now stretches from the Elbian coast to the elbow at Ro where the line turns directly eastward and runs in the general direction of Metz. These reinforcements are variously estimated at 300,000 400,000 men. Some reports place the number of fresh troops 1,000,000 men of all arms, but latter figures are believed exorbitant. It is known that they are drawn from the Landstrum exclusively.

Advices from Belgium declare that Ostend, Bruges and Blankenberge are held by the smallest of garrisons and that throughout the conquered kingdom every man that can be spared has been rushed southward. Admiral Von Tirpitz is said to be at Antwerp, which coincides with previous reports that he expected personally direct naval operations against Britain which are "to be launched the last of this month."

With the capture of Arras on Sunday and the fall of Lille yesterday to the allied armies there can be no question that operations in northern France have received a new impetus and are inclining steadily to the side of the French and British. It is significant that at every point counter-attacks by the Germans have uniformly failed to accomplish their purpose. That the Kaiser is stubbornly sacrificing many lives to maintain untenable position a little longer seems apparent.

At Chaulnes the allied artillery most decimated the German column participating in a frontal counter-attack, the advantage being followed up by an infantry charge of French and British troops which completely upset the advance of the foe.

The situation along the centre remains quiet, with both sides content to hold their own, and neither able to gain important advantage over the other. Defensive works in this zone are very complete, and it is improbable that a major operation will be attempted by either French or Germans until the fighting on the east and west becomes better defined.

The French officials are extremely reticent concerning operations against the German crown prince as the new movement which seems threaten the safety of Metz. It is apparent that fighting is under way around Belfort, but no information comes through as to the extent of the engagement or the probable outcome. It is said on very good authority that a French army is even now assailing the outer line of Metz trenches, and that artillery will soon be playing on the walls of that renowned stronghold.

Foundries Are Being Depleted.

LONDON, Oct. 20.—Recruiting being stopped in some of the Scottish iron and steel centres with the sanction of the Government. The reason is that these iron and steel works are running night and day on Government orders, and it is held unwise to deplete the working forces.

Twenty Years of Pleasure.

St. Michael's church, Macclesfield, England, is noted for its beauty. "The Manchester and Glasgow Road" Charles G. Harper tells of a curious epitaph in the churchyard upon Mary Broomefield, who died in 1772 aged eighty. It reads as follows: "The chief concern of her life for the last twenty years was to order and provide for her funeral. Her greatest pleasure was to think and talk about it. She lived many years on pension of ninepence a week and saved £5, which at her request was laid out at her burial."

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known that they are drawn from
Landsturm exclusively.

CANNOT CROSS RIVER

Austro-Germans Confronted by
Russian Wall at the San.

Position of Przemyśl Confers No
Advantage Upon the Enemy Says
London Times' Correspondent—
German General Staff Is Conduct-
ing Operations Which Are Carried
on Unceasingly Without Effect.

LONDON, Oct. 20.—The Times has
the following from Mr. Stanley
Washburn, its correspondent at
Lmow (formerly Lemberg, Galicia):
Fighting goes on in West Galicia
without cessation. The cannonade on
the River San continues. All at-
tempts of the enemy to cross the river
have failed lamentably. The Aus-
trians have made attempts at various
points. At first their artillery fiercely
shelled the right bank, after which
the infantry approached the river, but
the Russian shrapnel fire inflicted
heavy losses, as the corpses floating
downstream to the Vistula and be-
yond to Sandomir and Ivangorod
testify.

The German General Staff direct-
ed the operations, and also the de-
fence of Przemyśl, before which the
fighting goes on day and night, with-
out ceasing even for a minute.

The Germans are conducting the
defence with extreme energy, and the
fortress is apparently well supplied
with ammunition. The Russians are
exerting a persistent pressure,
punctuated by sudden night attacks,
by which several strong forts already
have been captured. These tactics
palpably disturb the defenders, whose
searchlights throughout the night
subject the surrounding space to a
ceaseless scrutiny. Meanwhile the re-
tention of Przemyśl confers no ad-
vantage of the enemy or of the
bridges over the San and stands be-
fore the iron wall which is now offer-
ed by the Russian investing army.

The Austro-Germans struggle stub-
bornly and despairingly. Hostile col-
lisions are spreading, and the huge
strategical front grows steadily larg-
er, like the extended front of French
operations. From Sandomir to the
Carpathians savagely roar the thous-
ands of guns. Corpses are borne on
the waters of the San, and cast up on
its verdant banks at points up the
Vistula.

CALL GOES OUT FOR MEN.

Members Required for Second Force
Allotted to Divisions.

OTTAWA, Oct. 20.—Orders having
been sent out last night to the officers
commanding the various divisional
areas and military districts to begin
enlisting men at once for infantry re-
giments for overseas service, it is an-
nounced that the various divisional
areas, with headquarters as given,
will enlist the following numbers:

Southern Ontario (Toronto), one
battalion; Western Ontario (Lon-
don), two battalions; Eastern Ont-
ario (Kingston), one battalion;
Southern Quebec (Montreal), two
battalions; Northern Quebec (Que-
bec), one battalion; Maritime Pro-
vinces (Halifax), two battalions.

The military districts of the west
will recruit as follows:

Manitoba and Saskatchewan (Win-
nipeg), two battalions; British Col-
umbia (Victoria), two battalions; Al-
berta (Calgary), one battalion. This
makes a total of 14 battalions with
16,000 men. The Quebec quotas in-

There Need Be No Unemployed

as long as Canadians do their duty and
buy Canadian-made goods in every case.

KELLOGG'S TOASTED CORN FLAKES

is Canadian-made, and the only cereal
under the Kellogg name that is made in
Canada. All others are imported.

Spend Your Money on Canadian-made
Goods and Help Canada's Work People.

KELLOGG'S TOASTED CORN FLAKES

Made in London, Ontario, Canada

HYDRO RADIALS CARRY

Sir Adam Beck Sweeps Eleven of
Thirteen Municipalities.

Co-operation In York County Project
Is Assured by Heavy Majorities
Polled For Initial Publicly-Owned
Road—Newmarket and Uxbridge
Township Are Against—Returns
to Come Do Not Affect Result.

TORONTO, Oct. 20.—With the ex-
ception of the town of Newmarket
and the Township of Uxbridge all the
municipalities along the route of the
proposed Toronto and northeastern
district Hydro-radial gave substantial
majorities for the bylaw submitted
yesterday, which empowers their
municipal councils to enter into an
agreement with the provincial com-
mission for the construction and op-
eration of the road. According to
the terms of the bylaw each munici-
pality will issue debentures cover-
ing the proportion of cost for which
it will be responsible, and these de-
bentures will be deposited with the
commission as security in financing
the undertaking.

Sir Adam Beck does not anticipate
that it will be necessary for the munici-
palities to make any actual pay-
ments, as interest and sinking fund
charges will be amply covered by
revenue received from the railway
and the sale of power along the route
of the radial.

Now that the electors have endors-
ed the bylaw it only remains for the
municipal councils to give it the final

W. G. WILSON,
BARRISTER,
Solicitor, Notary Public, Conveyancer, Etc.
P. O. Box 620. Telephone No. 83.
OFFICE — North Side Dundas Street
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T. B. GERMAN,
Barrister and Solicitor,
MONEY TO LOAN AT LOWEST RATES.
OFFICE: Grange Block, 80 John Street,
26m Napawee

R. A. LEONARD, M.D., C.P.S.
Physician Surgeon Etc.
Late House Surgeon of the Kingston General
Hospital
Office—North side of Dundas Street, between
West and Robert Streets, Napawee.

DEROCHE & DEROCHE.
H. M. Deroche, K. C., C. C. A.
H. M. P. Deroche, B. A.
Barristers Etc.
MONEY TO LOAN
Mr. H. M. P. Deroche will be in Lam-
worth every Wednesday.

D. R. BENSON
Graduate Ontario Veterinary College.
has opened an office second door south of
Express Printing Office, where he may be

occupy Thann." German reinforcements have been dug up at all points along the at wing of the invaders' army, which now stretches from the Belgian coast to the elbow at Roye, where the line turns directly eastward and runs in the general direction of Metz. These reinforcements variously estimated at 300,000 to 400,000 men. Some reports even give the number of fresh troops at 60,000 men of all arms, but the figures are believed exorbitant. It is known that they are drawn from Landstrum exclusively.

Advices from Belgium declare that at end, Bruges and Blankenberghe held by the smallest of garrisons, that throughout the conquered region every man that can be spared has been rushed southward. Admiral Von Tirpitz is said to be inwerp, which coincides with previous reports that he expected to personally direct naval operations in Britain which are "to be reached the last of this month."

With the capture of Armentieres yesterday and the fall of Lille yesterday to the allied armies there can be no question that operations in northern France have received a new impetus and are inclining steadily to the advantage of the French and British. It is significant that at every point counterattacks by the Germans have uniformly failed to accomplish their purpose. That the Kaiser is stubbornly refusing many lives to maintain an untenable position a little longer is apparent.

At Chalun the allied artillery almost decimated the German columns participating in a frontal counterattack, the advantage being followed by an infantry charge of French and British troops which completely broke the advance of the foe.

The situation along the centre remains quiet, with both sides content to hold their own, and neither able to obtain important advantage over the other. Defensive works in this zone are very complete, and it is improbable that a major operation will be attempted by either French or Germans until the fighting on the east-west becomes better defined.

The French officials are extremely confident concerning operations against the German crown prince and his new movement which seems to threaten the safety of Metz. It is also evident that fighting is under way near Belfort, but no information comes through as to the extent of the movement or the probable outcome.

It is said on very good authority that the French army is even now assailing the outer line of Metz trenches, and that artillery will soon be playing on the walls of that renowned stronghold.

Foundries Are Being Depleted.
LONDON, Oct. 20.—Recruiting is being stopped in some of the Scottish and steel centres with the sanction of the Government. The reason at these iron and steel works are being night and day on Government orders, and it is held unwise to deplete the working forces.

Twenty Years of Pleasure.
Michael's church, Macclesfield, Lanc., is noted for its beauty. In "Manchester and Glasgow Road" Mrs. G. Harper tells of a curious tomb in the churchyard upon one of Broomefield, who died in 1755, eighty. It reads as follows:
The chief concern of her life for the twenty years was to order and ride for her funeral. Her great pleasure was to think and talk of it. She lived many years on a diet of ninepence a week and yet died at 85, which at her request was put out at her burial."

batallions; Western Ontario (London), two battalions; Eastern Ontario (Kingston), one battalion; Southern Quebec (Montreal), two battalions; Northern Quebec (Quebec), one battalion; Maritime Provinces (Halifax), two battalions.

The military districts of the west will recruit as follows:
Manitoba and Saskatchewan (Winnipeg), two battalions; British Columbia (Victoria), two battalions; Alberta (Calgary), one battalion. This makes a total of 14 battalions with 16,000 men. The Quebec quotas include the French-Canadian battalion already authorized.

Orders for the recruiting of 14,000 more men will go out as soon as the War Office states what is wanted in the way of cavalry, artillery, engineering corps, etc. The 30,000 men thus recruited will begin active training, and as soon as there are arms and equipment for 10,000 men they will be sent to England to finish their training and be sent to the front. This will be in about two months' time, and when the first 10,000 sail a similar number will be recruited in the various districts and will begin active training. Another 10,000 will sail as soon as their equipment is ready, and this method will be kept up as long as the war lasts.

BRITAIN FEELS SAFE.

Report of Gen. French Received With Expressions of Satisfaction.

LONDON, Oct. 20.—General satisfaction and a feeling of security in the eventual outcome are expressed by yesterday morning's London papers in their meagre comments on the long report of Sir John French, the British commander-in-chief in France, on the battles of the Marne and the Aisne. The desire of the censor, expressed a month ago, that the papers refrain from extended comment or analysis of the situation in the French campaign, has prevented criticism, constructive, or otherwise, on the report. That their report added little to the knowledge already possessed by the British people, of the progress of the battles, is reflected in the journals. Comments on the street and in the clubs are apparently to the effect that the people are satisfied with the strategy of Sir John and that they have no feeling of nervousness as to the final result.

Jap Cruiser Sunk by Mine.

TOKIO, Oct. 20.—It is officially announced that the Japanese cruiser Takachiho was sunk by a mine in Kiaochau Bay on the night of Oct. 17. One officer and nine members of the crew are known to have been saved.

The Japanese cruiser Kakachiho was built in 1885 and refitted in 1911. She was a vessel of 3,000 tons and was 330 feet long. Her main battery consisted of eight-inch guns and her speed was about 18 knots.

The Takachiho carried a crew of 355 men, only ten of whom, according to the official report, are known to have been saved.

\$100 Reward, \$100.

The readers of this paper will be pleased to learn that there is at least one dreaded disease that science has been able to cure in all its stages, and that is Catarrh. Hall's Catarrh Cure is the only positive cure now known to the medical fraternity. Catarrh being a constitutional disease, requires a constitutional treatment. Hall's Catarrh Cure is taken internally acting directly upon the blood and mucous surface of the system, thereby destroying the foundation of the disease, and giving the patient strength by building up the constitution and assisting nature in doing its work. The proprietors have so much faith in its curative powers that they offer One Hundred Dollars for any case that it fails to cure. Send for list of testimonials.
Address, P. J. CHENEY & CO., Toledo O.
Sold by all Druggists, etc.
Take Hall's Family Pills for constipation.

ing the proportion of cost for which it will be responsible, and these debentures will be deposited with the commission as security in financing the undertaking.

Sir Adam Beck does not anticipate that it will be necessary for the municipalities to make any actual payments, as interest and sinking fund charges will be amply covered by revenue received from the railway and the sale of power along the route of the radial.

Now that the electors have endorsed the bylaw it only remains for the municipal councils to give it the third reading and the commission will then be free to start the construction of the line.

Some subdivisions had not been heard from at a late hour last night, but these are not likely to make any serious alteration in the result.

SULTAN TO THE FORE.

He Administers a Set-Back To German Influence In Turkey.

LONDON, Oct. 20.—A despatch to Reuters Telegram Co. from Petrograd says that the Constantinople correspondent of The Bourse Gazette is authority for the statement that at a family council the Sultan of Turkey, in order to combat the dete-



THE SULTAN OF TURKEY.

torship of Enver Pasha, Minister of War, and German influence, unexpectedly proclaimed the heir-presumptive to the Turkish throne, Yussuf Izzedin, Generalissimo of the army and navy.

Prince Yussuf Izzedin is the eldest son of the late Sultan Abdul Assiz.

The Answer.

"They say the Joneses are a very happy couple."
"But Jones is a traveling man and is very seldom at home."
"Exactly."

New Classification.

The Census Taker—How many are there in that bunch of Portuguese? The Landlady—Six. A Portuguese, a Portuguese and four little Portugueseins.—Chicago News.

In adversity it is easy to despise life. The true, brave man is he who can endure to be miserable.—Martial.

DEROCHE & DEROCHE.

H. M. Deroche, K. C., C. C. A. A.
H. M. P. Deroche, B. A.

Barristers Etc.

MONEY TO LOAN

Mr. H. M. P. Deroche will be in Tamworth every Wednesday.

D. R. BENSON

Graduate Ontario Veterinary College,

has opened an office second door south of Express Printing Office, where he may be consulted on all diseases of Domestic Animals. All latest veterinary sciences.

Residence: West Street, near

Madden's grocery.

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(Limited)

Kingston, Canada.

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Our graduates secure best positions. Particulars free.

H. E. METCALF, Principal.

SWIMMING COLLARS FOR MEN.

Admiralty Provides Device To Save Lives In Naval Disasters.

LONDON, Oct. 20.—That the Admiralty is fully alive to the necessity of providing a means for the crews of warships that strike mines or are torpedoed by submarines to escape drowning, since other warships are prohibited from going to their assistance, is shown by the announcement yesterday that the Admiralty is arranging for a general supply of swimming collars to be distributed to the officers and men of the fleet. The men are instructed that the collar shall be carried on their person when they are awake and kept inflated and near each individual when he is asleep.

Detroit Pastor Acquitted.

DETROIT, Mich., Oct. 20.—Rev. Joseph A. Cottam, former pastor of the Methodist Episcopal Church in Dearborn, near Detroit charged with arson in connection with the burning of his parsonage there last winter, was acquitted yesterday afternoon after the jury had deliberated on the case twenty minutes. On the night his home burned Rev. Mr. Cottam was to deliver a widely advertised sermon on "Why I am a Protestant." The defendant maintained that persons of contrary religious views were responsible for the fire.

Heroic Boy Saves Girl.

BROCKVILLE, Ont., Oct. 20.—Beatrice Daley, six years old, fell into the St. Lawrence river and was saved from death by Delaine Polow, aged 11, who pluckily jumped into the water, held the small girl with one hand and swam to shore.

Prisoner Goes To War.

KINGSTON, Oct. 20.—Bombardier Boucher, who was serving a term in the Central for assaulting a little girl, was released yesterday to enlist for overseas duty. He left here for Montreal to enlist.

CASTORIA

For Infants and Children.

The Kind You Have Always Bought

Bears the Signature of

W. D. Hoagland

From Girlhood

THE change may be critical and cause untold suffering in after-life. The modern young woman is often a "bundle of nerves"—"high strung"—fainting spells—emotional—frequently blue and dissatisfied with life. Such girls should be helped over this distressing stage in life—by a woman's tonic and nerve—that has proven successful for over 40 years.

Dr. Pierce's Favorite Prescription

is a keen enemy to the physical weaknesses of woman. A medicine prepared by regular graduated physician of unusual experience in treating woman's diseases—carefully adapted to work in harmony with the most delicate feminine constitution.

It is now obtainable in liquid or sugar-coated tablet form at the drug store—or send 50 one-cent stamps for a trial box, to Buffalo.

Every woman may write fully and confidentially to Dr. Pierce and his staff of physicians and Specialists at the Invalids' Hotel and Surgical Institute, Buffalo, N. Y., and may be sure that her case will receive careful, conscientious, confidential consideration, and that experienced medical advice will be given to her free.

DR. PIERCE'S PLEASANT PELLETS regulate and invigorate stomach, liver and bowels. Sugar coated, tiny granules easy to take as candy.

to
Womanhood

A MODERN SLAVE MART

**TRAFFIC IN HUMAN CHATTELS
STILL GOES ON IN MOROCCO.**

On a Certain Day In Each Week In Fez and In Marrakesh Men, Women and Children Are Offered For Sale—Auction Begins With Public Prayer and Then the Buyers Examine the "Goods."

I had for many years had an idea that slavery to-day was dead, even in Africa, so far as the buying and selling of men and women were concerned. But I know different now. And I suppose my mistake arose from having heard so often when a boy at school about the "Abolition of Negro Slavery," the "Putting down of the Traffic in Slaves," etc., etc., with sundry eulogiums on Britain's glory thereat! However, as I have just said, my eyes were opened three years or so ago, when I spent some time in Morocco, says a writer in a London magazine.

I do not intend here and now to describe at length the mysterious city of Fez. There is the new town and the old one, respectively named Fez-el-Jedid and Fez-Bali. The streets are very tortuous and extremely narrow, as in most Moorish towns; there are many fine gardens, especially those belonging to the Sultan. Of course, all the houses are flat-roofed, and generally of three stories; the number of mosques is great, and many are very beautiful.

Under the guidance of my astute and clever Moor, who seemed to know all sorts of folk in Fez, both high and low, and got leave for me to view many things I should certainly not have viewed otherwise, I had two or three very interesting days in Fez. But the chief attraction to me—for it was the one thing I was never likely to see outside Morocco, was the slave market.

Here, on a stated day each week, you can buy almost any sort of slave you may wish. They stand in rows, or in small gangs—men, women, and children, though the two latter classes predominate, and the woman-class is largest of all. Sometimes they are fully dressed, generally they are not. For when a Moor wants to purchase a slave-girl he usually is very far from being willing to buy "a pig in a poke," as we say in England. He has a keen eye for appraising a good female figure

slaves at Marrakesh stand within little places in an arcade, about the middle of the market; and one custom obtains there which was not in evidence at Fez, or at least I did not see it, namely, when the auctioneers wish to make a woman slave appear specially attractive, after first showing her more or less a la the Garden of Eden, they dress her up in really fine clothes, borrowed for the occasion, ere they offer her for sale, to show prospective buyers what a beauty she would make, as an additional wife or inmate of the harem.

It certainly made me think furiously, as the French say, to find that the Dillals (auctioneers) began the sale with public prayer.

The auctioneer lead the slave by the hand round a circle, for general inspection. After a bid is made the auctioneer tries to get a higher one, by constantly repeating this bid, and enlarging on the beauty, or strength, or capability of the slave.

HANDLING BAGGAGE.

A System That Simplifies Matters For the Railroad Men.

Like most other mysteries, that of handling the thousands of pieces of luggage that come to a great railroad station has a simple solution. It seems to the layman that there must be confusion when incoming trains dump hundreds of trunks and hand bags into the baggage rooms for distribution to all quarters of the city. System, which has come to play an important part in all business nowadays, has made baggage handling a rather simple matter for the railroads. It is the use of a key number that does the trick.

Travelers have noticed that their check numbers run into six figures, if they pay attention to the figures on their checks at all. It is the third of these units, counting back from the final number, that is the key to the whole system of distribution. The expressman who handles the baggage for its home distribution hands in to the baggage agent his mass of collected checks, all sorted on that basis, and the baggage handlers hustle the stuff out with very little delay.

Suppose he has only a few checks from an incoming local train. They may read 384741, 384201, 384509, 384735, 384812, 384487, 384022, 384250, 384739, 384747, 384058 and 384123. In each case the first three figures are identical—384. The first variation begins with the fourth, or hundreds, unit. By means of this unit he separates his checks—all the 7's in one bunch, all the 5's in another, and so on.

THE MENACING SEA

**It Threatens to Some Day Engulf
New York and Boston.**

In Time, Thousands of Years, Perhaps, the Atlantic Ocean, According to Geologists, Will Flow Over the Cities That Now Tower Above Its Shores.

Government geological experts have calculated that New York, Boston, Philadelphia and all the other cities along the Atlantic coast will eventually sink beneath the ocean. They have observed that there has been a steady sinking of the whole coast, and they say that it is going on at the present moment.

Geologists have long recognized the fact that the Atlantic coast line was much farther out than it is now. There is a line from 100 to 800 miles off the present coast at which the water suddenly gets deeper. Out to that distance the water is generally about 800 feet deep. Then it plunges suddenly and becomes ten times as far to the ocean's bottom. The men of the coast survey have traced this line throughout the length of our coast line and find it similar all along. The geologists say that the continent once reached out that far and that there was the coast line, but a gradual decline through the ages has caused that line to retreat, until now it is where we know it.

From a geological standpoint this has happened in comparatively recent times. It has all been done since the glacial period. This brings it into the present period and makes the action new. In fact it is positively known to be going on now.

There is an ancient sill in the Charlestown navy yard at Boston with regard to which there is definite information as to its elevation. It was put in place seventy years ago; its elevation was given with relation to mean, high and low tide, and also with reference to surrounding landmarks. With relation to the tide this sill has sunk seven-tenths of a foot. With relation to the landmarks it has the same position, a positive proof that Boston harbor and the city about it have sunk seven-tenths of a foot into the sea in the last seventy years.

The original mouth of the Hudson river is now 200 miles out to sea. The ships follow its old channel in leaving port even now. It is not known how long ago it was when the mouth of the river was not far out in the ocean. But it is almost a certainty that when a similar time has elapsed the present city will be an equal distance from the then land.

Similarly will Boston be submerged. Baltimore will disappear at about the same time and great portions of Washington. The great Mississippi is bringing down great deposits to raise its delta and counterbalance the decline. So low is New Orleans that it will be one of the first cities to sink below the sea level and be a municipality high walled against the enemy, the sea. Galveston has already felt the encroachment of the waters and has been forced to build itself a sea wall.

The geological survey makes topographical maps. On these lines are run at given elevations. For instance, a line may be run about Manhattan Island at a level twenty feet above the

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The Proprietary or Patent Medicine
A Vegetable Preparation for
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ulating the Stomachs and Bowels

INFANTS & CHILDREN

Promotes Digestion, Cleanness and Rest. Contains no Opium, Morphine nor Min. **NOT NARCOTIC.**

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Parsnip Seed -
 Aloe Senna -
 Bechella Sella -
 Anise Seed -
 Pimento -
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 Castor Seed -
 Nuxomargin Flavor.

A perfect Remedy for Constipation, Sour Stomach, Diarrhea, Worms, Convulsions, Feverishness and LOSS OF SLEEP

Facsimile Signature of
Chas. H. Fletcher
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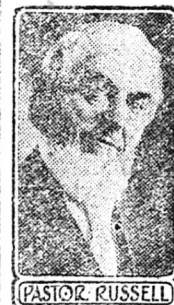
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STARVING FOR THE BREAD OF LIFE

"Blessed Are They That Hunger
Thirst After Righteousness."

A Famine In the Land—Many He
Crying Out For God—Faint
Want of Spiritual Food—Table
Divine Provision Well Filled
The Bread of Life—The Water
Life—A Satisfying Portion.



PASTOR RUSSELL

October 11.
For his text
day Pastor F
sell chose
words, "Beh
the days co
saith the L
God, that I
send a famine
the land, no
famine of br
nor a thirst
water, but
hearing the w
of the Lord.
Amos 8:11.
Not withsta
ing the fact that during the 1
century Bibles have been prin

likely to see outside Morocco, was the slave market.

Here, on a stated day each week, you can buy almost any sort of slave you may wish. They stand in rows, or in small gangs—men, women, and children, though the two latter classes predominate, and the woman-class is largest of all. Sometimes they are fully dressed, generally they are not. For when a Moor wants to purchase a slave-girl he usually is very far from being willing to buy "a pig in a poke," as we say in England. He has a keen eye for appraising a good female figure and beautiful features, whether white, black, or copper-colored. And he is not giving any big price for an old or incapable slave, even of the woman kind, let alone of the male type.

My guide, friendly and somewhat old acquaintance as he was, could not be got to say where the slaves came from. He professed utter ignorance of this, beyond saying that caravans brought them from across the desert! Sometimes the slaves are sold privately, and sometimes by auction, for there are regular "auctioneers" engaged in this business, and the slave goes to the highest bidder. There is often strong competition for a really fine-looking girl, of from sixteen to thirty, and the bidders often get excited over this, not a common thing for Moors in most matters.

The buyers walk leisurely round the market, surveying the slaves offered for sale, feeling their limbs, and examining them, much as men buying horses or cattle do in our land. And the slaves themselves, for the most part, are sullen, or at least indifferent, though now and then you, watching closely, may see the scornful curl of the lip of a young woman, as some fat, old, ugly Moslem leers at her when about to bid, or feels her arms and body in order to place a value on her. And sudden flashes of eyes and quivers of lovely nostrils prove that these slaves have not lost all interest of feeling, despite their wretched plight.

It is something, however, to be able to record that, for the most part, once they are bought, the slaves are generally well-treated. The Moor does not like to lose the full value for money spent; also the authorities, so far as they can keep an eye on the women in a house, and, whilst allowing the Moorish master a very wide latitude indeed with regard to his wife, or wives, and female slaves, they do not allow him to ill-treat even the latter on the lines of "Uncle Tom's Cabin." And so the slave, once purchased, whether meant to live in Fez or in a distant part of Morocco, generally settles down to a more or less prosaic and satisfactory life, as an inmate of the Moorish household.

These slave markets at Fez and Marrakesh, known as the "Sok-el-Guezel," are unique of their kind in Northern Africa. A visit to the latter market was at Fez. The ground of the "Soks" is strewn with clean sand, and the walls enclosing the Sok have several recesses, covered so as to shelter buyers and spectators from the hot sun. The

baggage agent his mass of collected checks, all sorted on that basis, and the baggage handlers hustle the stuff out with very little delay.

Suppose he has only a few checks from an incoming local train. They may read 384741, 384201, 384599, 384735, 384812, 384487, 384622, 384256, 384739, 384747, 384056 and 384123. In each case the first three figures are identical—384. The first variation begins with the fourth, or hundreds, unit. By means of this unit he separates his checks—all the 7's in one bunch, all the 5's in another, and so on.

In the baggage room the trunks and bags are distributed as soon as received in ten apartments, each bearing a unit number, from 0 to 9. That number invariably represents the hundreds unit of the claimant's check. The trunk with a 384543 check would go to the same compartment as one numbered 385543 or 383543 or 12543 or 987543. The figure 5 is the key figure, with the result that there is never any confusion or trouble in locating the baggage desired. It would be in the compartment numbered 5.

This simple plan solves the mystery as to the prompt location of a piece of hand baggage when a passenger rolls up to the baggage room door in a taxi to get the piece of luggage he has had checked and has to wait but a moment to obtain it. It is a very simple solution of the trouble that a few years ago annoyed all travelers who had to wait for baggage to be transferred from one terminal to another in their own conveyances.

It Was Lincoln's Knife.

Lincoln was always ready to join in a laugh at his own expense and used to tell the following story with intense enjoyment: "In the days when I used to be on the circuit I was accosted in the cars by a stranger, who said, 'Excuse me, sir, but I have an article in my possession which belongs to you.' 'How is that?' I asked, considerably astonished. The stranger took a jack-knife from his pocket. 'This knife,' said he, 'was placed in my hands some years ago with the injunction that I was to keep it until I found a man uglier than myself. I have carried it from that time to this. Allow me to say, sir, that I think you are fairly entitled to the property.'"—"Everyday Life of Abraham Lincoln."

Greatest Song Writers.

The immortal quartet of song writers are Goethe, Helne, Burns and Beranger. Of the four Burns is by far the most popular. Goethe was at heart an "Olympian" and in all things a critic; Helne was in his deepest soul a pessimist and cynic; Beranger, while much more human, was a little bit too critical, while Burns, democratic to the core and of immense sympathy, threw himself into the common human life of the world with a whole heart and wrote the songs that will live and be loved while humanity endures.—New York American.

Weight of a Gallon of Milk.

"What is the standard weight for sweet milk?"

A quart of milk weighs 2.153 pounds and a gallon 8.612 pounds, or a quart 2.15 pounds and a gallon 8.6 pounds. It is understood that the temperature of the milk and the relative proportions of the butter fat and solids not butter fat cause the weight of milk to vary, but the weights stated above are those generally used.—Progressive Farmer.

same time and great portions of Washington. The great Mississippi is bringing down great deposits to raise its delta and counterbalance the decline. So low is New Orleans that it will be one of the first cities to sink below the sea level and be a municipality high walled against the enemy, the sea. Galveston has already felt the encroachment of the waters and has been forced to build itself a sea wall.

The geological survey makes topographical maps. On these lines are run at given elevations. For instance, a line may be run about Manhattan Island at a level twenty feet above the water at the Battery. It would submerge the customs house and extend up Broadway nearly to Wall street. From the east it would invade the financial district almost to Nassau street. It would overflow half the land between the city hall and the East river. Farther up it would submerge a narrower strip, but its intrusion would create great havoc.

A fifty foot rise of water would wipe Manhattan Island out entirely. Of course, if these depressions came on very gradually the water fronts would be diked against their intrusions. In this way New York city might be saved from destruction for a very long time. It will inevitably become a city surrounded by a high levee, against which the ocean will beat with an ever increasing advantage. It might perpetuate itself by artificial means, but in the end it will be put in an impossible position. The waters will follow over the flats of New Jersey and of Long Island.

They will even beat back through the Delaware and the Chesapeake and get beyond the city and cut off communication with the main part of the land. Finally, New York will find itself a city down in a well far out from the mainland. Gradually the people who dwell in it will desert it and repair to the then mainland. The waters will eventually lap away the great walls that have been built to keep out the sea and will tumble in among the skyscrapers.—W. A. Du Puy's "Uncle Sam, Wonder Worker."

Presence of Mind.

Only the other day a great steel beam was being brought up to a giddy height by hoisting apparatus. As it passed a girder on which several men were at work the beam turned just enough to push one of them off, says Harper's Weekly. The man seized the beam and was swung far over the street. His weight gradually moved toward the end of the girder to which he clung, and in a few moments he would have been thrown off, when a fellow workman sprang for the other end, thus balancing it, and together they were lowered to the ground.

Some people are like wheelbarrows—they don't go unless they are pushed.

A man doesn't have to be ambidextrous to be sure he is right and then get left.

Different Ideas.

"I'm paying all my debts. I believe the end of the world will come next month."

"I don't understand your logic. If I thought the end of the world was coming next month I'd order a lot of stuff on credit now."—Pittsburgh Post.

Self Denial.

Teacher—What do you understand by the words "self denial?" Pupil—It is when some one comes to borrow money from father and he says he is not at home.—Fliegende Blätter.



PASTOR RUSSELL

ing the fact that during the 19th century Bibles have been printed and circulated by the million, the Pastor, notwithstanding the fact that education has become so general that nearly everybody can read God's Word, nevertheless we are in the midst of the very famine spoken of by the Prophet. It seems most incredible, he declared, that should be famishing now with Bibles in our homes, when our saintly fathers did not famish, though education was limited.

The secret lies in the fact that increasing intelligence has awakened our reasoning faculties along various lines, and the result is the gnawing of hunger in our hearts. Our hearts and our flesh cry out for a living and true God. Realizing our own impotency, we more than feel our need of the Friend who sticketh closer than a brother.

Consequently many cannot find refreshment from Scripture which their forefathers derived. Consequently the young men and the best of heart in the world are repelled by the religion represented in the creeds of all denominations. They are hungry for the Truth, thirsty for the refreshment which they need. Intellectually many are wandering from sea to sea, desiring the Bread and the Water of Life, as our text pictures.

Scanning the creeds of all denominations, they find these practices alike as respects theories of eternal reprobation and damnation for except the Elect. They even look to the heathen, and examine the Theology of India, the Buddhism of Japan, and the Confucianism of China, seeking some satisfying portion of Truth.

In some respects they are like the prodigal son—far from home. They perceive the swinish content with husks of business, money, pleasure and politics, but cannot satisfy their spiritual longings with these husks. They are thought peculiar because of their interest in spiritual things. They are misunderstood by their best friends.

The Bread and the Water of Life.

Next was demonstrated that there is a famine in every denomination of the world over. No one thinks of looking to the Bible for refreshment and strength. Higher Critics have branded it unreliable. Professors at all the great universities reprobate it and openly laugh at the thought of finding either bread for the hungry or water for the thirsty.

Hungry hearts must learn, however, that there is only one satisfying portion under the sun—the living God, who has sent Jesus Christ to be the Bread of Life for mankind and His Message of grace to be the Water of Life. It is ours to call attention of this hungry class to the Great Teacher who said, "My flesh is food indeed, and My blood drink indeed; except ye eat the flesh of the Son of Man, and drink My blood, ye have no life in you." I scarcely will the intelligent of today hearken to these words, so prejudiced are their minds by the false

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is interested and should know about the wonderful
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Ask your druggist for it. If he cannot supply the MARVEL, accept no other, but send stamp for illustrated book—sealed. It gives full particulars and directions invaluable to ladies. WINDSOR SUPPLY CO., Windsor, Ont. General Agents for Canada.

Children Cry
FOR FLETCHER'S
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A Vegetable Preparation for Assimilating the Food and Regulating the Stomachs and Bowels of

INFANTS & CHILDREN

Promotes Digestion, Cheerfulness and Rest. Contains neither Opium, Morphine nor Mineral.

NOT NARCOTIC.

Recipe of Old Dr. J. C. PITCHER

Pumpkin Seed—

Aloe Senna—

Castor Oil—

Prepared in

the Caribbean Sea—

Veratrum—

Citric Acid—

Water—

A perfect Remedy for Constipation, Sour Stomach, Diarrhoea, Worms, Convulsions, Feverishness and LOSS OF SLEEP.

Facsimile Signature of

Dr. J. C. Pitcher.

THE CENTAUR COMPANY,
MONTREAL & NEW YORK

At 6 months old

35 Doses—35 CENTS

Exact Copy of Wrapper.

CASTORIA

For Infants and Children.

Mothers Know That

Genuine Castoria

Always

Bears the

Signature

of

Chas. H. Fletcher.

In Use

For Over

Thirty Years

CASTORIA

THE CENTAUR COMPANY, NEW YORK CITY.

TARVING FOR THE BREAD OF LIFE

lessed Are They That Hunger and Thirst After Righteousness."

Famine In the Land—Many Hearts Crying Out For God—Faint For Want of Spiritual Food—Table of Divine Provision Well Filled—The Bread of Life—The Water of Life—A Satisfying Portion.



ASTOR RUSSELL

October 11. — For his text to-day Pastor Russell chose the words, "Behold, the days come, saith the Lord God, that I will send a famine in the land, not a famine of bread, nor a thirst for water, but of hearing the words of the Lord."—Amos 8:11.

Notwithstanding the fact that during the past century Bibles have been printed

cies which becloud their understanding. They neither see nor understand the goodness of God.

Conditions to-day are much the same as in Israel at the time of our Lord's First Advent. The Master's explanation is applicable now. He said, "Ye make the Law of God void through your traditions"—"the traditions of the elders." The traditions handed down from our forefathers really make meaningless the Message of God's Wisdom and Love sent us through our Lord, the Apostles and the Prophets. Those who still hold tenaciously to the creeds of the past are thoroughly blinded to the true teachings of God's Word; while, alas! the majority of independent thinkers, in rejecting the dogmas of the past, have rejected the Bible also, believing that the creeds truthfully represent the Word of God.

God's Word a Satisfying Portion.

The Pastor declared that it is this truth-hungry class that he addresses. He knows from experience their heart-longings, and the satisfaction which they crave he has received. In harmony with the Master's instructions, he aims to "bind up the broken-hearted, to comfort those that mourn."

As the Master gave His time to the instruction of the people in the doctrines of God's Word, so His faithful followers should not teach the precepts of men, but the Scriptures.

THE MARKETS

CHICAGO, Oct. 19.—Stress of export demand brought about an almost constant tightening of values today in wheat. There was a nervous feeling at the close, which ranged 2c to 2 1-4c above Saturday night's level. Corn gained 1-2c net and oats 8-4c to 7-8c. The outcome in provisions varied from 5c decline to an advance of 10c.

TORONTO GRAIN MARKET.

Wheat, fall, bushel.....	\$1 15 to \$....
Goose wheat, bushel.....	1 10
Barley, bushel.....	0 67 0 63
Peas, bushel.....	1 25
Oats, bushel.....	0 54 0 55
Rye, bushel.....	0 85
Buckwheat, bushel.....	0 75

TORONTO DAIRY MARKET.

Butter, creamery, lb. sq.....	0 29 0 31
Butter, creamery, solids.....	0 28 0 29
Butter, separator, dairy.....	0 27 0 28
Cheese, new, lb.....	0 16
Eggs, new-laid.....	0 27 0 28
Honey, new, lb.....	0 11 0 12
Honey, combs, dozen.....	2 50 3 00

WINNIPEG GRAIN MARKET.

WINNIPEG, Oct. 19.—Prices opened strong, 3/4c to 1/2c up, with demand good, advanced further. Cash demand was good for all grades, altho not quite so keen as on Saturday. Exporters bought freely of futures.

Cash: No. 1 northern, \$1.17 1/4; No. 2 do., \$1.13 1/4; No. 3 do., \$1.08 1/4; No. 4 do., \$1.02 1/4; No. 5 do., 98 1/2c; No. 6 do., 93 1/2c; feed, 89 1/2c.

Oats—No. 2 C.W., 54 1/4c; No. 3 C.W., 50 1/4c; extra No. 1 feed, 50 1/2c; No. 1 feed, 49 1/2c; No. 2 feed, 48c.

Barley—No. 4, 61 1/2c; rejected, 59c; feed, 57 1/2c.

Flax—No. 1 N.W.C., \$1.14; No. 2 C.W., \$1.11.

MONTREAL GRAIN MARKET.


MONTREAL, Oct. 19.—Cables on Manitoba spring wheat were strong again today, at a further advance 3/4d to 9d per quarter, with a fair demand from overseas buyers for supplies, but owing to the raise of 2c per bushel in the Winnipeg market the bids were all out of line and no further sales were made. The local market for oats was stronger at an advance of 1/4c to 1/2c per bushel, but the demand is still limited for carlots. The trade in corn and barley is quiet. The tone of the flour market is stronger, owing to the steady upward tendency of prices for wheat, but no actual change has taken place yet. The demand is still and quiet from both local and country buyers. The trade is more active in rolled oats. Millfeed is quiet and the condition of the market is unsettled. Cheese is quiet but firm. Exports for the week were 4927 boxes, as compared with 63,506 for the same week a year ago.

An easier feeling has developed in the market for butter and prices at the auction sales today were 1/4c to 5-8c per pound lower, finest creamery selling at 27 1/4c.

Demand for eggs is fair. Dressed hogs are 25c per 100 pounds lower.

TWO NERVOUS WOMEN

Made Well By Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound.



Philadelphia, Pa. — "I had a severe case of nervous prostration, with palpitation of the heart, constipation, headaches, dizziness, noise in my ears, timid, nervous, restless feelings and sleeplessness.

"I read in the paper where a young woman had been cured of the same troubles by taking Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound so I threw away the medicines the doctor left me and began taking the Compound. Before I had taken half a bottle I was able to sit up and in a short time I was able to do all my work. Your medicine has proved itself able to do all you say it will and I have recommended it in every household I have visited."—Mrs. MARY JOHNSTON, 210 Siegel Street, Philadelphia, Pa.

Another Bad Case.

Ephrata, Pa. — "About a year ago I was pale and weak and would have hysterical spells, sick headaches and a bad pain under my shoulder-blade. I was under the care of different doctors but did not improve. I was so weak I could hardly stand long enough to do my dishes.

"Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound has made me well and happy and I have begun to gain in weight and my face looks healthy now."—Mrs. J. W. HORNBERGER, R. No. 3, Ephrata, Pa.

If you want special advice write to Lydia E. Pinkham Medicine Co. (confidential) Lynn, Mass. Your letter will be opened, read and answered by a woman and held in strict confidence.

THEY WERE WELL MATCHED.

Why the Ramseys Were Like Old Joe Murchison's Team.

"It seems strange that the Ramseys should have married each other," said Mrs. Pilman.

"Strange? Not at all, my dear!" replied her husband. "They are well mated—as well mated as old Joe Murchison's horses were."

"I don't know anything about Murchison's horses," said Mrs. Pilman, "but I know that Mr. Ramsey is big and handsome and indolent, and Mrs. Ramsey is always at work and is thrifty into the bargain."

"That bears out what I say, my dear," said her husband. "Let me explain. In that remote and 'dark ages' period of my life before I knew you they offered a prize at the annual fair for the best matched pair of agricultural horses. There were some beauties brought in, so that everybody laughed when old Joe Murchison came driving along a great, handsome, slow moving horse harnessed with a wiry, scrawny little beast that took two steps to the big fellow's one.

"That's a finely matched pair!" somebody shouted.

"So they be!" agreed Joe complacently. "So they be! The best matched pair in the county! One's willin' to do all the work an' t'other's willin' he

CATTLE MARKETS

UNION STOCK YARDS.

TORONTO, Oct. 19.—Receipts of live stock at the Union Yards were 4508 cattle, 1355 hogs, 1906 sheep and lambs and 365 calves.

Butchers' Cattle.

Choice heavy steers sold at \$7.90 to \$8.15; good steers and heifers, \$7.50 to \$7.75; medium, \$7 to \$7.25; common, \$6 to \$6.50; choice cows, \$6.50 to \$6.75; good cows, \$6 to \$6.25; medium cows, \$5.50 to \$5.75; common, \$5 to \$5.50; canners and cutters, \$3.50 to \$4.75; bulls, \$4.75 to \$7.

Stockers and Feeders.

Choice steers, 950 to 1000 lbs., \$6.75 to \$7; good steers, \$6.25 to \$6.50; medium steers, \$5.75 to \$6; good stockers, \$5.25 to \$5.75; common eastern stockers, \$4 to \$5.

Milkers and Springers.

A light run of milkers and springers sold at \$55 to \$90 each, the bulk going at \$70 to \$80.

Veal Calves.

Choice calves sold at \$10 to \$11; good calves, \$8.50 to \$9.50; medium, \$7.50 to \$8.25; common calves, \$6 to \$7; inferior, rough eastern grass calves, \$4.50 to \$5.75.



day Pastor Russell chose the words, "Behold, the days come, saith the Lord God, that I will send a famine in the land, not a famine of bread, nor a thirst for water, but of hearing the words of the Lord."—Amos 8:11.

Notwithstanding the fact that during the past century Bibles have been printed and circulated by the million, said the Pastor, notwithstanding the fact that education has become so general that nearly everybody can read God's Word, nevertheless we are in the midst of the very famine specified by the Prophet. It seems almost incredible, he declared, that we could be famishing now with Bibles in our homes, when our saintly forefathers did not famish, though education was limited.

The secret lies in the fact that increasing intelligence has awakened in reasoning faculties along religious lines, and the result is the gnawing of hunger in our hearts. Our hearts and our flesh cry out for a living and true God. Realizing our own impotency, we more than ever feel our need of the Friend that seeketh closer than a brother. Consequently many cannot find the refreshment from Scripture which our forefathers derived. Consequently the young men and the pursuit of heart in the world are repelled by the religion represented in the seeds of all denominations. They are hungry for the Truth, thirsty for a refreshment which they need. Intellectually many are wandering from sea to sea, desiring the Bread of the Water of Life, as our context pictures.

Scanning the creeds of all denominations, they find these practically like as respects theories of eternal probation and damnation for all except the Elect. They even look to the heathen, and examine the Theosophy of India, the Buddhism of Japan and the Confucianism of China, seeking some satisfying portion of Truth. In some respects they are like the prodigal son—far from home. They receive the swinish content with the tasks of business, money, pleasure and politics, but cannot satisfy their spiritual longings with these husks. They are thought peculiar because their interest in spiritual things. They are misunderstood by even their best friends.

The Bread and the Water of Life.

Next was demonstrated that there is a famine in every denomination in the world over. No one thinks of looking to the Bible for refreshment and strength. Higher Critics have rendered it unreliable. Professors in the great universities reprobate and openly laugh at the thought of finding either bread for the hungry or water for the thirsty. Hungry hearts must learn, however, that there is only one satisfying portion under the sun—the living God, who has sent Jesus Christ to the Bread of Life for mankind. His Message of grace to be the Water of Life. It is ours to call the attention of this hungry class to the great Teacher who said, "My flesh is food indeed, and My blood is drink indeed; except ye eat the flesh of the Son of Man, and drink His blood, ye have no life in you." But surely will the intelligent of our day hearken to these words, so predicted are their minds by the fallacy.

Children Cry FOR FLETCHER'S CASTORIA

God's Word a Satisfying Portion.
The Pastor declared that it is this truth-hungry class that he addresses. He knows from experience their heart-longings, and the satisfaction which they crave he has received. In harmony with the Master's instructions, he aims to "bind up the broken-hearted, to comfort those that mourn."

As the Master gave His time to the instruction of the people in the doctrines of God's Word, so His faithful followers should not teach the precepts of men, but the Scriptures. Nevertheless, they must expect that the modern Scribes and Pharisees will grieve that they teach the people, even as during the First Advent the religious teachers opposed the Master and His disciples.

Baskets For Shells.
Baskets are used a great deal by the German army for carrying shells and cartridges.

Nothing Left Behind.
"Are you afraid to go away and leave your windows unlocked?"
"Not at all. What is there to be afraid of?"
"I should think you'd be afraid that thieves would get in and steal your valuables."
"Oh, no. We don't own more jewelry than my wife can wear."

Laboratory Projected.
A solar physics laboratory is to be erected in New Zealand, at Nelson. The site will probably be on a summit known as the Fringe, which has an elevation 2,500 feet above sea level.

His Complaint.
"Let me see," said the doctor as the patient walked into his office. "What is your complaint now?"
"Why, your bill is too large," was the quick and startling reply.

An Old Acquaintance.
A resourceful girl, having danced a pink party frock to ribbons, took what was left of it and made a wonderful lamp shade. The next evening she was entertaining a caller in the soft light and she said to him quite casually: "How do you like my new lamp shade?"
William regarded it for a moment critically, then he said: "The last time I saw that shade I danced with it."—New York Post.

Imposition.
"I don't see why lawyers should get imposed on so much," said Farmer Compostel.
"Imposed on!"
"Yes. Every time one gets a government office he says he is compelled to give up a lucrative practice."—Washington Star.

Cocoa Bean Currency.
When Mexico was discovered by the Spaniards, in 1519, cocoa beans were used for currency. The Spaniards found two and a half millions pounds of beans in the national treasury.

Buying Stocks.
Willis—There are two ways of buying stocks. One is to buy outright. Gillis—Yes; the other is to buy in wrong.—Puck.

Shiloh
The family remedy for Coughs and Colds. Small dose. Small bottle. Best since 1870.

\$7.75; medium, \$7 to \$7.75; common, \$6.75 to \$6.50; choice cows, \$6.50 to \$6.75; good to \$6.50; \$6 to \$6.25; medium cows, \$5.50 to \$5.75; common, \$5 to \$5.50; canners and cutters, \$3.50 to \$4.75; bulls, \$4.75 to \$7.
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Milkers and Springers.
A light run of milkers and springers sold at \$55 to \$90 each, the bulk going at \$70 to \$80.

Veal Calves.
Choice calves sold at \$10 to \$11; good calves, \$5.50 to \$9.50; medium, \$7.50 to \$8.25; common calves, \$6 to \$7; inferior, rough eastern grass calves, \$4.50 to \$5.75.
Sheep and Lambs.
Sheep, light ewes, sold at \$5 to \$8; heavy ewes and rams, \$4 to \$4.75; culls, \$2.50 to \$3.50; lambs, \$7.65 to \$7.90, the bulk at \$7.75 to \$7.80; culls at \$6 to \$6.50.
Hogs.
The hog market is on the decline; prices dropped 25c per cwt. Selects, fed and watered, sold at \$8, and \$8.25 weighed off cars, and \$7.65 f.o.b. cars at country points.

MONTREAL LIVE STOCK.
MONTREAL, Oct. 19.—At the Montreal Stock Yards, west end market, for butchers' cattle today, the supply being smaller than a week ago and especially in good, useful grades, so there was a better feeling in the market and prices were maintained, but the market for canning stock was stronger owing to lighter offerings, prices advancing 10c to 15c per cwt., with a good demand from packers. Bulls were in good demand at \$4.75 to \$5, and cows at \$3.75 to \$4 per cwt. The trade in butchers' stock was only fair, because the demand from packers was smaller than usual, as they bought pretty freely last week at the decline in prices and carried over a fair stock of dressed beef. Choice steers by the carload changed hands at \$8 to \$8.25 and good at \$7.60 to \$7.75 per cwt.
The weaker feeling which developed in the market a week ago for sheep was the principal feature of this department of the trade again today and prices scored a further decline of 25c per cwt.
Ewes sold at \$5 to \$5.25 and bucks and culls at \$4.50 to \$4.75 per cwt.
Lambs were steady and in good demand. Ontario stock brought \$7.25 to \$7.50, and Quebec \$6.50 to \$7 per cwt.
Mill-fed calves were sold at 60 to 70 per pound live weight.
The market for hogs continues weak, with a decline of 35c to 50c per cwt. shown. Sales of selected lots were made at \$8.50 to \$8.65, sows at \$6.50 to \$6.65, and stags at \$4.25 to \$4.35 per cwt. weighed off cars.
Butchers' cattle, choice, \$8 to \$8.25; do., medium, \$7 to \$7.75; do., common, \$5.50 to \$6.50; canners, \$3.75 to \$5; butchers' cattle, choice cows, \$7.25 to \$7.50; do., medium, \$6.25 to \$6.75; do., bulls, \$5.50 to \$7; milkers, choice, each, \$75 to \$80; do., common and medium, each, \$65 to \$70; springers, \$55 to \$60.
Sheep, ewes, \$5 to \$5.25; bucks and culls, \$4.50 to \$4.75.
Lambs, \$6.75 to \$7.50.
Hogs—F.o.b., \$8.50 to \$8.65.
Calves—\$5 to \$20.

EAST BUFFALO LIVE STOCK.
EAST BUFFALO, Oct. 19.—Cattle—Receipts 5500 head; slow; prime steers, \$9.40 to \$10; shipping, \$8.50 to \$9.25; butchers, \$6.75 to \$8.75; heifers, \$6 to \$7.75; cows, \$3.75 to \$7; bulls, \$5 to \$7.25; stockers and feeders, \$6 to \$7.25; stock heifers, \$5 to \$5.75.
Veals—Receipts 1600 head; active; \$5 to \$12.
Hogs—Receipts, 23,500 head; active; heavy and mixed, \$7.90 to \$7.95; yorkers, \$7.25 to \$7.90; pigs, \$7; roughs, \$6.75 to \$6.90; stags, \$6 to \$6.50.
Sheep and lambs—Receipts, 10,000 head; sheep slow; lambs, active; lambs, \$5.50 to \$8.15; yearlings, \$4.50 to \$6.75; wethers, \$5.75 to \$5.90; ewes, \$2.50 to \$3.50; sheep, mixed, \$5.50 to \$6.65.

Dr. Morse's Indian Root Pills
are made according to a formula in use nearly a century ago among the Indians, and learned from them by Dr. Morse. Though repeated attempts have been made, by physicians and chemists, it has been found impossible to improve the formula or the pills. Dr. Morse's Indian Root Pills are a household remedy throughout the world for Constipation and all Kidney and Liver troubles. They act promptly and effectively, and

Cleanse the System

they offered a prize at the annual fair for the best matched pair of agricultural horses. There were some beauties brought in, so that everybody laughed when old Joe Marchison came driving along a great, handsome, slow moving horse harnessed with a wiry, scrawny little beast that took two steps to the big fellow's one.
"That's a finely matched pair! somebody shouted.
"So they be!" agreed Joe complacently. "So they be! The best matched pair in the county! One's willin' to do all the work an' t'other's willin' he should!"—Exchange.

THE OLD YORK ROAD.

Built in 1711, It Was the First Great American Highway.
Something over 200 years ago there was built the first great American highway, "the old York road," between New York and Philadelphia. The construction of this famous road in 1711 was an example that led the energetic colonists at other points along the Atlantic seaboard to make similar roads where there were no water routes. For the most part these roads were built by chartered companies and were called turnpikes or toll roads. Pennsylvania, Connecticut and New Jersey had many roads of this kind.
The first macadamized road in this country was constructed in 1792 between Philadelphia and Lancaster. In 1811 there were said to be 4,500 miles of chartered turnpikes in New England and New York. During the next twenty years the government expended many millions of dollars in constructing great highways, but the panic of 1837 and the building of railways and canals put an end to that branch of the government work.—Washington Star.

Wanted a Little Praise Himself.
Following a disastrous fire in a western city, many men and women gathered to look at the ruins. Some of the men, seeing that a wall near which they were standing was topping, made haste to get out of the way and narrowly escaped being crushed.
Johnny Brabson, a good Irish citizen, was so near the wall that he could not escape with the others. So, whirling about, he made for a door in the wall, burst through it and came out on the other side safe and evidently very proud of his exploit. Women who had shut their eyes and shrieked when they saw his danger now gathered round him in great joy and cried out:
"Praise heaven, Johnny Brabson, down on your knees and thank heaven!"
"Yis, yis," said he, "and I will, but wasn't it injaneeyous in me, now?"—Youth's Companion.

"Kubisagar!"
One of the strangest diseases is known as kubisagar. It is common in northern Japan and in a small district on the Franco-Swiss frontier, but unknown elsewhere. Its symptoms are a sudden paralysis of certain muscles, loss of vision and vertigo. The attacks last about ten minutes and continue from May to November, recovery always coming in the autumn. Nothing is known about its cause, though Dr. P. L. Couchaud describes in the Presse Medicale a microbe he found in the cerebro spinal fluid and the milk of persons suffering from the disease. The name kubisagar is Japanese and means "drop head."

CANADIAN NORTHERN RAILWAY

TORONTO OTTAWA

New NIGHT SERVICE

DAILY

L.v. Toronto (Union Station)	11.00 p.m.	L.v. Ottawa (Central Station)	10.30 p.m.
L.v. Napanee	3.25 a.m.	L.v. Napanee	2.50 a.m.
Ar. Ottawa	7.40 a.m.	Ar. Toronto	7.30 a.m.

INTERMEDIATE STOPS.

Orono, Port Hope, Cobourg, Trenton, Belleville, Deseronto, Yarker, Harrowsmith, Sydenham, Brockville Jct., and Smiths Falls.

NEW EQUIPMENT—Standard Sleeping Cars.—Electric Lighted Coaches.

L.v. Toronto	8.20 a.m.
L.v. Napanee	12.46 noon
Ar. Ottawa	5.20 p.m.
L.v. Ottawa	12.15 noon
L.v. Napanee	4.25 p.m.
Ar. Toronto	9.15 p.m.

(Daily except Sunday)

For Rail and Steamship Tickets, Parlor and Sleeping Car Reservations, and all information apply to E. McLAUGHLIN, Town Agent, or F. E. McLEAN, Station Agent.

F. W. SMITH,
ISSUER OF MARRIAGE LICENSES.
Strictly Private and Confidential.
Smith's Jewellery Store,
Napanee.

FRED CHINNECK
ISSUER OF MARRIAGE LICENSES
Chinneck's Jewellery Store
Next Wallace's Drug Store
Napanee
Strictly Private and Confidential.

JOHN T. GRANGE
ISSUER OF MARRIAGE LICENSES
Grange Block, John Street,
Strictly Private and Confidential.

Position for Fall and Winter

We have a sound business proposition for a reliable energetic salesman for this district to sell fruit trees, small fruits, flowering shrubs, etc. Pay weekly, outfit free, exclusive territory.

OVER 600 ACRES

of fruit and ornamental stock under cultivation. We sell through our salesman direct to the consumer and guarantee delivery of fresh, high grade trees. Our agencies are valuable by reason of the service we give and the volume of business done. Established 35 years.

Write

Pelham Nursery Co.,
TORONTO, ONT.

P.S.—Handsomeness catalogue on request either to applicant or those wishing Nursery stock.



Carriage Repairing

We are at it "hammer and tongs" every working day, turning out the best repair work that the Carriage trade can boast of hereabouts. No matter how bad the damage to your conveyance, we can soon put it right for you in a way that will last and give you complete satisfaction. We put into our work energy, experience, and the very best materials, yet we are very moderate in our charges for all kinds of jobs.

J. M. GRAHAM

SOME INFORMATION ABOUT PLOWING

HOW TO PLOW.

The following simple directions will assist all those who intend to plow at the Plowing Match, to be held at Napanee on Wednesday, October 28th.

All plowmen must send in their entry with \$1.00 fee to the Secretary-Treasurer as early as possible, and not later than noon, Oct. 27th. Why? Because if there are 30 entries, 16 in sod and 14 in stubble, the officials must have staked off the afternoon previous the land necessary. If they stake off only 10 lands in sod and 6 more entries come in the morning of the match, it causes delay. Be sure to put in your entry at least 1 day ahead.

WHAT TO BRING.

The Plowmen must bring his team, plow, and all necessary, etc., to adjust plow, instead of having to borrow, causing confusion and loss of time. A large file is handy to keep the coulter and share in prime condition. Each plowman should also bring his own set of white stakes for sighting in striking out. As many stakes as the plowman wishes are allowed, and the plowman is advised to set up lots of stakes so his strike-out will be good. The end stakes are put in and supplied by the Plowmen's Association.

SELECTION OF PLOW.

The selection of the plow is all important. For sod a plow with a long landside and long, very gradual turning mouldboard is necessary for good work. The handles should be long so that the plow-point is not affected by a slight change in elevation of handles. Any of the sod models sold by the local dealers in Napanee will do good work, but for plowing match competition a special sod model is put out by the manufacturers.

For stubble a different type of plow is required, one with a steeper mouldboard, more swing to the share, and less length of land-side and mouldboard, and shorter plow handles. The plow does not turn the furrow over so flat but pulverizes the soil. Any of the stubble plows sold locally will do excellent work if selected for clay and adjusted properly.

STRIKING OUT.

Many competitors lose all chance of winning by their strike-out. The object is to have the crown so low that it is hardly noticeable from the remainder of the plowing. A heavy up-standing crown is a very bad fault. To get the low crown desired the first furrow must be a mere scratch. Turn and come back and make another scratch about 22 inches from the first, so that the second furrow will be

PLOWING MATCH

Napanee will this year hold the largest Plowing Match in Eastern Ontario and the second or third largest in Ontario. There are two plowing matches held in the vicinity of Toronto that are supported by Sir Henry Pellatt, A. J. H. Eckhardt, and other monied men, but even at the largest of these plowing matches last season only 32 plowmen competed, while Napanee had 28. By a little effort Napanee could hold the largest plowing match in Ontario.

The merchants and business men of Napanee have responded most generously to the call for donations for the Plowing Match. Over \$120 in specials in goods and \$100 in cash have been collected for prizes. It is hoped that 40 plowmen will compete this year. A particular effort will be made to get more of the boys out. A long list of cash, specials in goods and the Dominion Bank Trophy is being offered to the boys; in fact the prizes are as generous as those for men. The Plowing Match will be held on Oct. 28th. See advertisement on page 1.

The following is a list of persons donating cash or goods to the Plowing Match, prize list:

DONATIONS IN GOODS.

R. M. Reid, Massey-Harris Agent, one plow...	\$ 15 00
E. W. Hudgins, one plow...	15 00
Napanee Drug Co., J. R. Spearman—Auto Strap Razor...	5 00
Box 50 LaFayette Cigars...	3 50
Napanee Canning Co.—1 case "Canada's Pride" Peas...	2 00
1 case "Canada's Pride" Tomatoes...	2 00
1 case "Canada's Pride" Corn...	2 00
M. B. Judson, Furniture Dealer, 1 Rocker...	5 00
The Robinson Co., Ltd., 1 Brass Jardiniere...	4 00
M. S. Madole, 1 Black Diamond Saw, 5½ ft...	4 00
P. Gleeson, ½ ton "Nut" Coal	3 75
The Graham Co., 1 Sweater Coat...	3 75
C. Stevens, ½ ton "Stove" or "Egg" Coal...	3 75
J. J. Haines, 1 pair of fine shoes...	3 50
H. N. Chase, 100 lbs. Reindeer Flour...	3 35
J. G. Oliver, 100 lbs. "Cream of the West" Flour...	3 25
F. S. Richardson, ½ dozen cabinets...	3 00
W. H. Milling, 100 pounds "Purity" Flour...	3 00
F. Chinneck, gold filled watch	3 00
Fob...	3 00
Jas. Walters, 2 suits French Dry Cleaned...	3 00
Weiss Bros., 1 pair Plowmen's Boots...	2 50
J. L. Boyes, 1 hat...	2 50
McIntosh Bros., goods to the value of...	2 50
E. Switzer and J. Furrs, one Horse Blanket...	2 00
J. S. Madill, 1 Cardigan Jacket...	2 00
F. L. Hooper, 1 bill book...	2 00
W. T. Waller, 1 Aluminum Preserving Kettle...	2 00
Smith Bros., Cuff Links...	2 00
C. A. Wiseman, 1 horse blanket...	2 00
Boyle & Son, 1 Aluminum Teapot...	2 00
Michael Maker, goods...	1 00
F. H. Carson, 1 pair of White Spreaders...	1 00
A. S. Kimmerly, tea to the value of...	1 00
F. W. Vandusen, 1 pair Mitts	1 00

CASH DONATIONS

TO THE PUBLIC—BEWARE

Of so called FURRIERS—who have never cut or manufactured FUR their lives before—but take in fur pairs and send them to some CHEAP Furrier to FIX—which never gives satisfactory results, and oft times spoils the article.

Bring your repairs to us. We repair, cut and manufacture on our premises, using the latest machine and at the same time giving you forty years of experience, and therefore we can guarantee all work given in our care to your great satisfaction.

F. SIMMONS,

44-45 EXCLUSIVE FURRIERS.

A WORD TO POULTRY KEEPERS

By F. C. ELFORD,
Dominion Poultry Husbandman.

The indications are that new laid eggs will be as scarce this winter, usual and if extra attention is not paid to getting the laying stock into condition and housed early, the supply of eggs may not be as plentiful even as they were last winter.

Though the present is too late to begin to prepare for early winter eggs it is a good time to make the best of what we may have by getting everything ready before the cold weather comes. The beginning was made last spring when the early pullets were hatched, for only the early pullets can be depended on to give eggs during November and December, the hens, as a rule, will not lay many eggs until the end of January or February, therefore from the well matured pullets that the high priced eggs may be expected and in order to get the most out of these, care must be taken from now until laying time is a most critical time in the life of the pullets than most poultrymen imagine.

HOW TO GET READY.

1. Keep no stock that will be non-producing. Kill off the old hens that will not lay until the spring. Mark the immature pullets and all surplus cockerels as soon as they are ready. Give the rest of the pullets every opportunity to develop and get into laying condition before winter sets in.

2. Put these pullets into the winter quarters, early. The unnecessary handling or changing of pullets from one place to another just when they are about to begin to lay is disastrous and in some cases will retard laying for several weeks. Give the pullets every chance to get acquainted with their winter quarters in plenty of time and feed liberally so that they will start to lay before the cold weather.

3. Do not feed sparingly but judiciously. Though feed may be high, does not pay to stint the layer. Feed them grain in a litter on the floor and as the weather gets colder increase the quantity of litter. In addition to the grain see that they have either a hopper, with dry mash constantly before them, or if preferred, give it in the shape of moist mash once a day. Have the house clean, preferably white-washed, and allow plenty of sun-shine in. We have found that with a shed roofed house a board protection along the front of the house as high as 18 inches from the floor is an advantage, from this up glass and cotton in the proportion of one of glass to two of cotton, make the most ideal front for the average Canadian house.

WHY NOT MORE CITY HENS?

Many town and city people could

We are at it "hammer and tongs" every working day, turning out the best repair work that the Carriage trade can boast of hereabouts. No matter how bad the damage to your conveyance, we can soon put it right for you in a way that will last and give you complete satisfaction. We put into our work energy, experience, and the very best materials, yet we are very moderate in our charges for all kinds of jobs.

J. M. GRAHAM

At Normile's Garage.

Rexall Goods are Made in Canada and are Not Costing You a Cent More than Before the War. * * *

And what is more, a portion of every Rexall purchase goes to swell the Canadian Patriotic Fund being raised by The Rexall Stores of Canada, 400 of the Best Drug Stores in Canada.

Full list of Rexall Toilet Goods, Rexall Remedies, and other Rexall merchandise free at my store. Get one and you'll realize how easy you can help and how much you can help relieve the suffering caused by the war and at the same time help Canadian Industry as well, by purchasing Rexall Goods at my store or any other Rexall Store in Canada.

WALLACE'S DRUG STORE
(Limited)
The REXALL Store.

Your home merchant will back up our guarantee on this splendid range. Ask to see

McClary's Pandora

Range and let him demonstrate its many exclusive features to you. A McClary dealer in every town.

"Made in Canada"

Sold by **BOYLE & SON.**

plow does not turn the furrow over so flat but pulverizes the soil. Any of the stubble plows sold locally will do excellent work if selected for clay and adjusted properly.

STRIKING OUT.

Many competitors lose all chance of winning by their strike-out. The object is to have the crown so low that it is hardly noticeable from the remainder of the plowing. A heavy up-standing crown is a very bad fault. To get the low crown desired the first furrow must be a mere scratch. Turn and come back and make another scratch about 22 inches from the first, so that the second furrow falls right on top of the first furrow. Some of the plowmen then go back and tramp these furrows down. This is allowed. The first heavy furrow is then thrown so that its edge just rests on the middle of the two scratches. Coming back the other heavy furrow meets and the first two scratches are entirely covered. The next round should be a little deeper and after 6 rounds of heavy furrows the plowman must wait until his fellow plowmen have finished their 6 rounds, and then haw on his neighbor. The first 2 furrows next his neighbor are not judged but the plowman should straighten out any crooks so that his finish will be straight.

The most important thing is to keep the furrows uniform in depth at all points, and to turn each furrow over at exactly the same angle. Why should not such plowing produce better crops than careless plowing? The father of one of the boys who competed for 2 years told me that in one field, his son plowed half in preparation for the match, and they then put 2 teams in and finished them in a hurry. He said the corn on the carefully plowed half was much better than the poorly half. Better plowing pays in dollars and cents.

FINISHING UP.

In finishing a land always manage so that your last heavy furrow is thrown to your own land, and never off your own land. The plowmen are allowed to go down light so as to accomplish this. The sole furrow should be left clean so that water can drain away easily and quickly.

If the plowmen would follow these directions they would do better work and catch the eye of the judge quicker than the majority of those who plowed in previous seasons.

All entries should be made with:
G. B. CARRAN, Sec.-Treas.
Plowmen's Association.

Two ounces of Blaud's Improved Iron Pills for 25c at Wallace's, Limited, Napanee's Leading Drug Store.

Jacket.....	2 00
F. L. Hooper, 1 bill book.....	2 00
W. T. Waller, 1 Aluminum Preserving Kettle.....	2 00
Smith Bros., Cuff Links.....	2 00
C. A. Wiseman, 1 horse blanket.....	2 00
Boyle & Son, 1 Aluminum Teapot.....	2 00
Michael Maker, goods.....	1 00
F. H. Carson, 1 pair of White Spreaders.....	1 00
A. S. Kimmerly, tea to the value of.....	1 00
F. W. Vandusen, 1 pair Mitts.....	1 00

CASH DONATIONS.

The Merchants Bank.....	5 00
The Campbell House.....	5 00
The Paisley House.....	5 00
The Royal Hotel.....	5 00
The Napanee Beaver.....	2 00
L. M. Brooks.....	1 00
E. D. Graham.....	1 00
E. B. Miller.....	1 00
Geo. Gibbard.....	1 00
Joseph Brown.....	1 00
P. C. Killorin.....	1 00
C. M. Warner.....	1 00
W. H. Milsap.....	1 00
Fred Perry.....	1 00
W. J. Foster.....	1 00
Scrimshaw & Mills.....	1 00
C. W. Hambly.....	1 00
W. M. Cambridge.....	1 00
H. W. Kelly.....	1 00
J. G. Fennell.....	1 00
Dr. Cameron Wilson.....	1 00
G. W. Boyes.....	1 00
J. E. Madden.....	1 00
Jas. Fitzpatrick.....	1 00
Canadian Express Co.....	1 00
W. A. Steacy.....	1 00
J. H. Vanalstine.....	1 00
J. H. Craig.....	1 00
Spencer & Rose.....	1 00
E. J. Pollard.....	1 00
Seymour Power Co.....	1 00
G. H. Williams.....	1 00

An additional list will be published next issue.

DESERONTO

The high school football team went to Belleville on Friday last and played a game with the Deaf and Dumb Institute, which resulted in a tie.

On Thursday, of last week, the infant daughter of Mr. and Mrs. Wilbert Woodcock passed away from spinal meningitis. The funeral took place on Sunday last, service being conducted by Rev. F. S. Dowling.

George Gardner has taken the machinery shop of the Rathbun company.

The big mill has ceased operations for this season.

The box factory is very busy getting out orders.

Dr. and Mrs. Pasmore spent the holidays with their sons in Toronto.

Miss Hannah Edwards spent the week-end with her sister, Mrs. Franklin Brennan.

Deseronto lost one of its oldest residents on Thursday last in the person of Mrs. Henry Botting, aged eighty-one years. She is survived by one daughter, who tended her through her illness. The funeral was held on Saturday, Rev. R. Burns, of the Methodist church, officiating. The remains were placed in Huffman's cemetery vault.

Mrs. Joseph Chamberlain went to Kingston for treatment last week and is now confined to the Hotel Dieu.

The ladies of the Patriotic League are busily working again as the work was distributed on Thursday last at the Union Hall.

Children Cry FOR FLETCHER'S CASTORIA

You get the Aladdin mantle lamps supplies at Hooper's—Napanee's Largest Drug Store.

addition to the grain see that they have either a hopper, with dry ma constantly before them, or if pro red, give it in the shape of moist ma once a day. Have the house clea preferably white-washed, and all plenty of sun-shine in. We ha found that with a shed roofed hou a board protection along the front the house as high as 18 inches fro the floor is an advantage; from tl up glass and cotton in the proporti of one of glass to two of cotton, ma the most ideal front for the avera Canadian house.

WHY NOT MORE CITY HENS?

Many town and city people co not only produce sufficient eggs keep their table going but have enou eggs left over that would go alo way towards supplying the househo with groceries, etc. There are co paratively few lots where a sm flock of poultry could not be kept a enough scraps find their way into t garbage can to provide a large propo tion of the food. No male birds sho be kept as they are both a nuisa and an expense which if done aw with and the house kept clean a sanitary there is absolutely nothi about such a plant that possibly cou annoy the neighbors. If say one every one hundred city families wou produce enough eggs for their ov table, it would reduce the number those who only consume and add th many more to the list of producers.

CANADA IMPORTED EGGS LAST YEAR.

During the fiscal year March 31: 1914, over 114 million dozen eggs we imported into Canada. These can from Great Britain, Hong Kon China, Japan, New Zealand and Unit States. Surely Canadian poulti keepers can supply the demand th year. If all help in this matter the should be no lack of eggs and if care exercised in the production the should be a good revenue to the pr ducers and the consumer ought not pay such exorbitant prices as some times have been asked in the time scarcity.

BETTER HAVE THE COST LOW THAN THE SALE PRICE HIGH.

Owing to the high price of feed may cost more this year than usual t produce new laid eggs but by caref management the average cost of on dozen of eggs might be kept as low a usual. It is at the production en that producers should aim to econo mize and it is better to save at th end than to expect extreme prices. This is always the case and especiall will it be so this winter when every thing the consumer has to buy will be dear and money to pay for it scarce. It will be a loyal act to study how cheaply the eggs can be produce rather than how much can be charge for them.

Prof. Edward Brown, the vetera poultryman of England, made a sug gestion the other day to Englis breeders, which suggestion even from this distance sounds good. He thought that as so many poulti breeders in Great Britain has don business with Belgian poultrymen who in all probability were killed, o who at least have had all their stock destroyed, that these English breeders as soon as the smoke of battle ha cleared away, might donate to their old customers and friends in Belgium sufficient breeding stock to enable them to start up again. This sugges tion of Prof. Brown's is worthy of a Britisher and though Canadian poulti breeders may not be able to do this, they can show their loyalty by producing as many new laid eggs as possible for this winter and at the least possible cost. Strictly new laid eggs in the winter time are worth a good price and the man who can produce them deserves credit and extra remuneration but let us hope that this winter, by better care and manage ment we will have enough new laid eggs that we can supply the consumers at a price which is within the reach of those who must have them.

TO THE PUBLIC--BEWARE!

Of so called FURRIERS—who have ver cut or manufactured FUR in air lives before—but take in fur reirs and send them to some CHEAP urrier to FIX—which never gives tsatisfactory results, and oft times oils the article.

Bring your repairs to us. We reir, cut and manufacture on our own emises, using the latest machines id at the same time giving you our ury years of experience, and there-re we can guarantee all work given our care to your great satisfaction.

F. SIMMONS,
EXCLUSIVE FURRIERS.

WORD TO POULTRY KEEPERS.

By F. C. ELFORD,
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The indications are that new laid gs will be as scarce this winter as ual and if extra attention is not paid getting the laying stock into condi-on and housed early, the supply of gs may not be as plentiful even as ey were last winter.

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WHY NOT MORE CITY HENS?
Many town and city people could

TOWN COUNCIL.

Council Chamber.
October 19th, 1914.

Council met in regular session on Monday evening. Mayor Alexander in the chair.

Present—Reeve Denison and Coun-cillors Wiseman, Waller, Dickinson, Graham and Carson.

The minutes of the last regular a.d special session were read and confirm-ed.

A communication was read from Chief of Police Graham asking for fifteen days leave of absence commencing on Oct. 29th.

Request granted.

A communication was read from Mr. G. R. Johnson, in reference to extending the water main to his property. He stated that water was a first consideration in the operation of a creamery. The time for him opening his creamery business was being extended owing to the present high cost of cheese.

Ordered filed.

A communication was read from the C. N. R. officials saying they would send representatives to Napanee at a recent date to meet the council and go into the question of their new station at Napanee.

Ordered filed.

A communication was read from the Napanee Water Works Company saying that the hydrants were being used for street watering purposes. The hydrants are only for use in case of fire, and sewer flushing, and the using of hydrants for supplying water for the sprinklers must cease at once.

Ordered filed.

The chairman of the Fire, Water and Light Committee presented a list of supplies needed by the fire com-pany.

On motion the Fire, Water and Light Committee were instructed to purchase the necessary supplies.

Coun. Walters entered.

Mr. Chas. Anderson, representing the Massey-Harris, Co., appeared before the council on matters pertaining to the purchase of the two new sprinklers which the town secured from them some time ago. His com-pany was anxious that a settlement be made. Mr. Anderson stated that the sprays on these sprinklers were of the most modern type and if reason-able care was exercised in the oper-ating of them they would prove highly satisfactory. However, his company was willing to change these sprays and put on ones similar to the spray on the town's older sprinkler, provided the town would pay \$40.00, which was only one half the actual cost of mak-ing the change.

Moved by Coun. Dickinson, second-ed by Coun. Carson, that the sprin-klers be accepted and paid for, provid-ed the company enters into the agree-ment to make changes noted by Mr. Anderson, at the amount specified by him before the council board. Car-ried.

ACCOUNTS.

The following accounts were order-paid:

Geo. A. Cliffe	\$ 230 40
Miss K. S. Sharpe	3 50
Frank H. Perry	2 63
Seymour Power Co.	2 25
Seymour Power Co., lighting etc.	
Fire Alarm	20 83
Fire Hall	1 44
Town Hall	18 40
Disposal Works	68
Harvey Warner Park	11 36
Streets	225 42
Council adjourned.	

SATURDAY SPECIAL

At Hooper's

500 CAPNATIONS

IMPORTANT SALE!

On Saturday Afternoon

AT 2 O'CLOCK

we will put on sale a large shipment of

JAPANNED COAL SCUTTLES

Reg. Price 25c and 30c.

Your Choice 15 Cents Each

Remember the hour.

Only one Scuttle to each customer.

Men's Underwear and Hosiery extra special bargains for Saturday.

McIntosh Bros.

Phone 228.

Dundas Street.

Napanee District Woman's Missionary Society Convention

The twentieth annual convention of the W.M.S. of the Napanee District, (Napanee Division) was held in Grace church, Napanee, on Friday, October 16th, 1914.

Mrs. M. S. Madole, District Organizer, presided, with the Secretary, Mrs. Geo. I. Perry, beside her.

Although the weather was somewhat inclement, a goodly number listened to the well prepared and interesting programme, all feeling well repaid for coming. The meeting opened by singing hymn 461 after which the Creed and Lord's Prayer was repeated in unison. Twelve auxiliaries reported, all showing good work being done. Out of 233 "Outlooks" taken, Sillsville takes 52, also has succeeded in raising the most money for the first half of the year, (\$108.65), one of its former life mem-

come familiar with them. They are the best investment known for ten cents.

"Our aim for this year" by Miss Mary Crawford, of Wilton, gave many splendid thoughts. She spoke of the plan of making a new life member each year and for her to bring a new annual member also for us to have definite aims and to work them out. "Are we Tithers of Money, Time and Self" by Mrs. (Rev.) Nickle, of Napanee, was ably handled showing the real need of it and our reward, "God's well done."

Miss Burns, of Deseronto, in her paper on "Have I found my place in God's plan of work" showed the necessity of spending "The quiet hour". If we are not missionaries we are misers.

A duet entitled "More like the Master," was well rendered by Miss Grace Oliver and Miss Marion Paul, of Grace Church Circle, Napanee.

Mrs. Madole's talk on "Glimpses of the Board Meeting of the year before us" was most inspiring and helpful. There are 71691 members throughout the Dominion and \$182,979.32 has been raised during the past year. Send the "Outlook" for Christmas

...annually before them, or a prior-
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Fire Alarm	20 83
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Streets	225 42
Council adjourned.	

SATURDAY SPECIAL

At Hooper's
500 CARNATIONS
25c Dozen.

OPPORTUNITY FOR SEED GROWERS AT GUELPH FAIR.

The Provincial Winter Fair held at Guelph early in December each year has many excellent educational features, one of the most valuable being the seed exhibit. During the past few years this department has grown rapidly and the interest taken in it has constantly increased. Its value has been recognized by the management and this year increased space has been allotted, more classes have been provided and the prize list has been increased by about Three Hundred Dollars, (\$300).

This offers an excellent opportunity for all farmers who have good seed for sale to advertise it and compete for prizes. Those who send creditable entries representing larger lots held for sale who will have a good chance to dispose of their seed to advantage.

T. G. RAYNOR,
Seed Branch,
Department of Agriculture,
Ottawa.

Last Call.

For cement sacks. To get credit for them, they must be returned by Nov. 1st. M. S. Madole.

The Youngster Hushed.

When the great French chemist Chevreul attained his hundredth birthday he was entertained at a public dinner, at which his son, a high official in the department of justice, sixty-seven years old, was also present. The old man made a speech and in telling an anecdote made a slight slip, which his son corrected. Old Chevreul turned around quickly and said in a sharp tone, "Hush, youngster, when I am talking." And the "youngster" held his tongue.

Of Great Price.

The lion had been teased and prodded by an ill conditioned keeper until his patience was quite spent. The enraged beast leaped upon the fellow, knocked him down and fetched him such a blow on the head that his skull was crushed like an eggshell.

"That means the end of you, your majesty," sniggered the jackal in the next cage.

"It would, old night prowler, if I were a mere man," replied the lion, licking a bloody paw, "but you forget that I cost \$5,000."

The surviving keepers came, soothed the costly creature with a quarter of fresh beef and hastily removed the body of their comrade from the cage.—New York Post.

Flash Lights and batteries, new styles. Large assortment of electric lamps at BOYLE & SON'S.

GET IT AT
WALLACE'S

izer, president, with the secretary, Mrs. Geo. I. Perry, beside her. Although the weather was somewhat inclement, a goodly number listened to the well prepared and interesting programme, all feeling well repaid for coming. The meeting opened by singing hymn 461 after which the Creed and Lord's Prayer was repeated in unison. Twelve auxiliaries reported, all showing good work being done. Out of 233 "Outlooks" taken, Sillsville takes 52, also has succeeded in raising the most money for the first half of the year, (\$108.65), one of its former life members giving fifty dollars annually towards the support of Miss Wellwood, one of our missionaries in China. There were 75 Annual Reports taken—Bay Circuit takes 25 of them—Wilton 50 out of the 208 nitte boxes taken, Grace church, Napanee, has 12 out of 25 new members since May and reports 12 monthly letters out of 19 taken. The total amount raised since May is \$500.40 showing an increase of \$84.98 over last year and one auxiliary has not reported. Four Circles and three Bands gave encouraging reports, Odessa and Adolphustown Bands having been organized since last year. Morven reported from Auxiliary, Associate Helpers, Circle Band and Christian Stewardship, all doing noble work, the latter being especially encouraging, having now fourteen giving systematically. Others reported taking up "tithing" in some way.

Miss Nathiella Smith sang "Sometime, Somewhere" in her usual pleasing manner. Mrs. M. S. Madole and Mrs. Geo. I. Perry were unanimously re-elected as District Organizer and Secretary, respectively. The Quiet Help Hour and Consecrated Service was ably conducted by Mrs. (Rev.) Cragg reading the 145th Psalm, followed by prayer by Mrs. Judson and singing the 432nd hymn. Mrs. Cragg then brought out the importance of the "Quiet Hours" quoting Luther as having spent two or three hours a day in his busiest days, and drew a very pretty picture of Gabriel and his Master, as an illustration of what is expected of us in spreading this wonderful story of His love. Numbers told of the help the W. M. S. had been to them. Hymn 599 was sung earnestly by all present. A number of sentence prayers closed the morning session, before adjourning to the dining-room (where the Grace church ladies were eagerly waiting to serve us with a splendid luncheon) Mrs. Edwards greeted us with a warm welcome to Napanee and Grace Church, urging us to stand shoulder to shoulder for a strength and to pray for Peace and Prosperity during the coming year.

The opening exercises in the afternoon were conducted by Mesdames Moore and Miller, of Switzerland. The minutes of the morning session were read by the secretary. Mrs. G. W. Fretts, Hawley, gave a most helpful paper on, "How to prepare for our Easter Thank-offering," giving an illustration from Lanagar Centre M. S. Then came Miss Mollie McDonald, of the Odessa Band, (one of the new bands) who sang "Jesus will never forsake" very sweetly. Here the sad intelligence came of the death of Miss Rendell of the Bay Circuit Circle. A letter of condolence was sent from the convention to her mother. Then a few "two minute" papers followed by discussions on "Is the W.M.S. any benefit to the church." Mrs. Windover, Selby, brought out the many benefits, showing it to be one of the spiritual feeders, urging all members of the church to join and then watch results.

"How to use our Annual Reports" was handed in a masterly way by Mrs. Ed. Kaylor, of Morven. She urged that more be taken and distributed that more may become interested in missionary work. This is how she became interested. In a word, they are our "Directory." Be-

God's plan of work" showed the necessity of spending "The quiet hour". If we are not missionaries we are misers.

A duet entitled "More like the Master," was well rendered by Miss Grace Oliver and Miss Marion Paul, of Grace Church Circle, Napanee. Mrs. Madole's talk on "Glimpses of the Board Meeting of the year before us" was most inspiring and helpful. There are 71691 members throughout the Dominion and \$182,979.32 has been raised during the past year. Send the "Outlook" for Christmas presents and get your friends interested in this great work.

Our motto for the coming year, "Not by might nor by power but by my spirit saith the Lord of Hosts." "This is the victory that overcometh the world even our faith."

Five little girls from Grace Church Band gave a very pretty exercise and chorus called "Bringing in the Sheaves."

Mrs. Grange, Branch President, gave very helpful replies from the "Question Drawer."

There were many earnest prayers for peace, the soldiers and their loved ones at home.

The ladies of the convention heartily thank all who helped to make this one of the most instructive and inspiring meetings of its kind and especially the ladies of Grace Church for their kind hospitality and delicious luncheon, for which the Napanee ladies are noted.

Collections for the day, \$45.25. The invitations from the Morven Church for the convention for 1915 and Selby for 1916 were accepted.

Rev. Cragg, the pastor, closed with the benediction after complimenting all the ladies on their helpful papers and especially Mrs. Edward Kaylor, of Morven.

COUGHS QUICKLY RELIEVED.

Why be bothered longer with that cough when a 25c bottle of Rexall Cherry Park Cough syrup will give you instant relief. For sale in Napanee at Wallace's Drug Store, Limited.

Couldn't Forget It.

"Saturday night some miscreant lugged off a whole cord of my wood, and somehow I can't forget about it!" declared Silas.

"Have you tried to forget it?" inquired his friend.

"Yes. Sunday morning I went to church hoping I could get it off my mind, and before I had been there five minutes the choir started in singing 'The Lost Chord,' so I got out!"

Knew It Was Wet.

Wife—My husband came home from the club last night with such a swelled head that I haven't been able to arouse him to-day.

Neighbor—Why don't you try pouring a pitcher of water over his head.

Wife—I did that very thing, but the only thing he did was to call out for an umbrella.

Her Awful Threat.

A youngster who already had eaten more cheese than was good for her was greatly injured when the plate was placed beyond her reach.

"All right for you, mother!" she cried. "When I get to be a woman I'm going to sit up all night and eat cheese and bananas, and"—she shook a small, warning finger—"I'm going to lick my plate!"

Pandora, Saskalta, Kootenav. Universal ranges, all made for use and wear—the best ranges made in Canada. Sold only at BOYLE & SON'S.

L U M B E R LATH - AND - SHINGLES

ALL GRADES

Hardwood Flooring. Interior Trim.
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MACHINE WORK TO ORDER.

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NORTHERN GROWN TREES

Apple, Pear, Plum, Cherry, Peach,
Grapes, Small Fruits, Ornamentals,
Evergreens, Roses, Flowering Shrubs,
Climbers, etc. Everything in the nur-
sery line. Catalogue Free. Send list of
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Finest Quality

Weight Guaranteed

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See that your Watch keeps time.
We do personally all most expert
watching and guarantee satisfaction

HOW HAIR GROWS.

Silvery Color Due to More or Less
Air—Explanation of Colors.

The attempt to find an illuminating account of the factors which may modify or determine the growth of hair will usually be a vain one. The older writers, who did not always hesitate to make dogmatic statements when they were required to produce a finished account sometimes discussed the subject with considerable freedom. Not so the modern scientific author, who realizes that every sentence from his pen is likely to be subjected to the scrutiny and criticism of someone who has studied the topic at first hand. The general descriptions of the processes of growth have been satisfactory. Facts concerning these processes are permanent acquisitions of physiology, but they do not commonly rise to the level of practical problems. Why does or does not the hair grow in certain regions in certain individuals? What are the conditions contributory to growth? How are the natural changes in color brought about and what determines them?

Experimental studies in this field cannot readily be conducted on man. Certain facts are of course matter of common observation. The beard grows anew after shaving, and the tonsorial practice is believed to stimulate the growth of the hair. Precisely why it does is not clear. The beard is also said to grow more rapidly in summer.

If the pigment which produces the natural color of the hair is lacking, the hairs present a gray or white appearance. The silvery color may further be due to the presence of more or less air in the hair. To account for the blanching of the hair—the familiar accompaniment of old age and a phenomenon which frequently begins long before middle life is fairly concluded—various views have been set forth at different times. The silvery gray appearance which is seen in aging persons is probably characterized to some extent by the occurrence of large number of air cavities, and not by the destruction of the pigment. Hair pigment can be destroyed only by the most vigorous treatment. Dry hairs contain more air, and therefore will appear somewhat lighter in color than moist ones; but black hair may be dried to the utmost without becoming white, and the hair of mummies dried through the centuries still show their pigment precisely as do fresh hairs.

The explanation of the familiar

ARE YOU A MATHEMATICIAN?

Then Solve This Problem and Win a Prize of \$25,000.

The largest single prize offered for a scientific discovery is still going begging. The prize has been open to competition for many years. At first sight the problem for a solution of which the prize is offered looks no more difficult than those with which high school students are familiar, but many of the greatest mathematicians in the world have tried to solve the problem and given it up in despair.

It is known as Fermat's problem. Nearly 800 years ago Fermat, one of the greatest mathematicians who ever lived, stated that the equation $x^n + y^n = z^n$ could not be satisfied by whole numbers when n is an odd prime number different from unity. The problem may be stated in another way—viz, that $x^n + y^n = z^n$ cannot be satisfied when n is any integer greater than 2. The one follows as a logical conclusion from the other.

The Academy of Sciences of Goettingen, Germany, offers a prize of 100,000 marks (about \$25,000) for proof of this assertion. This is the prize that is going begging.

Dr. Joseph Bowden, professor of mathematics, Adelphi college, Brooklyn, asked by the Scientific American to state the precise conditions for winning the prize, writes that the Academy of Sciences will not consider any manuscripts sent in, but only proposed solutions printed and offered for sale as monographs, in books on mathematics or in mathematical periodicals. The award will not be made until two years after the publication of the memoir in order that mathematicians may have ample opportunity to test and criticize the solution.

The object of these restrictions is to save the academy from being flooded with undigested manuscripts. It will only consider solutions that have stood the test of some competent editor or publisher in the first place.

FRANCE IN SOUTH AMERICA.

Its Influence in the Melting Pot of the Latin Races.

South America is the melting pot of the Latin races, and the French influence now seems to predominate over that of Spain. Italy is well represented, especially in strong Argentina. Brazil seems to be the most polyglot of them all, for here the native Portuguese is mingled not only with the Spanish and French and English, but a great deal of German. In the south of Brazil 90 per cent of the people speak German, and Portuguese is not always enforced as the language even of the public schools.

The large German colonies here do not affiliate with these people as they do with the Anglo-Saxon brothers of the north. They live to themselves, they retain their own language and customs. In Chile, where there are many English, too, the Germans direct the education of the country. Buenos Aires is close to this Germanic group in southern Brazil and feels its influence, though Argentina seems the most unified and progressive of the republics in point of literary expression and culture.

French influence also is felt in Brazil. Rio de Janeiro itself was founded as a refuge for French Huguenots, though they were afterward driven back. In Paris today one hears that a youth is to emigrate to America, but

BEAUTY OF THE HUDSON

Its Picturesque Scenery Far Surpasses That of the Rhine.

The Hudson river is very remarkable in several respects. In the first place for 150 miles of its length it is not a true river but a fiord. From Albany to the ocean its rock bottom, with exception of a few islands, is below sea level. How far below, it is accurately known. Opposite St. King mountain engineers bored a tunnel sand feet down into the dirt and that fill the gorge under the water did not find rock bottom. The shoreline at Albany is at practically same elevation as the shore line New York, and the tide rises at Albany two and eight-tenths feet. The upward and downward flowing of tide, of which Hudson took advantage in his voyage, had long been noted by the Indians, who spoke of the river with wonder as the stream that flows both ways.

The river is unsurpassed for its natural beauty. The distinguished German surgeon, Dr. Adolph Lorch in 1902 declared it more beautiful than the Rhine, which depends on castles on its banks for its main charm. Primarily, the beauty of the Hudson is due to the extraordinary range of its geological history. From its source to the sea it is an epitome of creation. It rises in the Adirondack mountains which tower to a great height. famous Highlands of the Hudson, between which Hudson sailed 800 years ago, are of the same Archæan rock and were once a group of islands. Catskills are more modern and Palisades still younger. The rising sheer 800 to 500 feet above water's edge, were once a fiery molten mass and their columnar shape is to the manner in which the mass cooled off.

These facts indicate what a storehouse for fascinating research the Hudson valley is for the person, young or old, who will study it with the naked eye as well as with the eye—Edith T. Kaufmann in Leslie's.

SOLONS AND SALARIES.

Some European States Pay Their Lawmakers Only a Mite.

Italy and Spain are the only European countries which offer no material reward to their members of parliament. The Portuguese legislators are not remunerated by the state, they have a free pass for traveling all railways in the country, and their constituents are permitted to pass sum equivalent to 15 shillings for a day's sitting.

Denmark is another country which believes that its political gentlemen are ready to work for almost nothing. Members of parliament there only receive 6 shillings per day, but they have the peculiar privilege of a free seat in the Royal theater in Copenhagen.

The Norwegian honorable members are thankful for a daily income of 12 shillings, though he must do his duty properly to get it. He loses a day's when he takes a day off. Member the Swiss diet work under the same threat. If they are absent they salary which amounts in their case 16 shillings per day.

Roumania pays her lawmakers a shilling per day, and Bulgaria offers shillings. In the latter country members living in the capital have shillings deducted because they have train fares to pay and only one shilling to keep up.



So He Lost His Train

and an important engagement.

See that your Watch keeps time.

We do personally all most expert repairing and guarantee satisfaction absolutely. 50 years continuous experience at the bench.

A watch is perfectly dry in 18 months and should be overhauled.

Try us if you are not now a customer

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Quality Counts.



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NAPANEE TRAIN SERVICE
Effective September 17th, 1914.

TRAINS LEAVE.

For TORONTO and intermediate points. Connection at TRENTON for PICTON and C. O. Railway Stations: 7:55 a.m.; 4:30 p.m.

For TAMWORTH and intermediate stations: 12:00 noon.

For BELLEVILLE, TRENTON, PICTON, COE HILL and intermediate stations: 11:55 noon.

For TWEED, HARROWSMITH, SYDENHAM and intermediate stations: 6:30 p.m.

For TRENTON, BELLEVILLE, PICTON and other intermediate points: 4:30 p.m.

For DESERONTO, 1:30 a.m., daily; 1:05 p.m., daily, except Sunday; 4:50 p.m., daily, except Sunday; 8:15 p.m., daily, except Sunday; 11:55 a.m.

For KINGSTON, BROCKVILLE, SMITHS FALLS, OTTAWA and intermediate stations: 1:45 p.m.

TRAINS ARRIVE.

From TORONTO and intermediate stations: 1:45 p.m., 10:25 p.m.

From PICTON and intermediate stations: 11:20 a.m., 1:45 p.m., 10:25 p.m.

From COE HILL and intermediate stations: 11:20 a.m.

From MAYNOOTH and intermediate stations: 10:25 p.m.

From BELLEVILLE, DESERONTO and intermediate stations: 11:20 a.m.; 1:45 p.m.; 10:25 p.m.

From SYDENHAM and intermediate stations: 9:50 a.m.

From TAMWORTH and intermediate stations: 5:10 p.m.

From DESERONTO, 7:15 a.m., 12:50 a.m., 8:25 p.m., 12:40 p.m., 11:20 a.m., 1:00 p.m., 6:15 p.m.

From KINGSTON, BROCKVILLE, SMITHS FALLS, OTTAWA and intermediate stations: 4:30 p.m.

Trains run daily, except Sunday, unless otherwise marked.

For tickets, rates, folders and other information apply Depot Agent, R. E. McLean or Town Agent, E. McLaughlin.

The best in spectaclewares and satisfaction guaranteed at the Medical Hall—Fred L. Hooper.

is seen in aging persons is probably characterized to some extent by the occurrence of large number of air cavities, and not by the destruction of the pigment. Hair pigment can be destroyed only by the most vigorous treatment. Dry hairs contain more air, and therefore will appear somewhat lighter in color than moist ones; but black hair may be dried to the utmost without becoming white, and the hair of mummies dried through the centuries still show their pigment precisely as do fresh hairs.

The explanation of the familiar coloring changes of the hair is probably to be found, not in a destruction of pigment already present, not on any bleaching of hairs already formed, but rather in a complete renewal of the hair. Pigmented hairs fall out and are replaced by unpigmented or white ones. The appearance of gray or white hair is therefore attributed to the formation of a new hair coat, rather than by the alteration of the old one. Completely pigmented hairs never turn gray; they fall out. It is, nevertheless, observed that the process of pigment formation may cease during the development of a hair. In that event the tip will remain pigmented though the base appears white.

How are we to harmonize these statements with the many published records of hair having turned white suddenly as the presumable consequence of fright or other profound emotion? A careful study of the reputed instances has invariably shown that they were mythical.

MAJORITY TYRANNY.

Its Despotic Sway, For Instance, In the Matter of Dress.

The tyranny of majorities is not confined to politics. It invades all fields, demands obedience from all classes and brooks defiance of none.

Women tolerate a certain style of garment because they imagine a majority of womankind at the moment is demanding it. They obediently follow suit for fear of exciting attention or unfavorable comment.

Men and women are bound too much by others' opinions. Society, of course, is built on conventions. But conventions sometimes become tyrannical. One should know when to follow their dictates and when to ignore them. In the matter of dress, for instance, why should any one endure a style he detests merely because the majority at the moment is wearing it? Why should not a long necked man wear a tall collar, if he prefers, it, even though it does cause pain to the chins of all sympathetic observers?

Frankly the question is without an answer. Perhaps people tolerate majority tyranny in such matters merely because they are accustomed to it. A caged animal presumably knows nothing of freedom until he has tasted it.—Cleveland Plain Dealer.

Tax on Hats.

Not only have hats at various times been subject to taxation, but have even been made the subject of special laws. Thus in Henry VII's reign none was allowed to sell hats at a larger price than 20 pence or caps for more than 2s. 8d.

Some compensation, however, for this interference with free trade could be found in the fact that in 1571 on Sundays and holidays every one above seven years of age was required to wear a cap of wool of English make under penalty of 8 farthings' fine for every day's neglect.—London Chronicle.

they retain their own language and customs. In Chile, where there are many English, too, the Germans direct the education of the country. Buenos Aires is close to this Germanic group in southern Brazil and feels its influence, though Argentina seems the most unified and progressive of the republics in point of literary expression and culture.

French influence also is felt in Brazil. Rio de Janeiro itself was founded as a refuge for French Huguenots, though they were afterward driven back. In Paris today one hears that a youth is to emigrate to America, but probably it is to Rio that he is going. There are many French immigrants, and French is required in most of the schools and is next to the native tongue in importance in northern Brazil. Formerly in Brazil Spanish or German always came next to French, but it is said that some of the states now require English as the third language and that Brazilians are proud of their English.

Suspicious.

Ernest Vizetelly, who has published a record of his experiences during the Franco-Prussian war, tells a story to illustrate the popular mania for discovering "treason" that prevailed in Paris.

He says that one day a soldier remarked to a comrade:

"I am sure that the captain is a traitor."

"How's that?" was the rejoinder. "Well," said the suspicious soldier, "have you not noticed that every time he orders us to march forward we invariably encounter the enemy?"

Executions In Europe.

Methods of putting criminals to death vary. In Europe the guillotine is the mode of execution most generally employed. Austria, Holland and Portugal are the only other countries besides Great Britain where criminals are hanged. In Oldenburg they are shot. In Brunswick they are beheaded, and in Spain they are garroted.—London Telegraph.

Diplomacy.

"You persuaded your husband to join a glee club?"

"Yes," answered Mrs. Biggins; "when he starts to sing at home I can now advise him not to tire his voice, and when he sings in the club I can't hear him."

Needed Airing.

"What's the matter with you?" demanded Borem botly. "I've got a right to air my opinions, haven't I?"

"Oh, of course," replied Brightly. "They're so stale and musty they certainly need something of that sort."—Philadelphia Press.

The clothing of our minds certainly ought to be regarded before that of our bodies.—Steele.

Not Yet Acquainted.

"And what do you know about Moses?"

"Please, teacher, it's my first Sunday here and I don't know anybody."—London Punch.

Fundamentally there is no such thing as private action. All actions are public in themselves or in their consequences.—Bovee.

GET IT AT
WALLACE'S

thankful for a daily income of 12 shillings, though he must do his duty early to get it. He loses a day's when he takes a day off. Member the Swiss diet work under the threat. If they are absent their salary which amounts in their case 16 shillings per day.

Roumania pays her lawmakers a foreign per day, and Bulgaria offers shillings. In the latter country members living in the capital have shillings deducted because they have train fares to pay and only one to keep up.

Hungary treats her statesmen half as well as England does, allows them £200 per annum. They get, however, a liberal allowance for rent and can travel first class with second class tickets.—London Tit-Bits

Keeping Your Word.

The following quotation from Morgan's "When Ghost Meets Ghost" may help a few to see the moral more clearly. Mr. Jerry began by, "You can't do more than your word, Mo." *** Mo, a fine ex-prizefighter, replies:

"Yes, you can, Jerry. You can't meanin'. And you can do more than that. You can keep to what other party thought you meant, you know. I know this time. I'm in a court of justice, Jerry, do about, and I know when I'm squar the feel."

Played With Fire Balls.

For many centuries polo, or chuan as it was then called, was a favorite pastime with Asiatic rulers. A temporary annalist records of Akbar the greatest of Mogul emperors, "he plays at chaugan on dark nights the balls being set on fire. For the sake of adding splendor to the game majesty has knobs of gold and silver fixed to the chaugan sticks. If on these breaks any player that gets of the pieces may keep them."

The Rabbit's Danger Signal.

So long as it sits still the ordinal rabbit is almost indistinguishable field of bracken, stubble or dry grass but as soon as it begins to run to its burrow the white patch on its betrays it. This white patch, which at first seems like a failure of adaptation, has its special function—it is a danger signal to the young rabbit and shows them the way by which they can escape from the threat of danger.—London Mail.

Farthest North Cities.

Dawson, the Yukon capital, Fairbanks, its near Alaskan neighbor, are next to Hammerfest, in Norway the farthest north cities in the world and at the latitudes of sixty-three and sixty-five have such comfortable accommodations as electric lights, daily newspapers and pipe organs.

Music.

If you are thinking of buying piano, organ, talking machine sewing machine, see us. We have different makes of pianos. You see the different styles and hear different tones. If you can't come see us drop us a card, and we will send an auto after you (if roads will permit) and bring you to town to see goods. We have the finest talking machines on earth. See the new with automatic stop, and we have beautiful cabinets for records, records. Vanluven Bros., show room first corner north of Brisco Hotel Napanee, also Moscow.

P.S.—A large farm (630 acres) sale

BEAUTY OF THE HUDSON.

A Picturesque Scenery Far Surpasses That of the Rhine.

The Hudson river is very remarkable in several respects. In the first place, of 150 miles of its length it is not a river but a fiord. From Albany to the ocean its rock bottom, with the exception of a few islands, is below sea level. How far below, it is not accurately known. Opposite Storm King mountain engineers bored a thousand feet down into the dirt and sand at all the gorge under the water and did not find rock bottom. The shore line at Albany is at practically the same elevation as the shore line at New York, and the tide rises at Albany 70 and eight-tenths feet. The upward and downward flowing of the tide, of which Hudson took advantage on his voyage, had long been noticed by the Indians, who spoke of the river with wonder as the stream that flowed both ways.

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Roumania pays her lawmakers a sovereign per day, and Bulgaria offers 16 shillings. In the latter country members living in the capital have 4 shillings deducted because they have no train fares to pay and only one home to keep up.

BRITAIN HAS 1,200,000 MEN, SAYS TIMES

AND 'THIS IS ONLY THE BEGINNING.'

Canadian Press Despatch, London, Oct. 17.—The Times' military correspondent replying to the Frankfurter Zeitung's statement that Great Britain was unable to raise more than 600,000 troops, says:—

"We have at the present moment exactly double that number, namely 1,200,000 men, and the number grows almost faster than we can cope with it. This is only the beginning.

"It is our way to begin to raise our armies after war breaks out, and to go on raising them until our ultimate ends are achieved. With 1,200,000 men at home, the army in the field and the hundreds of thousands forming in India, Canada, Australia and elsewhere are merely the nucleus upon which other armies will eventually be built.

"It is only a question of time. It stands to reason that an Empire of 400,000,000 can never lack men. This war for us has hardly begun.

"We have sent merely an advance guard into France. In the spring the remainder of the advance guard will follow, and somewhere toward the end of 1915 the main body will begin to come in view.

"We are sorry for the allies that we are even slower than Russia in making our weight felt, but a year or so hence, when the allies need a rest, we shall be in a position to make good war.

"Nothing can arrest the steadily ascending figures of our army. Their cost is of little account since Germany will ultimately have to pay—in territory as well as money.

"Imagine things at their worst. Imagine the last Cossack on the Urals, and the last French doorkeeper evicted from Bordeaux. Then we would begin a maritime war against Germany and still be no worse off than when we began war against Napoleon."

LENNOX & ADDINGTON PATRIOTIC FUND

LIST OF CONTRIBUTORS.

NORTH FREDERICKSBURG.
Collected by W. B. Pringle.

P. W. Madden	2 00
Geo. Shorey	2 00
W. Shorey	2 00
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Harry Lowry	55
H. Pringle	50
S. Bennett	1 00
S. McNeill	50
P. Pergin	1 00
Mrs. S. Martin	5 00
John Unger	1 00

MINUTES OF RICHMOND COUNCIL.

Selby, October 5th, 1914.

The council met at Selby. The members present were: Messrs. Fred Sexsmith, Reeve, Councillors R. Z. Bush, C. E. Kimmett, W. Russell and E. R. Sills. The Reeve presiding. The minutes of the last meeting were read and confirmed.

A committee of the patriotic fund addressed the council, requesting the council to give a grant of \$250.00.

Moved by E. R. Sills, seconded by C. E. Kimmett that this township grant \$250.00 to the Lennox and Addington Patriotic Fund. Carried.

Moved by W. Russell, seconded by E. R. Sills that the Council grant the sum of \$20.00 on the Camden boundary in the 4th concession of Richmond providing Camden council supplement the same. Carried.

Moved by R. Z. Bush, seconded by C. E. Kimmett that Councillor Russell be appointed to have trees and brush cut along the road on east side of willow marsh. Carried.

Moved by W. Russell, seconded by C. E. Kimmett that Jas. Whiteman be paid the sum of \$75.00, this being Richmond's share of grant on Tyendinaga boundary. Carried.

Moved by E. R. Sills, seconded by C. E. Kimmett that John McFarland Road Engineer be paid the sum of \$51.75, this being pay list No. 4. Carried.

Moved by C. E. Kimmett, seconded by R. Z. Bush that Angus Mack be paid the sum of \$10.00 for work done in Tamarack swamp drain No. 1 in 3rd concession in year 1913 and charged to the parties on the lands where the work was done. Carried.

Moved by W. Russell, seconded by R. Z. Bush that the following accounts be paid: James Vine amount of grant on road division No. 63 \$15.00 and for repairing culvert \$5.00; total \$20.00; aid to Richard Lloyd, \$3.25; Z. A. Grooms, for 25 loads of gravel furnished road division No. 7 by order of pathmaster \$2.50; H. S. Perry, for building 14 rods of wire fence \$1.40; M. S. Madole, for cement furnished township for Haines' bridge, \$43.68. Carried.

Moved and seconded that this council adjourn to meet on the first Monday in November at the hour of 10 o'clock a.m. Carried.

JAMES MCKITTRICK, Township Clerk.

GREAT EXECUTION BY BRITISH SHIPS

Put Six German Batteries out of Action and Destroyed Aeroplane.

Canadian Press Despatch.

London, Oct. 21.—A newspaper correspondent at Dover has sent to London some details of the recent operations of British warships off the coast of Belgium. He says that last Saturday night the ships watched a force of Germans digging trenches along the coast under a flare of lights. This enabled the English boats to get the exact range and at daylight they shelled the enemy's positions heavily. A Taube aeroplane was brought down and later a Zepelin, and it is declared that the guns of the British vessels accounted for 1,600 Germans in killed and wounded in addition to putting six batteries of artillery out of action. In the meantime German submarines tried in vain to sink the British ships.

GERMAN RESERVIST MUST NOT LEAVE CANADA

When the world went to war, all German reservists in Toronto were required to sign a declaration, in which, among other things, they promised not to leave the Dominion. Wednesday a German reservist appeared at Military Headquarters and asked if he could cross the border into the United States. He could not get work here, he said, and wanted to try his luck on the other side. He assured the authorities that he was very friendly to the British Empire, and had no intention of going back to fight for the fatherland. The authorities not only assured him that it would be impossible to leave the country, but required the German to sign a declaration that he would not attempt to leave. Detectives search every train crossing the border to guard against Germans leaving Canada.

Keep Up
The Momentum
ONE of those pessimistic individuals who are going about talking war-time depression was overheard to say:

"Rather than lose money in my business I shall cease spending money on development. I may not

bankful for a daily income of 12 shillings, though he must do his duty properly to get it. He loses a day's pay when he takes a day off. Members of the Swiss diet work under the same treat. If they are absent they lose salary which amounts in their case to 6 shillings per day.

Roumania pays her lawmakers a sovereign per day, and Bulgaria offers 16 shillings. In the latter country members living in the capital have 4 shillings deducted because they have no rain fares to pay and only one home to keep up.

Hungary treats her statesmen just as well as England does, allowing them £200 per annum. They have, however, a liberal allowance for house rent and can travel first class with second class tickets.—London Tit-Bits.

Keeping Your Word.

The following quotation from De Morgan's "When Ghost Meets Ghost" may help a few to see the moral issue more clearly. Mr. Jerry began feebly, "You can't do more than keep our word, Mo." *** Mo, a fine old prizefighter, replies:

"Yes, you can, Jerry. You can keep our meanin'. And you can do more than that. You can keep to what the other party thought you meant, when you know. I know this time. I ain't on a court o' justice, Jerry, dodgin' about, and I know when I'm square by the feel."

Played With Fire Balls.

For many centuries polo, or chaugan, as it was then called, was a favorite pastime with Asiatic rulers. A contemporary annalist records of Akbar, the greatest of Mogul emperors, that he plays at chaugan on dark nights, the balls being set on fire. For the sake of adding splendor to the game his majesty has knobs of gold and silver set to the chaugan sticks. If one of these breaks any player that gets hold of the pieces may keep them."

The Rabbit's Danger Signal.

So long as it sits still the ordinary rabbit is almost indistinguishable in a field of bracken, stubble or dry grass, but as soon as it begins to run towards burrow the white patch on its tail betrays it. This white patch, which at first seems like a failure of adaptation, has its special function—it acts as a danger signal to the young rabbits and shows them the way by which they can escape from the threatened danger.—London Mail.

Farthest North Cities.

Dawson, the Yukon capital, and Fairbanks, its near Alaskan neighbor, are next to Hammerfest, in Norway, the farthest north cities in the world, and at the latitudes of sixty-three and sixty-five have such comfortable appearances as electric lights, daily newspapers and pipe organs.

Music.

If you are thinking of buying a piano, organ, talking machine, or wing machine, see us. We have different makes of pianos. You can see the different styles and hear the different tones. If you can't come to see us drop us a card, and we will send you a note after you (if roads will permit) to bring you to town to see our goods. We have the finest talking machines on earth. See the new one with automatic stop, and we have beautiful cabinets for records, also cords. Vanluven Bros., show rooms at corner north of Brisco Hotel, Nananee, also Moscow. 12-14 P.S.—A large farm (630 acres) for sale.

File.	1 00
J. Bennett.	25
W. Cadman.	1 00
S. Loucks.	50
C. Weese.	1 00
Elida Hinch.	1 00
T. B. Lund.	2 00
J. Milling.	2 00
F. Marsh.	1 00
Mrs. J. Pollard.	25
Harry Lowry.	55
H. Pringle.	50
S. Bennett.	1 00
S. McNeill.	50
P. Bergin.	1 00
Mrs. S. Martin.	5 00
John Unger.	1 00
Wm. Unger.	1 00
Alvin Vanalstine.	50
Clarence Vanalstine.	1 00
Ira Amey.	1 00
Alvin Vandewater.	1 00
Oak Parks.	1 00
Clinton Jenkins.	50
Frank Vanalstine.	1 00
W. H. Nugent.	1 00
T. Pennell.	1 00
G. A. Wagat.	1 00
Jas. Vankoughnet.	2 00
W. B. Pringle.	1 00
J. McTaggart.	50
S. H. Smith.	1 00
W. Henderson.	50
Henry Vanalstine.	1 00
Miss E. Vanalstine.	1 00

Collected by J. M. Joyce.

J. J. Clark.	5 00
Philetus Seeley.	1 00
Mrs. A. T. Frink.	25
D. W. Parks.	1 00
Isaac Fitchett.	1 00
Amos Hamblin.	1 00
Norman Fitchett.	1 00
R. Richards.	1 00
J. Cuthill.	2 00
S. Baldwin.	1 00
H. Hanes.	50
F. S. Wilson.	3 00
C. Miller.	1 00
S. Shorey.	1 00
H. Dillenbeck.	50
H. Stone.	50
N. H. Hart.	1 00
Wm. Walsh.	1 00
S. Baird.	1 00
W. Baird.	2 00
Geo. Chambers.	2 00
H. Armstrong.	1 00
H. Chambers.	1 00
John Kent.	1 00
A. Alkenbrack.	50
J. Perry.	1 00
R. Moore.	50
A. Schryver.	1 00
M. H. Schryver.	1 00
J. McFarlane.	1 00
A. Parks.	2 00
S. Stone.	50
C. Snider.	1 00
Mrs. H. Chambers.	1 00
J. M. Joyce.	2 00
Ed. Baird.	50

NANANEE.

J. F. Madden.	8 50
A. S. Raymond.	1 00
Mrs. F. W. Howard.	5 00
Mrs. A. E. Pruyn.	5 00
George Somers.	1 00
Almon Douglas.	1 00
C. W. Conway.	1 00
P. Hearn.	1 00
Mrs. Annie Garrison.	1 00
Stephen Madden.	5 00
J. G. Harrington.	5 00
Mrs. Etta Pearson.	1 00
J. C. McLeod.	5 00
Proceeds W. S. Herrington's	
Lecture.	54 05

L. Ballance & Son, Stratheona	5 00
E. O. Clark, Odessa.	1 00

Total to date. \$ 6366 65

Bargain's in Wall Paper.

In order to make room for new stock, we are clearing out the balance of this year's designs at reduced prices. Now is your chance to get something good in this line, cheap, at Hooper's—The Medical Hall.

ONE of those pessimistic individuals who are going about talking war-time depression was overheard to say:

"Rather than lose money in my business I shall cease spending money on development. I may not MAKE any money during the war—but by great economy in the conduct of my affairs I shall at least avoid LOSING any."

And then he mentioned advertising as one of the things he would do without, until the war is over.

Without going into the merits of his general policy of retrenchment, let us see what happens when such a man stops advertising.

Advertising is most effective when continuous. Its main purpose is to set up a momentum of reputation, prestige, and good-will, that LATER ON creates sales.

So, if a manufacturer fails to keep up his advertising to-day—if he lets the momentum of his business-creating campaign cease—where will his sales be three months or a year hence? What of his business when the war is over? What will it cost him to set the wheels in motion again?

If we believe, and experience compels us to believe, that advertising builds reputation, prestige, good-will—what utter folly to stop the process of that reputation building, just because there's a war in Europe?

Copeland's Cure For Consumption

WINS CONFIDENCE BY ITS WONDERFUL CURATIVE POWERS.

MR. W. R. COPELAND.

Dear Sir—Now that I am well and strong again, I write to state that the fact I am alive today witnesses to the merit of your medicine.

My doctor, a specialist, said that I had the worst kind of consumption and that it was impossible for me to live. He gave me only eight to ten days before the disease would terminate fatally. He also said that it was no use in treating me, as I was too far gone.

I was left to die, but a friend or mine told me about your medicine and procured me a bottle. Without much hope, I tried it. It did wonders. First the weakening perspiration stopped and the food I took stayed in the stomach. After a second bottle, I commenced to regain my appetite and was up in a few days of the time that the doctor said I should die. Five weeks later I was at work and have been working ever since.

I wish everyone could know the worth of your medicine, especially those afflicted with consumption as I was, for I undoubtedly owe my life to its use. I will at all times cheerfully answer any correspondence, and you are at liberty to publish this letter if you think it will help to recommend your medicine to others. I remain, Gratefully yours,

DAVID WARNOCK, Street Car Conductor,

20 Withrow Ave., Toronto.

The remarkable power of this medicine marks it as one of the greatest discoveries of this century. Its work is only just started, but it is safe to say that its reputation will grow world-wide.

It is a blessing, as all who have used it testify. To the real "down-and-out" consumptive, the chronic sufferers from bronchial and lung troubles—it is something more than a blessing. To them it means the difference between happiness and misery, and sometimes life instead of a grave.

It is a medicine that is honest. No false claims are made for it. It is good, most beneficially good for the ailments specified above. These, even consumption, it will tackle, fight and OVERCOME. If you have a bad cough or cold—take this medicine. If you are a consumptive—take this medicine, for a greater medicine for consumption has NEVER BEEN KNOWN. If you are troubled with bronchitis and can't sleep at night for coughing—take this medicine. Your trouble will become a memory. If your throat or lungs are in any way weak or sensitive—take this medicine—and they will become strong and normal.

Cavities heal under its benign influence. Congestion is freed by its action to remove phlegm until the lungs are clear and work naturally without pain or distress. Emaciation, night sweats, poor appetite, inability to retain food in the stomach—all these effects of disease are mastered and the system built up under its curative and nourishing powers.

Ask your druggist, or send direct to us. Price, \$1.00 per bottle. Testimonials of many others can be had on request.

COPELAND MEDICINE CO., Limited, 511 Pape Ave., Toronto

The Story of Waitstill Baxter

By KATE DOUGLAS WIGGIN

Copyright, 1913, by Kate Douglas Wiggin

"It gives me the shudders!" said Patty. "I couldn't bear it. If she never sees strangers, what in the world did she make of you? How did you begin?"

"I told her I had known Ivory ever since we were school children. She was rather strange and indifferent at first and then she seemed to take a fancy to me."

"That's queer," said Patty, smiling fondly and giving Waitstill's hair the hasty brush of a kiss.

"She told me she had a girl baby, born two or three years after Ivory, and that she had always thought it died when it was a few weeks old. Then suddenly she came closer to me!"

"Oh, Waity, weren't you terrified?"

"No, not in the least. Neither would you have been if you had been there. She put her arms round me and all at once I understood that the poor thing mistook me just for a moment for her own daughter come back to life. It was a sudden fancy, and I don't think it lasted, but I didn't know how to deal with it or contradict it, so I simply tried to soothe her and let her ease her heart by talking to me. She said when I left her: 'Where is your house? I hope it is near! Do come again and sit with me. Strength flows into my weakness when you hold my hand!' I somehow feel, Patty, that she needs a woman friend even more than a doctor. And now, what am I to do? How can I forsake her, and yet here is this new difficulty with father?"

"I shouldn't forsake her. Go there when you can, but be more careful about it. You told father that you didn't regret what you had done, and that when he ordered you to do unreasonable things you should disobey him. After all, you are not a black slave. Father will never think of that particular thing again, perhaps, any more than he ever alluded to my driving to Saco with Mrs. Day after you had told him it was necessary for one of us to go there occasionally. He knows that if he is too hard on us Dr. Perry or Uncle Bart would take him in hand. They would have done it long ago if we had ever given any one even a hint of what we have to endure. You will be all right because you only want to do kind, neighborly things. I am the one that will always have to suffer because I can't prove that it's a Christian duty to deceive father and steal off to a dance or a frolic. Yet I might as well be a nun in a convent for all the fun I get. I want a white book muslin dress; I want a pair of thin shoes with buckles; I want a white hat, with a wreath of yellow roses; I want a volume of Byron's poems, and, oh, nobody knows—nobody but the Lord could understand—how I

known to nobody but myself, for want-in' to stan' well with the old man for a spell longer. If ever I quit wantin' to stan' well with him he'll get his comeuppance short and sudden!"

"Speakin' o' standin' well with folks, Phil Perry's kind o' makin' up to I'll tience Baxter, ain't he, Cephas?" asked Uncle Bart guardedly. "Mebbe you wouldn't notice it, hevin' no partic'lar int'rest, but your mother's kind o' got the idee into her head lately, an' she's turrible farsighted."

"I guess it's so!" Cephas responded gloomily. "It's nup an' tuck 'tween him an' Mark Wilson. That girl draws 'em as molasses does flies. She does it 'thout liftin' a finger, too, no more'n the molasses does. She just sets still an' is! An' all the time she's nothin' but a flighty little redheaded spitfire that don't know a good husband when she sees one. The feller that gits her will live to regret it, that's my opinion!" And Cephas thought to himself, "Good Lord, don't I wish I was regrettin' it this very minute!"

"I s'pose a girl like Phoebe Day'd be consid'able less trouble to live with?" ventured Uncle Bart.

"I never could take any fancy to that tow hair o' hers! I like the color well enough when I'm peeling it off a corn cob, but I don't like it on a girl's head," objected Cephas hypercritically. "An' her eyes hain't got enough blue in 'em to be blue. They're jest like skimmilk. An' she keeps her mouth open a little mite all the time, jest as if there wa'n't no good draft through, an' she was a-tryin' to git air. An' 'twas me that begun callin' her 'Feeble Phoebe' in school, an' the scholars'll never forgit it. They'd throw it up to me the whole 'durin' time if I should go to work an' keep company with her!"

"Mebbe they're forgot by this time," Uncle Bart responded hopefully: "though it's an awful risk when you think o' Companion Pike! Samuel, he was baptized and Samuel he continued to be, till he married the Widder Bixby from Waterboro. Beln' as how there wa'n't nothin' partic'ly attractive 'bout him—though he was as nice a feller as ever lived—somebody asked her why she married him, an' she said her cat hed jest died an' she wanted a companion. The boys never let go o' that story! Samuel Pike he ceased to be thirty year ago, an' Companion Pike he's remained up to this instant minute!"

"He ain't lived up to his name much," remarked Cephas. "He's to home for his meals, but I guess his wife never sees him between times."

"If the cat hed lived mebbe she'd 'a' been better comp'ny, on the whole," chuckled Uncle Bart. "Companion was allers kind o' dreamy an' absent minded from a boy. I remember askin' him what his wife's Christian name was (she beln' a stranger to Riverboro), an' he said he didn't know! Said he called her Mis' Bixby afore he married her an' Mis' Pike afterwards!"

"Well, there's something turrible queer 'bout this marryin' business," and Cephas drew a sigh from the heels of his boots. "It seems 's if a man hedn't no natcher drawin' towards a girl with a good farm 'n' stock that was willin' to have him! Seems jest as if it set him ag'in' her somehow! And yet, if you've got to sing out o' the same book with a girl your whole lifetime, it does seem 's if you'd ought to have a kind of a fancy for her at the start, anyhow!"

"You may feel dif'rent as time goes on, Cephas, an' come to see Feeble—I

intervals between Sunday services, when Mark could detach Patty a moment from the group on the meeting house steps. More valuable than all these, a complete schedule of Patty's various movements here and there, together with a profound study of Deacon Baxter's habits, which were ordinarily as punctual as they were disagreeable, permitted Mark many stolen interviews, as sweet as they were brief. There was never a second kiss, however, in these casual meetings and partings. The first, in springtime, had found Patty a child, surprised, unprepared. She was a woman now, for it does not take years to achieve that miracle; months will do it or days or even hours. Her summer's experience with Cephas Cole had wonderfully broadened her powers, giving her an assurance sadly lacking before, as well as a knowledge of detail, a certain finished skill in the management of a lover, which she could ably use on any one who happened to come along. And at the moment any one who happened to come along served the purpose admirably, Philip Perry as well as Marquis Wilson.

Young Perry's interest in Patty, as we have seen, began with his alienation from Ellen Wilson, the first object of his affections, and it was not at the outset at all of a sentimental nature. Philip was a pillar of the church, and Ellen had proved so entirely lacking in the religious sense, so self satisfied as to her standing with the heavenly powers, that Philip dared not expose himself longer to her society lest he find himself "unequally yoked together with an unbeliever," thus defying the scriptural admonition as to marriage.

Patty, though somewhat lacking in the qualities that go to the making of trustworthy saints, was not, like Ellen, wholly given over to the fleshpots and would prove a valuable convert, Philip thought, one who would reflect great credit upon him if he succeeded in inducing her to subscribe to the stern creed of the day.

Philip was a very strenuous and slightly gloomy believer, dwelling considerably on the wrath of God and the doctrine of eternal punishment. There was an old "pennyroyal" hymn much in use which describes the general tenor of his meditation—

My thoughts on awful subjects roll—
Damnation and the dead.
What horrors seize the guilty soul
Upon a dying bed!

(No wonder that Jacob Cochrane's lively songs, cheerful, hopeful, militant and bracing, fell with a pleasing sound upon the ear of the believer of that epoch.) The love of God had, indeed, entered Philip's soul, but in some mysterious way had been ossified after it got there. He had intensely black hair, dark skin and a liver that disposed him constitutionally to an ardent belief in the necessity of hell for most of his neighbors and the hope of spending his own glorious immortality in a small, properly restricted and prudently managed heaven. He was eloquent at prayer meeting, and Patty's only objection to him there was in his disposition to allude to himself as a "rebel worm" with frequent references to his "vile body." Otherwise and when not engaged in theological discussion Patty liked Philip very much. His own father, although an orthodox member of the fold in good and regular standing, had "doctored" Phil conscientiously for his liver from his youth up, hoping in time to incite in

tor had closed the eyes of the th Mrs. Baxter he had made some ph and unwelcome statements that wo wrinkle in the deacon's breast as k as he lived. Patty knew, theref that the chance of her father's bless failing upon her union with either her present lovers was more than certain, and of what use was an engagement if there could not be a marriage?

If Patty's mind inclined to a somewhat speedy departure from her father's household she can hardly be blamed, but she felt that she could

carry any of her indecisions and fe to her sister for settlement. Who co look in Waitstill's clear, steadfast e and say, "I can't make up my m which to marry?" Not Patty. She f instinctively, that Waitstill's heart, it moved at all, would rush out lik great river to lose itself in the oce and, losing itself, forget the narr banks through which it had flowed fore. Patty knew that her own k was at the moment nothing more th the note of a child's penny flute a that Waitstill was perhaps vibrat secretly with a deeper, richer mu than could ever come to her. St music of some sort she meant to f "Even if they make me decide one w or another before I am ready," s said to herself, "I'll never say 'yes' I'm more in love than I am now!"

There were other reasons why s did not want to ask Waitstill's advi Not only did she shrink from the l ing scrutiny of her sister's eyes a the gentle probing of her questio which would fix her own motives a pin point and hold them up unbeco ingly to the light, but she had a fo ish, generous loyalty that urged her keep Waitstill quite aloof from l own little private perplexities.

"She will only worry herself sicl thought Patty. "She won't let me m ry without asking father's permissi and she'd think she ought not to i me in deceiving him, and the temp would be twice as dreadful if it f upon us both! Now, if anything h pens, I can tell father that I did it myself and that Waitstill knew no ing about it whatever. Then—oh, joy if father is too terrible I shall be married woman and I can always s 'I will not permit such cruelty! We still is dependent upon you no long she shall come at once to my husb and me!"

This latter phrase almost intoxica Patty, so that there were moments when she could have run up to Mi ken's mills and purchased herself husband at any cost, had her slev savings permitted the best in the m ker, and the more impersonal the b and the more delightedly Patty rol the phrase under her tongue.

"I can never be 'published' church," she thought, "and perhaps body will ever care enough about i to brave father's displeasure and sist on running away with me. I wish somebody would care 'frightful about me enough for that, enough help me make up my mind, so tha could just drive up to father's st some day and say, 'Good afternoo father!' I knew you'd never let i marry"—there was always a da here in Patty's imaginary discours a dash that could be filled in with a Christian name according to her mo of the moment—"so I just marri him anyway and you needn't be ang with my sister, for she knew nothi about it. My husband and I are sor if you are displeased, but there's

long ago if we had ever given one another even a hint of what we have to endure. You will be all right because you only want to do kind, neighborly things. I am the one that will always have to suffer because I can't prove that it's a Christian duty to deceive father and steal off to a dance or a frolic. Yet I might as well be a nun in a convent for all the fun I get. I want a white book muslin dress; I want a pair of thin shoes with buckles; I want a white hat, with a wreath of yellow roses; I want a volume of Byron's poems, and, oh, nobody knows—nobody but the Lord could understand—how I want a string of gold beads!"

"Patty, Patty! To hear you chatter anybody would imagine you thought of nothing but frivolities. I wish you wouldn't do yourself such injustice. Even when nobody hears you but me, it is wrong."

"Sometimes when you think I'm talking nonsense it's really the gospel truth," said Patty. "I'm not a grand, splendid character. Waitstill, and it's no use your deceiving yourself about me. If you do you'll be disappointed."

"Go and parboil the beans and get them into the pot, Patty. Pick up some of the windfalls and make a green apple pie, and I'll be with you in the kitchen myself before long. I never expect to be disappointed in you, Patty—only continually surprised and pleased."

"I thought I'd begin making some soft soap today," said Patty mischievously as she left the room. "We have enough grease saved up. We don't really need it yet, but it makes such a disgusting smell that I'd rather like father to have it with his dinner. It's not much of a punishment for our sleepless night."

CHAPTER XV.

A Brace of Lovers.

HAYING was over and the close, sticky dog days, too, and August was slipping into September. There had been plenty of rain all the season, and the countryside was looking as fresh and green as an emerald. The hillsides were already clothed with a verdant growth of new grass and—

The red pennons of the cardinal flowers hung motionless upon their upright staves.

How they gleamed in the meadow grasses and along the brooksides, like brilliant flecks of flame, giving a new beauty to the nosegays that Waitstill carried or sent to Mrs. Boynton every week.

To the eye of the casual observer life in the two little villages by the river's brink went on as peacefully as ever, but there were subtle changes taking place nevertheless. Cephas Cole had "asked" the second time and again had been refused by Patty, so that even a very idiot for hopefulness could not urge his father to put another story on the ell.

"If it turns out to be Phoebe Day," thought Cephas dolefully, "two rooms is plenty good enough, an' I shan't block up the door that leads from the main part, neither, as I thought likely I should. If so be it's got to be Phoebe, not Patty, I shan't care whether mother troops out 'n' in or not." And Cephas dealt out rice and tea and coffee with so languid an air and made such frequent mistakes in weighing the sugar that he drew upon himself many a sharp rebuke from the deacon.

"Of course I'd club him over the head with a salt fish twice a day under ordinary circumstances," Cephas confided to his father, with a valiant air that he never wore in Deacon Baxter's presence, "but I've got a reason,

an' Miss' Pike afterwards."

"Well, there's something terrible queer 'bout this marryin' business," and Cephas drew a sigh from the heels of his boots. "It seems 's if a man hedn't no natcherly drawin' towards a girl with a good farm 'n' stock that was willin' to have him! Seems jest as if it set him ag'in' her somehow! And yet, if you've got to sing out o' the same book with a girl your whole lifetime, it does seem 's if you'd ought to have a kind of a fancy for her at the start, anyhow!"

"You may feel dif'rent as time goes on, Cephas, an' come to see Feeble—I would say Phoebe—as your mother



"He ain't livin' up to his name much," remarked Cephas.

docs. 'The best fire don't flare up the soonest,' you know." But old Uncle Barn saw that his son's heart was heavy and forebore to press the subject.

Annabel Franklin had returned to Boston after a month's visit and to her surprise had returned as disengaged as she came. Mark Wilson, thoroughly bored by her vacuities of mind, longed now for more intercourse with Patty Baxter, Patty, so gay and unexpected; so lively to talk with, so plucking to the fancy, so skittish and difficult to manage, so temptingly pretty, with a beauty all her own, and never two days alike.

There were many lions in the way, and these only added to the zest of pursuit. With all the other girls of the village opportunities multiplied, but he could scarcely get ten minutes alone with Patty. The deacon's orders were absolute in regard to young men. His daughters were never to drive or walk alone with them, never to go to dances or "routs" of any sort and never receive them at the house, this last mandate being quite unnecessary, as no youth in his right mind would have gone a-courtin' under the deacon's forbidding gaze. And still there were sudden, delicious chances to be seized now and then if one had his eyes open and his wits about him. There was the walk to or from the singing school, when a sentimental couple could drop a few feet at least behind the rest and exchange a word or two in comparative privacy; there were the church "circles" and prayer meetings and the

glorious immortality in a small, properly restricted and prudently managed heaven. He was eloquent at prayer meeting, and Patty's only objection to him there was in his disposition to allude to himself as a "rebel worm," with frequent references to his "vile body." Otherwise and when not engaged in theological discussion Patty liked Philip very much. His own father, although an orthodox member of the fold in good and regular standing, had "doctored" Phil conscientiously for his liver from his youth up, hoping in time to incite in him a sunnier view of life, for the doctor was somewhat skilled in adapting his remedies to spiritual maladies. Jed Morrill had always said that when old Mrs. Buxton, the champion convert of Jacob Cochrane, was at her worst—keeping her whole family awake nights by her hysterical fears for their future—Dr. Perry had given her a twelfth of a grain of tartar emetic five times a day until she had entire mental relief, and her anxiety concerning the salvation of her husband and children was set completely at rest.

The good doctor noted with secret pleasure his son's growing fondness for the society of his prime favorite, Miss Patience Baxter. "He'll begin by trying to save her soul," he thought. "Phil always begins that way, but when Patty gets him in hand he'll remember the existence of his heart, an organ he has never taken into consideration. A love affair with a pretty girl, good but not too pious, will help Phil considerable, however it turns out."

There is no doubt but that Phil was taking his chances and that under Patty's tutelage he was growing mellow. As for Patty, she was only amusing herself and frisking like a young lamb in pastures where she had never strayed before. Her fancy flew from Mark to Phil and from Phil back to Mark again, for at the moment she was just a vessel of emotion, ready to empty herself on she knew not what. Temperamentally, she would take advantage of currents rather than steer at any time, and it would be the strongest current that would finally bear her away. Her idea had always been that she could play with fire without burning her own fingers and that the flames she kindled were so innocent and mild that no one could be harmed by them. She had fancied up to now that she could control, urge on or cool down a man's feeling forever and a day if she chose and remain mistress of the situation. Now, after some weeks of weighing and balancing her two swains, she found herself confronting a choice once and for all. Each of them seemed to be approaching the state of mind where he was likely to say, somewhat violently, "Take me or leave me, one or the other!" But she did not wish to take them, and still less did she wish to leave them, with no other lover in sight but Cephas Cole, who was almost, though not quite, worse than none.

If matters by lack of masculine patience and self control did come to a crisis what should she say definitely to either of her suitors? Her father despised Mark Wilson a trifle more than any young man on the river, and while he could have no objection to Phil Perry's character or position in the world, his hatred of old Dr. Perry amounted to a disease. When the doc-

tor was running away with me, I wish somebody would care 'frightful about me enough for that, enough help me make up my mind, so that I could just drive up to father's some day and say, 'Good afternoon, father! I knew you'd never let marry'!"—there was always a dash here in Patty's imaginary discourse that could be filled in with a Christian name according to her mood of the moment—"so I just married him anyway and you needn't be an with my sister, for she knew nothing about it. My husband and I are so if you are displeased, but there's help for it, and my husband's heart will always be open to Waitstill whenever happens."

Patty, with all her latent love finery and ease, did not weigh worldly circumstances of the two, though the reflection that she would have more amusement with Mark than with Philip may have crossed her mind. She trusted Philip and respected his steady going, serious view of life. It pleased her vanity, too, to show her nonsense and fun lighter; his temperamental gravity, playing and out and over it like a butterfly a smoke bush. She would be so with Philip always, but safety had special charm for one of her age, who had never been in peril. Mark's superior knowledge of the world, moreover his careless, buoyant manner of caring himself, his gay, boyish audacity, all had a very distinct charm for her and yet—

But there would be no "and yet" little later. Patty's heart would be quickly enough when sufficient help was applied to it and Mark was feeling more and more deeply in love every day. As Patty vacillated purpose strengthened, the more she weighed the more he ceased to weigh the difficulties of the situation, more she unfolded herself to him, more he loved and the more he expected her. She began by delighting his senses, she ended by winning that there was in him and creating continually the qualities he lacked after the manner of true women even when they are very young and foolish.

CHAPTER XVI.

A Summer o' Maine Prophet.

SUMMER was dying hard, for though it had passed, by the calendar, Mother Nature was still keeping up her customary attitude.

There had been a soft rain in the night, and every spear of grass was brilliantly green and tipped with crystal. The smoke bushes in the garden plot and the asparagus bed beyond them looked misty as the sun rose higher, drying the soaked earth and dripping branches. Spiders' webs, matted with lace, dotted the short grass under the apple tree. Every flower had a fragrance was pouring it gratefully into the air; every bird with joyous note in its voice gave it more joyously from a bursting throat, as the river laughed and rippled in the distance at the foot of Town Hill. The dawn grew into full morning, and streams of blue smoke rose here and there from the Edgewood chimneys. The world was alive and beautiful that Waitstill felt like got down on her knees in gratitude for having been born into it and given chance of serving it in any humble way whatsoever.

Wherever there was a barn, in Edgewood or Edgewood, one could have heard the three legged stools being lifted from the pegs, and then would

had closed the eyes of the third. Baxter he had made some plain, unadorned statements that would make the deacon's breast as long as the life. Patty knew, therefore, at the chance of her father's blessing falling upon her union with either of her present lovers was more than an artifice, and of what use was an engagement if there could not be a marriage?

If Patty's mind inclined to a somewhat speedy departure from her father's household she can hardly be blamed, but she felt that she could not carry any of her indecisions and fears to her sister for settlement. Who could look in Waitstill's clear, steadfast eyes and say, "I can't make up my mind which to marry?" Not Patty. She felt, instinctively, that Waitstill's heart, if moved at all, would rush out like a great river to lose itself in the ocean and, losing itself, forget the narrow banks through which it had flowed before. Patty knew that her own love was at the moment nothing more than the note of a child's penny flute and at Waitstill was perhaps vibrating prettily with a deeper, richer music than could ever come to her. Still, as if of some sort she meant to feel, even if they make me decide one way or another before I am ready," she said to herself, "I'll never say 'yes' till I am more in love than I am now!" There were other reasons why she did not want to ask Waitstill's advice. It only did she shrink from the loving scrutiny of her sister's eyes and a gentle probing of her questions, which would fix her own motives on a point and hold them up unbecomingly to the light, but she had a foolish, generous loyalty that urged her to keep Waitstill quite aloof from her little private perplexities.

"She will only worry herself sick," thought Patty. "She won't let me marry without asking father's permission, and she'd think she ought not to aid in deceiving him, and the tempest would be twice as dreadful if it fell on us both! Now, if anything happens, I can tell father that I did it all myself and that Waitstill knew nothing about it whatever. Then—oh, joy!—father is too terrible! I shall be a married woman and I can always say: 'I will not permit such cruelty! Waitstill is dependent upon you no longer; I shall come at once to my husband and me!'"

This latter phrase almost intoxicated her, so that there were moments when she could have run up to Millie's mill and purchased herself a shawl at any cost, had her slender fingers permitted the best in the market, and the more impersonal the husband the more delightedly Patty rolled the phrase under her tongue.

"I can never be 'published' in church," she thought, "and perhaps nobody will ever care enough about me to brave father's displeasure and insist on running away with me. I do wish somebody would care 'frightfully' out me enough for that, enough to help me make up my mind, so that I did just drive up to father's store one day and say, 'Good afternoon, dear! I knew you'd never let me marry'—there was always a dash in Patty's imaginary discourses, dash that could be filled in with any Christian name according to her mood the moment—"so I just married anyway and you needn't be angry with my sister, for she knew nothing about it. My husband and I are sorry you are displeased, but there's no

begin the music of the milk pails; first the resonant sound of the stream in the bottom of the tin pail, then the soft, delicious purring of the cascade into the full bucket, while the cows serenely chewed their cud and whisked away the flies with swinging tails.

Deacon Baxter was taking his cows to a pasture far over the hill, the feed having grown too short in his own fields. Patty was washing dishes in the kitchen and Waitstill was in the dairy house at the butter making, one of her chief delights. She worked with speed and with beautiful sureness, patting, squeezing, rolling the golden mass like the true artist she was, then turning the sweet scented waxen balls out of the mould onto the big stone china platter that stood waiting. She had been up early, and for the last hour she had toiled with devouring eagerness that she might have a little time to herself. It was hers now, for Patty would be busy with the beds after she finished the dishes, so she drew a fold



She Sat Down to Read the First Communication She Had Ever Received in Ivory's Handwriting.

ed paper from her pocket, the first communication she had ever received in Ivory's handwriting, and sat down to read it:

My Dear Waitstill—Rodman will take this packet and leave it with you when he finds opportunity. It is not in any real sense a letter, so I am in no danger of incurring your father's displeasure. You will probably have heard new rumors concerning my father during the past few days, for Peter Morrill has been to Enfield, N. H., where he says letters have been received stating that my father died in Cortland, O., more than five years ago. I shall do what I can to substantiate this fresh report, as I have always done with all the previous ones, but I have little hope of securing reliable information at this distance and after this length of time. I do not know when I can ever start on a personal quest myself, for even had I the money I could not leave home until Rodman is much older and fitted for greater responsibility. Oh, Waitstill, how you have helped my poor, dear mother! Would that I were free to tell you how I value your friendship! It is something more than mere friendship. What you are doing is like throwing a life line to a sinking human being. Two or three times of late mother has forgotten to set out the supper things for my father. Her ten years' incessant waiting for him seems to have subsided a little, and in its place she

"Madam, you needn't touch your silver. I don't want it. I am a gentleman."


Whereupon the bewildered Betsy scuttled back to her mother and told her the strange guest was indeed a fortune teller.

Of Cochrane's initial appearance as a preacher Ivory had told Waitstill in their talk in the churchyard early in the summer. It was at a child's funeral that the new prophet created his first sensation, and there, too, that Aaron and Lois Boynton first came under his spell. The whole countryside had been just then wrought up to a state of religious excitement by revival meetings, and Cochrane gained the benefit of this definite preparation for his work. He claimed that all his sayings were from divine inspiration and that those who embraced his doctrine received direct communication from the Almighty. He disdained formal creeds and all manner of church organizations, declaring that sectarian names were marks of the beast and all church members to be in Babylon. He introduced rebaptism as a symbolic cleansing from sectarian stains, and after some months advanced a proposition that his flock hold all things in common. He put a sudden end to the solemn "deaconing out" and droning of psalm tunes and grafted on to his form of worship lively singing and marching, accompanied by clapping of hands and whirling in circles, during the progress of which the most hysterical converts or the most fully "Cochranized" would swoon upon the floor, or, in obeying their leader's instructions to "become as little children," would sometimes go through the most extraordinary and unmeaning antics.

It was not until he had converted hundreds to the new faith that he added more startling revelations to his gospel. He was in turn bold, mystical, eloquent, audacious, persuasive, autocratic, and even when his self-styled "communications from the Almighty" converted all that his hearers had formerly held to be right, he still magnetized or hypnotized them into an unwilling assent to his beliefs. There was finally a proclamation to the effect that marriage vows were to be annulled when advisable and that complete spiritual liberty was to follow; a liberty in which a new affinity might be sought and a spiritual union begun upon earth, a union as nearly approximate to God's standards as faulty human beings could manage to attain.

Some of the faithful fell away at this time, being unable to accept the full doctrine, but retained their faith in Cochrane's original power to convert sinners and save them from the wrath of God. Storm clouds began to gather in the sky, however, as the delusion spread, month by month, and local ministers everywhere sought to minimize the influence of the dangerous orator, who rose superior to every attack and carried himself like some magnificent martyr at will among the crowds that now criticised him here or there in private and in public.

"What a picture of splendid audacity he must have been," wrote Ivory, "when he entered the orthodox meeting house at a huge gathering where he knew that the speakers were to denounce his teachings. Old Parson Buzzell gave out his text from the high pulpit, Mark xiii, 37, 'And what I say unto you I say unto all, watch.' Just here Cochrane stepped in at the open door of the church and heard the



Corson's

Ideal Orchid

Talcum Powder

—is the most refreshing and pleasant of all talcs

Its elusive fragrance, coolness and antiseptic qualities have placed it foremost among talcums and made it the favorite of many users.

The high quality of the talc—the fineness of texture and the costliness of the perfume that gives it its fragrance are not equalled in any other talc you can buy.

All Druggists, 25c. tins.

Made by
SOVEREIGN PERFUMES LIMITED, TORONTO

by my mother's conversations (some of which I have repeated to you, but which may be full of errors, because of her confusion of mind) I believe she must have had a difference of opinion with my father on some of these views, but I have no means of knowing this to a certainty, nor do I know that the question of choosing spiritual consorts ever came between or divided them. This part of the delusion always fills me with such unspeakable disgust that I have never liked to seek additional light from any of the older men and women who might revel in giving it. That my mother did not sympathize with my father's going out to preach Cochrane's gospel through the country, this I know, and she was so truly religious, so burning with zeal, that had she fully believed in my father's mission she would have spurred him on instead of endeavoring to detain him.

"You know the retribution that overtook Cochrane at last," wrote Ivory again, when he had shown the man's early victories and his enormous influence. "There began to be indignant protests against his doctrines by lawyers and doctors, as well as by ministers; not from all sides, however, for remember, in extenuation of my father's and my mother's espousal of this strange belief, that many of the strongest and wisest men, as well as the purest and finest women in York county, came under this man's spell for a time and believed in him implicitly, some of them even unto the end.

"Finally there was Cochrane's arrest and examination, the order for him to appear at the supreme court, his failure to do so, his recapture and trial and his sentence of four years' imprisonment on several counts, in all of which he was proved guilty. Cochrane had all along said that the Anointed of the Lord would never be allowed to remain in jail, but he was mistaken, for he stayed in the state's prison at Charlestown, Mass., for the full duration of his sentence. Here (I am again trying to plead the cause of my father and mother), here he received much sympathy and some few visitors, one of

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The dawn grew into full morn-
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careless, buoyant manner of carry-
himself, his gay, boyish audacity,
had a very distinct charm for her—
l yet—

To help you better to understand the
fluence that has robbed me of both father
and mother and made me and mine the
subject of town and tavern gossip for
years past I have written for you just
a sketch of the "Cochrane craze," the ro-
mantic story of a man who swayed the
wills of his fellow creatures in a truly
marvelous manner. Some local historian
of his time will doubtless give him more
space. My wish is to have you know
something more of the circumstances that
have made me a prisoner in life instead
of a free man. But, prisoner as I am at
the moment, I am sustained just now by
a new courage. I read in my copy of
Ovid last night, "The best of weapons is
the undaunted heart." This will help you,
too, in your hard life, for yours is the
most undaunted heart in all the world.

IVORY BOYNTON.

The chronicle of Jacob Cochrane's
career in the little villages near the
Saco river has no such interest for the
general reader as it had for Waitstill
Baxter. She hung upon every word
that Ivory had written and realized
more clearly than ever before the
shadow that had followed him since
early boyhood—the same shadow that
had fallen across his mother's mind
and left continual twilight there.

No one really knew, it seemed, why
or from whence Jacob Cochrane had
come to Edgewood. He simply ap-
peared at the old tavern a stranger,
with satchel in hand, to seek enter-
tainment. Uncle Bart had often de-
scribed this scene to Waitstill, for he
was one of those sitting about the
great open fire at the time. The man
easily slipped into the group and soon
took the lead in conversation, delight-
ing all with his agreeable personality,
his nimble tongue and graceful speech.
At supper time the hostess and the
rest of the family took their places at
the long table, as was the custom, and
he astonished them by his knowledge
not only of town history, but of village
matters they had supposed unknown
to any one.

When the stranger had finished his
supper and returned to the barroom he

had to pass through a long entry, and
the landlady, whispering to her daugh-
ter, said:

"Betsy, you go up to the chamber
closet and get the silver and bring it
down. This man is going to sleep
there, and I am afraid of him. He
must be a fortune teller, and the Lord
only knows what else!"

In going to the chamber the daugh-
ter had to pass through the barroom.
As she was moving quietly through,
hoping to escape the notice of the new-
comer, he turned in his chair and,
looking her full in the face, suddenly
said:

attacked and carried himself like some
magnificent martyr at will among the
crowds that now criticised him here
or there in private and in public.

"What a picture of splendid audacity
he must have been," wrote Ivory,
"when he entered the orthodox meet-
ing house at a huge gathering where
he knew that the speakers were to de-
nounce his teachings. Old Parson Buz-
zell gave out his text from the high
pulpit, Mark xiii, 37, 'And what I say
unto you I say unto all, watch.' Just
here Cochrane stepped in at the open
door of the church and heard the
warning, meant, he knew, for himself,
and seizing the moment of silence fol-
lowing the reading of the text, he cried
in his splendid sonorous voice, without
so much as stirring from his place
within the door frame: 'Behold, I
stand at the door and knock. If any
man hear my voice I will come in to
him and will sup with him. I come to
preach the everlasting gospel to every
one that heareth, and all that I want
here is my bigness on the floor.'

"I cannot find," continued Ivory on
another page, "that my father or moth-
er ever engaged in any of the foolish
and childish practices which disgraced
the meetings of some of Cochrane's
most fanatical followers and converts."

and examination, the order for him to
appear at the supreme court, his fail-
ure to do so, his recapture and trial and
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ment on several counts, in all of which
he was proved guilty. Cochrane had all
along said that the Anointed of the
Lord would never be allowed to remain
in jail, but he was mistaken, for he
stayed in the state's prison at Charles-
town, Mass., for the full duration of
his sentence. Here (I am again trying
to plead the cause of my father and
mother), here he received much sympa-
thy and some few visitors, one of
whom walked all the way from Edge-
wood to Boston, 115 miles, with a peti-
tion for pardon, a petition which was
delivered and refused at the Boston
statehouse. Cochrane issued from pris-
on a broken and humiliated man,
but, if report says true, is still living,
far out of sight and knowledge, some-
where in New Hampshire. He once
sent my father an epitaph of his own
selection, asking him to have it carved
upon his gravestone should he die sud-
denly when away from his friends.
My mother often repeats it, not realiz-
ing how far from the point it sounds to
us who never knew him in his glory,
but only in his downfall:

(To be Continued)

The Reliable Match---

Match it with any other match and
you will see that the quality of the
DOMINION is unmatched.....



The Dominion Match Co., Limited, Deseronto, Ont.

W. S. MORDEN, President. C. J. ANDERSON, Manager.

Modernize your Kitchen

One by one the bugbears of housekeeping are being
put to rout through the instrumentality of gas.
The modern kitchen — which means the all-gas
kitchen—is now a recognized part of the up-to-date
home. The all-gas kitchen lightens labor. It
means a clean, wholesome, sanitary kitchen, as
there is no coal dust or ashes to be spread around,
and it becomes a real pleasure to work in it. Every
housewife desires to cook and heat water in the
most economical way, in the quickest, most depend-
able way, with the least possible work.

The All-Gas way is the solution to the problem.

The hot weather is here now and if you want a cool,
comfortable kitchen this summer come and select
your Gas Range and Water Heater now. We have
ranges at all prices.

**The Napanee Gas Company,
Limited.
NAPANEE.**

Here's A Friend Indeed

Constipation is the bane of old age—harsh cathartics aggravate, avoid them and use Chamberlain's Tablets, the mildest and gentlest of laxatives—best for the young, the middle aged and the old. 25c. bottle—Druggists and Dealers, or by mail.

Chamberlain Medicine Co., Toronto.

**CHAMBERLAIN'S
TABLETS**



DAIRY LORE.

Salt should always be accessible.

See that your cows never drink stagnant water.

Never give dry or dusty feed to cows during milking.

Don't keep the milk pails or cans in or near the cow stables.

The cream should be cooled immediately after separating.

Don't keep anything but milk and milk products in the dairy.

Don't mix hot and cold cream. Cool cream retards ripening.

No amount of working will rid overchurned butter of milk.

Well glazed crocks are preferable for small amounts of cream.

FORAGE FOR SWINE.

Green Feeds Alone Not an Economical Feed For Pigs.

The entire hog herd can be run on forage crops and will profit by this method of management. Younger animals seem to derive the most benefit, and fattening hogs the least. Herd sows and the herd boar are benefited by having green feeds. It is a good plan to have the brood sow running on green pasture at farrowing time, as this is conducive to a strong, healthy litter of pigs. She should be kept on green forage from the time she farrows. The young pigs will soon learn to eat, and the exercise and the green food in its natural state will start them along in good condition.

It seems doubtful if it ever pays to try to keep pigs on forage crops alone. These crops are sometimes sufficient to keep the pigs growing, but the gains are not usually made economically. Usually the pigs are kept at a loss in live weight. Where brood sows are kept they should be given enough grain to keep them in good, thrifty condition. The fact that the forage crops have high value when grains are fed does not mean that they should be fed alone. The crops best adapted to grazing with pigs are alfalfa, rape, clover, blue grass, Bermuda, rye, oats, soy beans and cowpeas. The nature of the soil, the climate and the rainfall are influences that should govern the selection of the crops to be used.—United States Department of Agriculture.

Farm and Garden

POULTRY INDUSTRY.

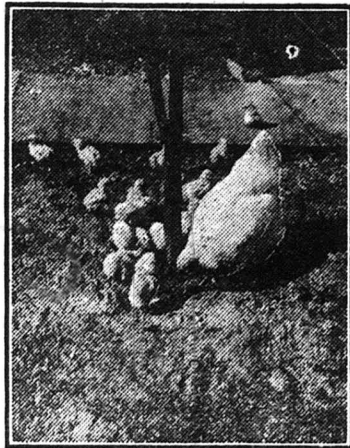
Its Development in Eastern Tennessee Is Remarkable.

[F. Roger Miller in the Industrious Hen.]

The real development of the poultry industry in east Tennessee has been accomplished within the past ten years. In 1900 the total value of poultry shipments from the Morristown district was approximately \$25,000. Three years later the volume of business had been doubled. Since that time the annual value of shipments has increased to more than \$2,000,000, the figures shown by the records of the Morristown freight and express offices for last year.

During the past year the increase in value of broiler shipments alone amounted to more than \$200,000, and the manner in which this was accomplished is of itself an interesting story and a story of town and country co-operation, community co-operation, which again demonstrates that all things are possible when organized agencies work together.

The Morristown board of trade, co-operating with the Poultry association and the Farmers' club, inaugurated a



SOME DEVELOPING BROILERS.

campaign in the county for the purpose of increasing poultry production. The need for this work had previously been called to the attention of these organizations by the statement of local poultry dealers and packers that they were no longer able to secure a sufficient supply from this immediate territory and were buying in car lots from other states in order to meet the demands of their regular trade. A report of the board says:

Early in the campaign we found that our farmers must first be induced to send the mongrels to the discard, buy pure bred fowls and enlarge their facilities by the addition of modern incubator and brooder plants. Few of them were willing to venture all the way without some definite guarantee of increased revenue in the immediate future. The matter was presented to the local packers through the board of trade and an agreement of 30 cents per pound was made for all chickens of broiler size delivered on contract

of neutral nations—Norway, Sweden, Japan or the United States—may be captured by German war vessels if consigned to England or France.

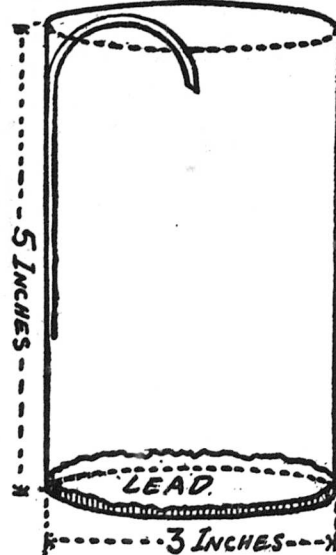
The need of food in Great Britain will soon be desperate. Her stocks on Aug. 1 were hardly enough to feed her population for three months under peace or barely two months under war conditions.

All exports of food from Russia may be prohibited by ukase or embargo, at least to Europe. No Russian produce can get to England via the Baltic, as that outlet is bottled up by the German navy. Russian exports via the Dardanelles may be prevented by Turkey upon pressure from Austria-Germany. Shipments from Russia's Pacific ports via Panama are not likely to cut much figure.

The Belgian government has bought up the wheat stock there and will regulate the price; many city governments in Europe likewise.—American Agriculturist.

Cleanly Device In Killing.

In killing poultry a great deal of mess may be avoided and not only the feathers, but the premises, kept clean by means of the simple device shown with this paragraph. It consists of a tin receptacle about three inches in diameter and five inches deep, weighted at the bottom with about a pound of lead. At one side a stout wire hook is soldered.



THE BLOOD CATCHER.

The sharpened end of this hook is caught in the neck of the killed fowl, so that all the blood drops into the tin. The lead weight draws the fowl's body so that bleeding is perfect. This device is one of the most useful a poultryman can have. It costs about 40 cents if made by a tinsmith, but may be made at home for even less.—American Agriculturist.

ORCHARD AND GARDEN.

These are the days that are demonstrating the value of early spraying of fruit plants.

Clear up the greenhouse and get fresh soil in, ready for a new crop of plants next winter.

Stop cultivation in the orchard and seed to a cover crop. Late cultivation encourages late growth, which is objectionable.

DOWN WITH THE FLY.

Until now the amateur gardener has been between two fires. He has wanted a permanent manure pile for the good of his plants, but he has hated, if not indeed refused, to keep one on his place because it was the breeding place of the loathsome and dangerous house or typhoid fly. And nobody knew how to prevent its breeding there without injuring the manure as a fertilizer.

At last the great discovery has been made, and the extermination of the fly is no more difficult and should be no longer delayed than the extermination of that other pest, the mosquito. Here is the key to the mystery in all its amazing simplicity: Sprinkle the fresh horse manure with common borax at the rate of one ounce to the bushel.

METHOD OF BUILDING UP A DAIRY HERD

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are kept together should be given enough grain to keep them in good, thrifty condition. The fact that the forage crops have high value when grains are fed does not mean that they should be fed alone. The crops best adapted to grazing with pigs are alfalfa, rape, clover, blue grass, Bermuda, rye, oats, soy beans and cowpeas. The nature of the soil, the climate and the rainfall are influences that should govern the selection of the crops to be used.—United States Department of Agriculture.

SELECTING A GOOD RAM.

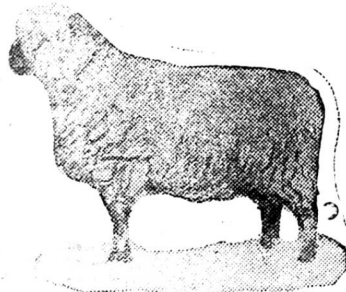
Characteristics That Indicate a Potent Head of the Flock.

There are many essentials for an ideal ram. First, of course, is that he must be a good sire—a breeder, if you will.

Granted this condition, there are many other important features. He must possess character, as indicated by bold carriage, strong front and a "stony" look. His face should be bold, strong and masculine.

These characteristics are to be taken as indicative of ability to produce these characteristics in his offspring.

However, these characteristics must be good ones, for a sire that possesses masculinity and character, strong



The Southdown is the generally accepted type of the mutton and short wool sheep. The breed takes its name from the Downs that line the southern coast of England. Its smooth, even body, its round, clean barrel, its short legs, its fine head and broad saddle make it profitable for any American breeder or farmer. Its mutton has long been valued highly, both here and abroad, always bringing the highest price.

ability to produce his characteristics, must have good ones to produce, or his influence is bad.

A masculine ram of bad conformation is worse than one lacking in masculinity, of the same quality otherwise, because he is more apt to reproduce his faulty qualities.

Granted that we desire the good qualities, what are they? We must have a broad muzzle and nose, giving plenty of breathing room and lots of room for the mill—the teeth.

The neck should be short, strong and muscular. The chest should be deep, broad and capacious, giving to the vital organs plenty of room.

The back should be broad and deep. The most valuable meat is produced here. The rump should be long and wide at the tail.

Supporting all this should be good, strong legs, able to carry the body, and pasterns and toes that are strong. The legs should be as short as possible.

The daylight under a sheep could just as well be meat, worth 8 cents a pound.

He should be covered all over with a fleece of wool, heavy and very fine, long and of good quality.

demanders of their regular trade. A report of the board says:

Early in the campaign we found that our farmers must first be induced to send the mongrels to the discard, buy pure bred fowls and enlarge their facilities by the addition of modern incubator and brooder plants. Few of them were willing to venture all the way without some definite guarantee of increased revenue in the immediate future. The matter was presented to the local packers through the board of trade and an agreement of 30 cents per pound was made for all chickens of broiler size delivered on contract during the first four months of 1913.

Armed with the proposition from the packers and information in detail concerning the profits of broiler raising, cost of equipment and plans for developing poultry raising as an important department of every business farm in the county, representatives of the board of trade, the Poultry association and the Farmers' club inaugurated their canvass.

Prior to this campaign the local broiler industry had been carried on in a small way only and with little apparent prospect of large growth. During the season following the campaign over 600,000 broilers for which the farmers received an average of 40 cents each were delivered to Morristown packers, fattened in the local feeding station, which ran its full capacity of 30,000 a day throughout the season, killed, dressed and sold as "fancy milk fed broilers" to select dining car, hotel and restaurant trade in the large cities of the south, east and north. This much was accomplished for the development of the industry in one year. The same agencies are working on the co-operative plan for the continued development of the industry and the near future will add another million to the annual value of the shipments from Morristown alone.

The newest and one of the most promising factors in the development of the industry outside the departments handled through local dealers and packers, is the sterile egg farm. These egg farms, all established within recent years, are devoting their time and efforts chiefly to the production of the "all white, sterile guaranteed fresh eggs," and, eliminating very largely the middleman, are selling direct to concerns supplying a hotel and restaurant trade in the large cities of the east. The superior transportation facilities afforded by the co-operation of the railroads enable these farmers to compete successfully with any section of the United States east of the Mississippi, and the time is not far distant when, with a largely increased production of eggs uniform in size, color and quality, they will be organized and represented in the principal markets of the north, east and south by their own selling agents.

East Tennessee is destined to become the greatest poultry producing section in the United States and that before the passing of many years.

GRAIN EXPORTS AND WAR.

Months Will Be Required to Ship Our Surplus of Grain.

Just as soon as bottoms can be chartered exports of grain and of other products will be resumed from the United States. England and France should be able to keep open their ports and prevent seizures of food laden ships from this side. However, food is contraband of war, and even if conveyed in bottoms having the registry

ORCHARD AND GARDEN.

These are the days that are demonstrating the value of early spraying of fruit plants.

Clear up the greenhouse and get fresh soil in, ready for a new crop of plants next winter.

Stop cultivation in the orchard and seed to a cover crop. Late cultivation encourages late growth, which is objectionable.

This is the time of year when the well cared for garden is reducing the table expense greatly, besides giving a fine variety of food.

Early celery is about ready to blanch for market. Paper or boards are usually best to use, as they are not so likely to cause decay in warm weather as is dirt.

Many of the wild flowering plants are worthy of growing in the home yard. Some that have been especially good this year are the New Jersey tea, Indian puccoon, milkweed, wild sunflower and blazing star. Violets, bloodroot and other spring flowers are sometimes transplanted.—Le Roy Cady, Associate Horticulturist, University Farm, St. Paul.

Graining Hogs on Pasture.

At the Nebraska station an experiment was conducted in feeding varying amounts of grain to hogs running on alfalfa. In two months hogs fed one and one-third pounds of grain daily in conjunction with alfalfa pasture gained twenty pounds each, while in another lot where two and one-half pounds of grain daily were fed the gain during the two months' period was forty pounds. In the case of the third lot where three and one-half pounds of grain daily were fed per hog the gain during the two months' period was fifty-four pounds. It required in these cases 3.86 pounds of corn to make one pound of gain on the lightest ration, 3.98 pounds of corn to make one pound of gain on the medium ration and 4.23 pounds of corn to make one pound of gain on the lot receiving the heaviest grain ration. With corn selling at 30 cents per bushel, which was the estimate placed on it by Professor Smith at that time, the cheapest gains were those made by the hogs receiving the lightest ration.

Hogs Are Heavy Drinkers.

It is possible to waste an enormous amount of feed when hogs do not have access to water at all times, both winter and summer. There are a number of types of hog waterers on the market, these being so designed that only a small surface is exposed, and, therefore, the matter of contamination is almost wholly eliminated. It is, in any event, a simple matter to arrange a drinking trough so that the hogs have access to only a few inches at the end. This can be accomplished by placing the end of the trough under a fence and it is only necessary to have enough of the water exposed so that one hog can drink.

Stable Disinfection.

Do not fumigate the stable. Clean out all loose trash, then cleanse perfectly, disinfect with a 1-500 solution of bichloride of mercury and apply fresh made lime wash to floors, ceiling, walls and all fixtures.



The Jersey cow long ago proved her commercial worth. In the pastures of the American farmer east, west, north, south, she is hard at work, tending strictly to her business of producing an abundance of milk of exceptional quality. She responds readily to intelligent care, is a good feeder, is gentle in disposition and is a delight to the eye—and to the pocketbook. The illustration shows a Jersey bull of pure blood, a fine type of his breed.

It is wise to avoid buying even beef from the man who uses a scrub or a bull of beef breeding.

Rapid improvement of dairy herds in general will not come until the average dairyman realizes the difference in value between high and low producing cows, and is willing to take the steps necessary to determine what each is doing toward returning a profit on her own account. Such a record is necessary in order to breed most intelligently. If poor cows are mated with scrub bulls the progeny is quite certain to be scrubs. If good cows are mated with good bulls, good cows are mated with poor bulls the progeny will probably be average cows, which mean unprofitable cows. If productive cows are mated with productive bulls from productive ancestry the result is greater certainty of getting good cows, which are the profitable kind. The last is the only way by which breeding can rapidly raise the average production of dairy herds and make possible for all dairymen to have good cows.

RACING FOR SLEEP.

Running Around the Bed Is Said to Induce Drowsiness.

There is nothing in the world so exasperating as not being able to go to sleep when you want to, persistent insomnia is one of the greatest curses of mankind. But many people suffer from insomnia from lack of knowing many of the simple devices that have been used in the past to induce sleep, and Sir James Sawyer's recent work points out how valuable some of these simple means have been.

Few plans are more successful, suggests, than that of running around the bed, particularly if the night is cold. It will be remembered that Charles Dickens, who was greatly afflicted with sleeplessness, declared that if he could lean on the bedpost in his attire, in which he usually slept, till he got chilled clear through the turn to a warm bed would produce drowsiness that led him along the way of sleep.

William Harvey, the discoverer of the circulation of the blood, was a leaver in the circulation of the blood. He declared that for sleeplessness nothing was better than to jump out of bed suddenly, as though frightened, race around the bed with a little on until the skin was cold, the body heated and then jump into bed. Not only was the exercise good, he believed, but also the fact that one was being withheld from going to bed caused a desire for which prepared the mind for sleep when once more lying down.—Oland Plain Dealer.

DOWN WITH THE FLY.

Until now the amateur gardener has been between two fires. He has wanted a permanent manure pile for the good of his plants, but he has hated, if not indeed refused, to keep one on his place because it was the breeding place of the loathsome and dangerous house or typhoid fly. And nobody knew how to prevent its breeding there without injuring the manure as a fertilizer.

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For the Children

A Cute Little Dog With a Funny Name.



Copyright by American Press Association.

Hedley Tango is the name of the smart looking little dog herewith pictured. Rather an odd name for a dog or any other thing for that matter. This little animal is a Scalyham terrier and was exhibited at a recent dog show in England. The Scalyham is a rather new kind of dog and is related to the Irish and Dandy Dinmonts. He is very bright and alert, as his picture shows, and is much liked in England and this country where known. Terriers from time immemorial have been trained to kill rats, rabbits and other small rodents. As household pets they have lost much of their desire to kill, but the sight of a rabbit sets them jumping. They are very clever and handsome dogs, and whoever owns one is sure to prize him highly.

The Torch Fish.

There is a kind of fish that swims in the deep sea which is very rare and a great curiosity, says the American Boy. Its common name is the torch fish. Its jaws are filled with long, slender teeth. It has a cartridge shaped tongue and a body very much like a worn-out old shoe that has become so limp that it cannot hold itself up in shape any more.

The most remarkable thing about this strange fish is that on the tip of its long, pipestem nose there is an egg shaped object that the fish can light up like the bulseye lantern whenever he wants to and put it out again when he so pleases. This lantern does not serve as a guide to him in his wanderings, but is used as a trap to entice unwary and innocent little food fishes. When this deep sea lucifer is hungry he just lights his lamp, which is a peculiar kind of lip with phosphorus on it, opens his mouth and waves before it a slender, cordlike appendage that grows from beneath its lower jaw. The small fishes mistake the light for a certain kind of toothsome firefly that is down in the sea, and in their scramble for this dainty they sail right into the lucifer's mouth, which is gaping wide open to receive them. When he has had all the dinner he wants he

LIGHTWEIGHT WRAP.

Modish Little Coats of Silk Are Suggested For Fall Needs.



TAFFETA WRAP.

A lightweight wrap is useful for fall. The one pictured here is an attractive coat of black pussy willow taffeta for afternoon or evening use. An accordion plaited sounce of the taffeta trims the lower part of the coat. A high flaring collar of velvet with deep silk revers is used. The flare of the cuffs is accomplished by the use of shirring and pipings.

ELECTRICAL NOVELTIES.

Many Conveniences for the Bachelor Man or Maid's Room.

Electrical devices of various sorts are a boon to the bachelor man or woman. A little electric water heater—simply a metal rod that is thrust into water to make it boil—is a convenience for the man that wants shaving water in out of the way places, as well as for the woman who always uses hot water for washing the face.

An electric iron is equally convenient, and one is sold that folds into a compact little case.

The most interesting convenience of all, however, is a combination device which consists of an electric iron that, turned upside down, is a stove.

The case in which the iron is carried becomes a pan in which water can be heated. There is a hole in one end of the iron in which a curling iron can be thrust to heat.

COOKERY SCHOOLS.

Not Such Modern Institutions as Some People Imagine.

Schools of cookery are not modern institutions, as most people appear to

HIS HEALTH IN A TERRIBLE STATE

"Fruit-a-tives" Healed His Kidneys and Cured Him

HAGERSVILLE, ONT., AUG. 26th. 1913.

"About two years ago, I found my health in a very bad state. My Kidneys were not doing their work and I was all run down in condition. I felt the need of some good remedy, and having seen 'Fruit-a-tives' advertised, I decided to try them. Their effect, I found more than satisfactory.

Their action was mild and the result all that could be expected.

My Kidneys resumed their normal action after I had taken upwards of a dozen boxes, and I regained my old-time vitality. Today, I am enjoying the best health I have ever had."

B. A. KELLY

"Fruit-a-tives" is the greatest Kidney Remedy in the world. It acts on the bowels and skin as well as on the kidneys, and thereby soothes and cures any Kidney soreness.

"Fruit-a-tives" is sold by all dealers at 50c. a box, 6 for \$2.50, trial size 25c. or will be sent on receipt of price by Fruit-a-tives Limited, Ottawa.

BATH ROBES.

The Smart Flowered Crapes Very Suitable For These Garments.



CRAPÉ BATH ROBE.



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Man's First Wings.

The first effort to equip man with wings that he might fly through the air seems to have been made by Watson E. Quinby, a Delaware inventor, who patented a flying machine over forty years ago, says the American Boy. The inventor used the bat as his model in designing the wings. Previous flying machines had been constructed on the balloon principle, but Quinby's apparatus consisted of wings twelve feet in diameter and semicircular in form. The wings were attached to the limbs of the persons flying, and the motions used were very similar to those used in swimming. The wings refused to work, however, and no one ever succeeded in flying with their aid.

Making Rice Paper.

The so called rice paper is not made from rice, as one who knows its name would think, but from the pure white pith of a little tree belonging to the aralia family. It flourishes in Formosa and, so far as naturalists have been able to find out, nowhere else.

The stems are laden on boats and sent to China, where the rice paper is made. It is used, aside from ordinary purposes, by the native Chinese for water color drawings, and sometimes it is dyed in various colors and made into wonderfully natural looking artificial flowers.

Conclusive.

Two Pullman porters representing different railroads met off duty and progressed from friendly gossip to heated argument. Their quarrel centered about which one worked for the better road. Their claims, figures and arguments came fast and furious. At last the tall, thin porter settled the dispute with these classic words: "Go on, nigger; we kills mo' people den you fellows tote."—Argonaut.

Making and Earning Money.

"What is the difference between making money and earning money?" asked the youth.

"Sometimes the difference is a trip to the penitentiary for counterfeiting," answered the home grown philosopher.

All His Fault.

Mr. Flubdub—I lost my umbrella today. Mrs. Flubdub—That's just like you, John Henry. I told you when you left the house this morning to take one of the borrowed ones.—Puck.

No Rival That Way.

He—Have I a rival? She (coldly)—No; I cannot think of another person I regard with such indifference.—Boston Transcript.

Misunderstanding goes on like a fallen stitch in a stocking, which in the beginning might have been taken up by a needle.

which consists of an electric iron that, turned upside down, is a stove.

The case in which the iron is carried becomes a pan in which water can be heated. There is a hole in one end of the iron in which a curling iron can be thrust to heat.

COOKERY SCHOOLS.

Not Such Modern Institutions as Some People Imagine.

Schools of cookery are not modern institutions, as most people appear to think, for they existed in Queen Anne's reign.

Then a clever girl's accomplishments consisted in knowing how to make possets, caudles, surfeit waters, pastry, sweetmeats and sauces. All housewifery gifts were thoroughly appreciated.

Here is a cookery school advertisement which appeared in a periodical published in London in 1713: "To all young ladies at Edw. Kidder's Pastry School in Lincoln's Inn Fields are taught all sorts of pastry and cookery, Dutch hollow work, and Butter works on Thursdays, Fridays and Saturdays in the afternoon."

Saddlebag Purse.

A novelty in a purse to carry with light dresses is a style known as the saddlebag. This is very attractive and is made up in many colors.

One is of tan faille ribbon, with the two bags snapped together, having on one side a small mirror and a place for powder and on the other a place for change. The bottom of the bag is trimmed by a silk tassel. A short handle is of the faille ribbon.

THE SUBTLE ASIATIC.

His Illustration of the Saying That "Clothes Make the Man."

Some hundreds of years ago there lived in Agshelin, a little town in Asia Minor, an imam, or village parson, the Khoja Nasr-ed-Din Effendi. Concerning him Mr. H. C. Lukach tells some stories in his book, "The Fringe of the East."

One day a camel passed along the street in which the khoja lived, and one of the khoja's neighbors who had never seen a camel before ran to ask him what this strange beast might be.

"Don't you know what that is?" said the khoja, who also had never seen a camel, but would not betray his ignorance. "That is a hare a thousand years old."

A great man once gave a feast to which, with much condescension, he caused the khoja to be bidden. Accordingly on the appointed day the khoja repaired to the great man's house and found himself in the midst of a fashionable and richly clad company, which took no notice of the poor imam in his threadbare black gown. No one greeted him or spoke to him and eventually he was shown by a servant to the lowest seat. After a little while the khoja slipped away unobserved and went into the hall where some of the mighty ones had left their outer garments. Selecting a magnificent gown richly lined with fur, he put it on and returned to the room. Nobody recognized this resplendent personage, whose arrival excited universal attention. The company rose to salute him, and the host, who had previously ignored him, approached, bowing, and inquired after his honorable health.

The khoja stroked the sleeve of his borrowed garment. "Answer, fur!" he said.



CRAPE BATH ROBE.

The attractive bath robe pictured here is fashioned of blue and white flowered crape. It has matching bands of blue silk, with a jaunty blue silk cord and tassel to encircle the waist.

NOW LONGER WAISTS.

Wide Girdles Used to Give This Modish Effect to Gowns.

The lowering of the waist line is one of the characteristics of smart fall frocks. Illustrated here is a gown of taffeta in striped effect. The wide gir-



Photo by American Press Association.

STRIPED TAFFETA GOWN.

le outlines the waist with startling distinctness as to lines.

Entire skirts are occasionally made of Roman stripes.

Embroidered taffeta dresses are among the novelties.

Figured basques are seen worn with plain black tunic skirts.

Little capes suit almost every type woman, provided only she is slender.

Fall skirts are being made with clusters of plaits.

There seems to be a decided return to long, simple lines in dress.

Combinations of broadcloth with satin or moire are seen.

Fur trimmings, it is said, will be in good standing for fall.

SHILOH
quickly stops coughs, cures colds, and heals the throat and lungs. 25 cents.

HOUSE SLIPPERS FOR ALL

This week we are making a special showing of real comfortable House Slippers, for all members of the family.

SEE OUR WINDOW

Ladies' Fur Trimmed Juliet Slippers, high front and back, colors, Black, Red, Brown and Grey. Our big special value **\$1.00**

Ladies' Cosy Felt Slippers with felt sole and soft easy insole. Plaids, Reds, Blues, Greens, and Blacks. Priced at **50c, 75c, & \$1.00.**

Men's English Plaid House Slippers, big values in these **75c, \$1, 1.50 & 2.00**

Mitts and Gloves.

Visit our Mitt Department for the best values in Ontario.

Men's Work Mitts	25c
Men's Lined Work Gloves.....	40c
Men's Lined Horsehide Mitts	50c
Men's Lined Pigskin Mitts.....	50c
Men's Horsehide Gloves.....	59c
Boys' School Mitts	25c
Boys' Fine Mitts	35c

THE J. J. HAINES, Shoe Houses,

Largest Shoe Dealers in this Section,

Napanee, Belleville, Trenton and Smith's Falls.

Cranberries, Cranberries

10c per quart.

DATES. DATES.

Fresh Dates just arrived, bulk and package.

Sweet Pickled Pork at a very low price.

Fresh Pork Sausage every Saturday.

FRANK H. PERRY.

Dundas St., Opposite Royal Hotel
Phone 130.

Hogs Wanted.

Hambly & VanLoven will ship hogs, Tuesday, Oct. 27th, Highest price paid for select hogs.

If you want to get the big price for your poultry, feed them International Poultry Food. M. S. Madole.

The W.C.T.U. will hold a rummage sale the first week in November. A portion of the proceeds to go to the Patriotic fund.

Revall Cold Tablets will break up a cold or your money back. Sold in Napanee only at Wallace's Drug Store, Limited.

Rev. R. M. Millman, of Japan, will give a lecture on Japan in the school room of St. Mary Magdalene church on Friday evening, at 8 o'clock. At 7 o'clock, he will give a lantern lecture to children.

Don't fail to hear the Rev. W. J. Wood, M.A., B.D., of the First Methodist Church, Picton, who preaches in the Grace Church both morning and evening Sunday next. Mr. Wood is regarded as one of the first pulpits in this conference.

Death came very suddenly to Myles Martin, Yarker, on Thursday afternoon of last week. Mr. Martin was taking a meal in a Kingston restaurant. Dr. T. W. Connell made an examination of the remains and his report stated that death was caused by a piece of ham lodging in his windpipe.

A. S. Kimmerly will sell Redpath's best granulated sugar \$7.30 per 100. Five roses flour \$3.35; Harvest Queen flour \$3.20; 4 cars bran and shorts to hand. Special prices in car lot: royal yeast and cow brand soda 4c; 6 bars Comfort, Surprise or Sunlight soap 25c; good tea 15c; 4 doz. clothes pins 5c; I will continue paying 23c cash for fresh eggs; Burdock Blood Bitters 75c bottle.

GRACE METHODIST CHURCH

Chas. E. Cragg, B. D., Pastor.

Sunday, Oct. 25th, Epworth League Anniversary.

10.30 a.m.—Morning Worship.

7 p.m.—Evening Service.

The Rev. W. J. Wood, M.A., B.D., of the First Church, Picton, will preach both morning and evening. Mr. Wood comes recommended as a strong pulpit man. Hear him.

The choir, assisted by Mr. Feuter, will render special music.

All the young people will occupy the centre seats of the church at the morning service.

Monday, 8 p.m.—Special Young People's Rally. A very bright, interesting programme will be given. Silver Collection.

Wednesday, 7.45—Preparatory service. Reception of members into the church.

Thursday evening—Hollowe'en concert under the auspices of the Mission Circle. Splendid programme. Light refreshments.

Do You Know Why

VanLoven sells so much coal? It is because he handles only the best and gives 2000 lbs. per ton.

Bargains.

We have a few second hand wood cook stoves, which we will close at very low prices. M. S. Madole.

East End Barber Shop.

Everything neat; first class workmen; cigars and tobacco. Give me a call.

J. N. OSBORNE.

Morven Circuit.

The Rev. C. E. Cragg, B.D., of Grace Church, Napanee, will conduct Missionary services on the Morven Circuit, next Sunday, Oct. 25th: at Brick church, 10.30 a.m.; Lutheran church, 3 p.m.; White church, 7 p.m. Subject in the evening "The Ideal for the Nation, The Church and the Individual, suggested by the War"

Special Music at Grace Church.

At Grace Church on Sunday next the music will be special. Mr. Paul H. Feuter, of Switzerland, will give selections on the Cello and will also accompany the Misses Paul, in a vocal duet "Ora, Pro, Nobis" in the evening. Evening anthem "Now the Day is over." Every member of the choir is expected to be present.

Trinity Church Notes.

Rev. W. P. Rogers, B.A., preached two able sermons last Sunday. A splendid audience greeted Mr. C. M. Warner on Monday evening when he delivered a lecture under the auspices of the Young Peoples' Association, on "Canada, if Germany should win." The lecture was intensely interesting and was listened to with rapt attention throughout. The pastor will speak on Sunday evening on "The Great Central Truth of Christianity." A new hymn suited to our Empire during the war will be sung and a copy presented to each member of the congregation.

Poultry Foods.

Oyster shell, grit, scratch feed, beef scrap, poultry regulator. Everything for poultry at BOYLE & SON'S.

WEDDING BELLS.

A quiet but very interesting wedding took place on Wednesday, Oct. 14th, at the home of Mr. and Mrs. M. P. Hudgins, when their third daughter, Florence Edna, was united in marriage with Mr. Bruce Kimmerly, of Tyendinaga. The bride, who presented a very charming appearance, was given away by her father,

Fall Suits to Order

In all details made to uphold the Walters' reputation for dependable work.

Soiled Garments Cleaned
by our French Dry Cleaning Process, the modern sanitary method.

JAMES WALTERS,

Merchant Tailoring, Napanee.

SUNDAY, OCTOBER 25th.

Services at S. Mary Magdale Church:

8 a.m.—Holy Communion.

10.30 a.m.—Morning Prayer.

7 p.m.—Evensong.

The Sunday School will attend to morning service.

W. E. KIDD, M.A., Vicar.

HISTORICAL LECTURE.

The first lecture of the regular series of the Lennox and Addington Historical Society will be given at Historical Hall, Library Building, on Friday evening, October 30th, at 8 o'clock. Prof. H. Michell of Queen University will deliver a lecture, illustrated by lantern slides on "The Red River Rebellion (1869-70)." The entrance is free and everyone will welcome.

HALLOWE'EN CONCERT.

A splendid concert will be given at Grace Methodist S. S. room, on Thursday evening, Oct. 29th, and the auspices of the Mission Circle in addition to excellent local talent. Mrs. Alice Gibson, Mr. Feuter, Miss McConachie and several from Bat will take part. The last will render Doll Duet and nursery rhymes. Light refreshments will be served. Admission 15c, two for twenty-five cents.

GET IT AT
WALLACE'S



ROYAL HOTEL BARBER SHOP

HARRY SCOTT, Proprietor.

Everything Neat and Sanitary.
Best of Service Guaranteed.

GIVE US A CALL.

THE PLAZA BARBER SHOP and TOBACCO STORE.

We think we can please you.
TRY US.

Cigars, Tobaccos, Pipes, Etc.

PAUL KILLORIN, - Proprietor.

The new "Penslar" Talcum Powder is put up in dainty boxes, in three colors, Eudermia, Violet and Lilac. Have you tried them? 25 cents each at Hooper's—The Penslar Store. Rosalate, Lilalate and Violalate are special toilet powders at fifty cents.

We think we can please you.
TRY US.

Cigars, Tobaccos, Pipes, Etc.

PAUL KILLORIN, - Proprietor.

The new "Penslar" Talcum Powder is put up in dainty boxes, in three odors, Eudermia, Violet and Lilac. Have you tried them? 25 cents each at Hooper's - The Penslar Store, Rosedale, Lilacale and Violatale are special toilet powders at fifty cents.

ant. Dr. T. W. Connell made an examination of the remains and his report stated that death was caused by a piece of ham lodging in his wind-pipe.

A. S. Kimmerly will sell Redpath's best granulated sugar \$7.30 per 100. Five roses flour \$3.35; Harvest Queen flour \$3.20; 4 cars bran and shorts to hand. Special prices in car lot: royal yeast and cow brand soda 4c; 6 bars Comfort, Surprise or Sunlight soap 25c; good tea 15c; 4 doz. clothes pins 5c; I will continue paying 23c cash for fresh eggs; Burdock Blood Bitters 75c bottle.

Poultry Foods.

Oyster shell, grit, scratch feed, leaf scrap, poultry regulator. Everything for poultry at BOYLE & SON'S.

WEDDING BELLS.

A quiet but very interesting wedding took place on Wednesday, Oct. 14th, at the home of Mr. and Mrs. M. P. Hudgins, when their third daughter, Florence Edna, was united in marriage with Mr. Bruce Kimmerly, of Tyendinaga. The bride, who presented a very charming appearance, was given away by her father, in the presence of the near relatives of the contracting parties. After the ceremony, which was solemnized by the Rev. E. B. Cooke, of Felby, the party sat down to a sumptuous wedding dinner. The young couple left on the noon train for Toronto and other western points and are followed by the best wishes of their many friends.

WOMEN'S PATRIOTIC SOCIETY, BATH.

The ladies of the patriotic society, Bath, desire to thank the local merchants and general public for the generous response to appeals made in aid of the soldiers and Belgian poor. Cash donations, no matter how small for the purchasing of supplies, will be thankfully received. Donations of clothing of all sorts, in good condition, for men, women, boys and girls needed. Kindly leave with any member or at the home of Mrs. D. T. Rowse, President. Material, all ready cut out, will be given to those unable to attend meetings, but desirous of helping at home. The regular work meeting is being held in Public Library every Saturday at 2 p.m., to which all are invited.

PLEASANT VALLEY.

Mr. and Mrs. George Dupree gave a party for his father, Mr. S. X. Dupree on Wednesday, when he celebrated his seventy-fifth birthday. All his children with their families were present, namely: Mr. and Mrs. Chas. Vanalstine, Mr. and Mrs. Milford Dupree, Mr. and Mrs. Will Birrell, Bath and Mr. and Mrs. Jas. Spencer, Rochester.

Mr. and Mrs. Fred Pringle and family at Mr. Datus Denison's on Sunday.

Mr. and Mrs. Miro Card spent Thursday in Moscow.

Mr. and Mrs. Milford Dupree spent Thanksgiving day at Mr. Bells', Hay Bay.

Mr. Frank Clind, Belleville, spent a few days with his parents.

Mr. and Mrs. E. H. Sills and Maurice Sills visited Sunday at Mr. W. A. Balance's, Strathcona.

Mr. S. X. Dupree, Mrs. Chas. Vanalstine, Mr. and Mrs. George Dupree and Mr. and Mrs. Jas. Spencer, at Mr. Milford Dupree's on Thursday.

Mr. and Mrs. E. P. Smith visited Sunday at Mr. Frank Vandebogart's.

Mr. and Mrs. Ryerson Pringle at Mr. John Empey's, Sunday.

Mrs. Edwin Miller spent a couple of days with her sister, Mrs. W. B. Sills.

Mr. and Mrs. Milford Dupree at Mr. Garfield Sills Sunday.

Corn huskings are the order of the day—one at Mr. Merle Sills Tuesday night and one at Mr. Jas. Black's, Friday night.

The Misses Marguerite and Eileen Pringle at Mr. George Friskens on Sunday.

Mrs. Card, Moscow, is spending a few weeks at her son's, Mr. Miro Card.

Mr. and Mrs. Chas. Anderson took tea at Mr. W. B. Sills on Sunday.

Mr. and Mrs. Will Birrell visited Sunday at Mr. Chas. Vanalstine's.

Mr. and Mrs. Isaac Taylor took tea, Sunday at Mr. Nelson Russell's.

Mr. and Mrs. Archie Turnbull visited Sunday at her father's, Mr. Z. Dean's.

Mr. Geo. Dupree had the misfortune to fall out of an apple tree and sprain his foot.



NEW FALL SUIT

—AT—

\$15.00

New Serges, New Worsted Tweeds—Tailored in the Latest Style and guaranteed the Best Range \$15.00 Suits in Canada

THE GRAHAM CO'

Napanee, Ont.

MADILL'S

Seco

Last week's War on saving. This week the battle. Those who haven't broken up.

A

Ladies' and Misses' Fancy Roman S

Linens, Linings, Lad Fancy

Special for Saturday

Ladies' and Misses' buttons. Colors tan, taupe

Special for Saturday

good weight. Sold regular at 4

Sale Pri

The New Plaid Coatings

On Sale

MADILL

Special Sale of Furs

We have made a careful study of the wants and wishes of our trade, so we can satisfy every requirement.

FAIR PRICES--BEST WORK--FINE MATERIAL--CORRECT STYLES.

We are absolutely manufacturers, and all goods we sell are cut, made and finished in our own workrooms.

EXTRA SPECIALS

Men's Coon Coats

made from the finest quality coon skins. Best quality lining. Regular price \$75.00.

Sale Price \$57.50

Men's Russian Dog Coats

Regular price \$20.00.

Sale Price \$16.50

Men's Korean Beaver Coats

"The coat that wears." Regular price \$25.00.

Sale Price \$19.00

Men's Bulgarian Lamb Coats

Regular price \$35.00

Sale Price \$27.50

Ladies' Russian Poney Coats

50 in. long, finest quality best satin lining. Regular price \$60.00

Sale Price \$45.00

Ladies' Russian Marmot Coat

48 in. long, cut in the newest style. Made from the finest Russian Marmot. Regular price \$75.00

Sale Price \$59.00

Ladies' Muskrat Coats

50 in. or 52 in. long. Fine quality Canada Muskrat. Best Satin lining in all styles. Regular price \$65.00.

Sale Price \$45.00

REMODELING

The furs you bought--some former season--a little remodeling will bring them right-up-to-the-minute in style. Perhaps they need some slight repairs, too. Our work is guaranteed to satisfy, and the charges are very moderate. Bring your Furs in and let us quote you a price on the changes you want.

F. SIMMONS, Exclusive Furrier.

Fall Suits to Order

In all details made
to uphold the
Walters' reputation
for dependable
work.

Soiled Garments Cleaned
by our **French Dry**
Cleaning Process, the
modern sanitary
method.

JAMES WALTERS,

Merchant Tailoring, Napanee.

NDAY, OCTOBER 25th.
services at S. Mary Magdalene
church :
a. m.—Holy Communion.
10.30 a. m.—Morning Prayer.
p. m.—Evensong.
The Sunday School will attend the
evening service.
W. E. KIDD, M.A., Vicar.

STORICAL LECTURE.
The first lecture of the regular sea-
son of the Lennox and Addington
Historical Society will be given in
the Lennox Hall, Library Building, on
Friday evening, October 30th, at 8
o'clock. Prof. H. Michell of Queen's
University will deliver a lecture, illu-
strated by lantern slides on "The
River Rebellion (1869-70)". The
lecture is free and everyone will be
welcome.

LOWEYEN CONCERT.
A splendid concert will be given in
the Methodist S. S. room, on
Friday evening, Oct. 29th, under
the auspices of the Mission Circle.
In addition to excellent local talent,
Miss Alice Gibson, Mr. Feuter, Miss
Monachie and several from Bath
will take part. The last will render
a Duet and nursery rhymes. Light
refreshments will be served. Admis-
sion 15c, two for twenty-five cents.

GET IT AT
WALLACE'S



TRINITY METHODIST CHURCH

Rev. S. Sellery, M.A., B.D., Pastor.
9.45—Class Meeting.
10.30—The Lord's Prayer. Second
of the series.
11.45—Sunday School and Bible
Class.
7 p.m.—The great central truth of
Christianity in its bearing upon the
state of things in Europe and through-
out the world.
Young People's Association Monday
evening at 8 o'clock. The Missionary
Committee will have charge.
Wednesday, 7.45 p.m., the regular
prayer and praise service.
A new hymn suited to our Empire
during this time of war will be sung
at both services. A copy will be given
to each member of the congrega-
tion.
Come and welcome.

PERSONALS

Mrs. W. A. Daly and daughter,
Helen, spent last week in Toronto.
Messrs. Douglas Carter and Willet
Hubbs of Picton, spent part of Sunday
in town, the guest of Mrs. Alice
Gibson.
Mr. C. W. Glenn, Montreal, was
renewing old acquaintances at Fair-
view last week, and visited his sister,
Mrs. Jane Long. All glad to see him
looking so well.
Mrs. (Rev.) S. Sellery, spent over
Sunday in Kingston, the guest of Mr.
and Mrs. C. E. Taylor.
Mrs. B. B. Shibley, Wilton, spent
Saturday last in town.
Mrs. L. Perry, Camden East, spent
Saturday in town last week.
Mr. John Wilson, Strathcona, was
a welcome visitor at our office on
Wednesday.
Mrs. Frank Fournia, Dorland, Ont.,
has been in Picton at her daughter's,
Mrs. George E. Lowry, for the past
two weeks, undergoing an operation.
Mrs. Fournia is doing as well as can
be expected.

Messrs. F. J. Roblin, M. P. Graham
and Arthur Caton, spent a couple of
days this week fishing at Sans Souci
camp.
Miss McGreer, Montreal, is the guest
of Miss Annie Casey.
Miss Myrtle Knight is visiting
friends in Kingston.
Miss Stella Douglas returned from
Buffalo this week having completed
her course of training in the Buffalo
Hospital.

Mr. Paul Feuter, Cellist, of Switzer-
land, who has played to the delight of
the people of Napanee, will play in
Grace church, Sunday evening next.

Mr. and Mrs. Chester Brown have
returned home from visiting friends
in Moscow, Enterprise and Verona for
ten days.

The Rev. C. E. Cragg, of Grace
Church, is away on Sunday, preach-
ing on the Morven Circuit, in the
interests of Missions.

Dr. and Mrs. Leonard and the Misses
Leonard have returned from Winni-
peg.

Mrs. Barrett, Toronto, is visiting
friends in Napanee.

Miss Lucy Anderson has returned
after a three weeks' trip, attending
the County W.C.T.U. convention in
Trenton and the Provincial W.C.T.U.
convention in Toronto, after which
she remained and visited friends.

MARRIAGES.

WINTERS—LAKE—On the 17th inst.,
at the residence of the bride's father,
Messrs. W. C. D. and Mrs. N. B. W.

4,000 FRENCH BOYS SENT TO GERMANY

Paris, Oct. 17.—The French govern-
ment may request the good officers of
the United States to obtain the release
of some 4,000 lads, fifteen to seventeen
years of age, alleged to have been
made prisoners in order not to be in-
corporated among the next list of
French recruits. They were drawn
from the districts of Douai, Cambrai,
Caudry and Noyon.
They were ordered to present them-
selves by a certain day and warned
that any one endeavoring to evade the
order would be summarily shot.
When all were assembled they were
told off into sections and taken by
special trains into Germany.

GRETNA.

Mr. Jas. Sherman has taken over
600 bushels of tomatoes to the fac-
tory this year. Mr. Albert Sills has
also taken in a similar amount from
his patch. The frost has not yet killed
the tomato vines here.

A load from here attended the
County Sunday School Convention
held at Odessa last Thursday and re-
ported a good time and the addresses
excellent.

The painting, etc., at the church
here is not completed yet, so the re-
opening services will not be held be-
fore Oct. 25th.

Mr. Gilford Post has sold his place
here to Mr. Herb Sparks and is mov-
ing to Hay Bay with his family.

Mr. Charlie Sills and his friend, Mr.
Joe Nicholson, of Albert College,
spent the Thanksgiving holidays with
Mr. and Mrs. M. A. Sills.

Miss Kitty Perry, of Albert College
spent the holidays with her uncle,
Mr. Geo. W. Perry.

We are sorry to hear that Mrs. T.
Field, of Napanee, a former resident
of this place, had the misfortune to
fall down cellar on Monday night and
was quite severely hurt.

Mr. and Mrs. D. Davis, Mrs. H.
Garratt and children, of Napanee, and
Mr. and Mrs. Winfield Riley, of New
York, visited at Mr. C. Mellow's on
Sunday.

Miss Katie Gates spent Thanks-
giving with her parents here.

**Waterman's
Ideal
Fountain Pen**

For sale at Wallace's, Napanee's
Leading Drug Store.

THE HONOR ROLL.

Names added to former list of those
with first Canadian contingent.
JOHN LOTT, Tamworth.
SHANE, Newburgh.
C. SCHERMEHORN, Odessa.
JAS. DORLAND, Adolphustown.
CHAS. VANDERVOORT, Napanee.

The New Grocery and Meat Market

All New Fresh Groceries.

You can make no mistake, our
whole stock is entirely new.

Fresh Meats, Best Western Beef Veal, Lamb, Pork

Mrs. Pratt's Old Stand.

Scrimshaw & Mills

'Phone 215

T. SCRIMSHAW. F. MILLS.

4-11

Monuments !

All Kinds at MOST Reason-
able Prices at

The Napanee Marble & Granite Works

J. W. ASHTON, Prop.

Successor to M. Pizzariello.

Opposite Campbell House,
NAPANEE.

333m.

Children Cry FOR FLETCHER'S CASTORIA

THE NAPANEE DRUG CO'Y.

Saves You Money. Has it for Less.

The War has been raging 11 weeks, all other Druggists
have raised their prices.

The Napanee Drug Company have not raised their prices.
We are still selling at our old well known before the war
reduced rates.

Here is a Sample of what We do for You
on Drug Store Goods :

Buttermilk Soap, regular 25c a box..... Our price 17c a box



NEW FALL SUITS

—AT—
\$15.00

New Serges, New Worsteds, New
Suits—Tailored in the Latest Styles
I guarantee the Best Range of
Suits in Canada

THE GRAHAM CO'Y.,
Napanee, Ont.

Dr. and Mrs. Leonard and the Misses
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Mrs. Barrett, Toronto, is visiting
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she remained and visited friends.

MARRIAGES.

WINTERS—LAKE—On the 17th inst.,
at the residence of the bride's father,
Morven, by the Rev. Geo. Nickle, Mr.
Archie Winters, to Miss Pearl Lake,
both of Morven.

DEATHS.

RENDELL—At Adolphustown, on
Friday, Oct. 16th, 1914, Florence B.
Rendell.

WALKER—At Napanee, on Tuesday,
Oct. 20th, 1914, Ruby Walker, aged 7
years, 7 days.

LOCKWOOD—At Napanee, on Tues-
day, Oct. 20th, 1914, Mrs. Lockwood,
beloved wife of Mr. I. J. Lockwood,
aged 79 years, 7 months, 22 days.

PETERSON—At Bath, on Wednesday
Oct. 21st, 1914, Mary H. Peterson,
aged 79 years.

SEXSMITH—At Kingston on Satur-
day, Oct. 17th, 1914, Edward Sexsmith
of Richmond, aged 77 years, 4 days.

LOYST—At South Fredericksburgh,
on Saturday, Oct. 17th, 1914, Charlotte
Elizabeth Loyst, aged 66 years, 5 days.

Saves You Money. Has It For Less.

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have raised their prices.

The Napanee Drug Company have not raised their prices.
We are still selling at our old well known before the war
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**Here is a Sample of what We do for You
on Drug Store Goods:**

Buttermilk Soap, regular 25c a box.....	Our price 17c a box
Sageine, the Well Known Hair Color Restorer Regular 50c.....	Our price 27c
Ultramar Hair Tonic, guaranteed, regular 50c.....	Our price 27c
Baby's Own Soap, regular 25c a box.....	Our price 20c
Any Talcum in our store, regular 25c.....	Our price 19c
Any 25c Cough Syrup	Our price 19c
Hot Water Bottles, regular \$1.75.....	for 98c
No. 100 Tablets, regular 10c dozen	Our price 5c dozen
Gin Pills, 50c	Our price 34c

THE NAPANEE DRUG COMPANY,

The Store with the Yellow Front.

Harshaw Block.

Dundas St., East.

J. A. DEVLIN, M. D.,

J. R. SPEARMAN, Phc.,

MADILL'S ——— MADILL'S ——— MADILL'S

Second Week War on Price Sale

Last week's War on Price Sale was a decided success, hundreds of people taking advantage of the magnificent
ing. This week the bargains are just as big as ever, with a great many articles added to those already on the bargain
des. Those who haven't yet taken advantage of this War on Prices should do so now, before the difference lines are
oken up.

A Great List of War on Price Bargains

**Ladies' and Misses' Coats, Ladies' Kid Gloves, Ladies' All-Wool Cashmere Hose, Ladies'
Fancy Roman Stripe Silk Girdles, Lace Pillow Shams and Dresser Runners, Table
Linens, Linen Towelling, Flannelette Blankets 11 and 12-4, Coatings, Suit-
ings, Ladies' Winter Underwear, Cottons, Underskirts, Children's
Fancy Cloth Coatings, Men's Cardigan Jackets, Men's All-Wool
Socks, wrapperettes, Etc.**

Special for Saturday Only 8 a.m.—Ladies' and Misses' Coats, one of our newest and
best lines. On sale for the day only. Regular \$2.50 ... **Saturday \$9.98**

Ladies' and Misses' Curl Cloth Coats, made in the new Kimona style, finished with flare at bottom, and velvet
tons. Colors tan, taupe, and navy, also same line in tan velour. Regular price \$12.50. Saturday only \$9.98 each.

Special for Saturday 60 inch, half bleached, Table Linen, reg.
45c, for 33c yard. Nice pattern and extra
weight. Sold regular at 45c,

Sale Price 33c Yard.

New Plaid Coatings 56 inch wide, all wool, and extra
heavy weight. Regular \$5.50

On Sale \$1.89 Yard.

Ladies' Kid Gloves 1 dozen pair in lot, sizes 6, 6½, 6¾, and 7.
Regular \$1.00, now 50c pair.

Ladies' and Misses' Cashmere Hose 25c pair regular,
Color, black. Sizes, 8½, 9, 9½ and 10. Reg. 25c pair, now 18½c pair

Wrapperettes! Wrapperettes Fast colors. This is good
buying at this time of year.
Regular 10c to 12½c yard. Sale price 7½c yard.

MADILL'S

'PHONE 77.

NAPANEE